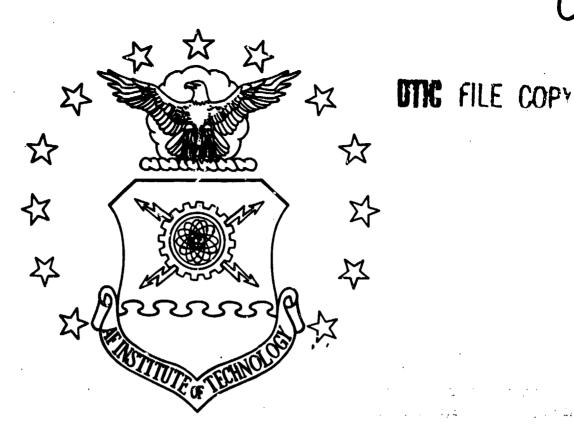
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INTERACTION OF A TWO-DIMENSIONAL BLUFF BOLY AND INCOMPRESSIBLE JET AND ANNULUS FLOWS

THESIS

Christopher A. Boedicker Captain, USAF

AFIT/GAE/AA/87D-2

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Approved for public release; distribution unlimited



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THESIS

Presented to the faculty of the School of Engineering
of the Air Force Institute of Technology
Air University
In Partial Fulfillment of the
Requirements for the Degree of
Master of Science in Aeronautical Engineering

Christopher A. Boedicker, B.S.
Captain, UF F

December 1987

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

Preface

The objective of this investigation was to try to better understand the interactions of jet and annulus flows in the presence of a bluff body. These interactions are important in combustors and injectors, and a greater understanding of flow interaction can be ultimately used to increase the efficiency and performance of these devices. This investigation, however, was conducted from a scientific viewpoint, not an engineering one.

A unique apparatus was used to determine the nature of interactions. A two-dimensional bluff the body a planar slot jet which exhausted into surrounded flow. moving stream, the annulus parallel, visualization provided qualitative insight into flowfield occurrences. Laser Doppler Anenometry was used to measure axial and transverse velocities for the two-dimensional configuration. Light scattering, Mie scattering, was used to determine the shedding frequency of the large vortex structures present in the flow. The results of these experiments were compiled, and a description of the jet and annulus interaction was developed. As in any problem in fluid mechanics, there will be some doubt concerning the ton For conditions and GRALI applicability of the description for geometries different than those tested. Further studies, mose



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As in any endeavor of this magnitude, there is a list of those to whom I owe at least the debt of gratitude. My faculty advisor, Lt James B. Planeaux, was very patient and helpful, and he kept steering me along the right path just as I would begin to veer. I would also like to thank Professors William C. Elrod and James E. Hitchcock for their assistance, especially with regard to the comments provided for this thesis. Dr W. Mel Roquemore, sponsor of the project, of the Aero Propulsion Lab provided invaluable assistance and lively discussions throughout the course of the investigation. The help of Mr Ron Britton, also from the Aero Propulsion Lab, is greatly appreciated. Ron's technical expertise and creative genius are only matched by his enthusiasm. It was also a pleasure to work with Professor Richard S. Tankin from Northwestern University during his short summer tour in the Aero Propulsion Lab. the test cell where the experiments were performed, four individuals from the University of Dayton Research Institute provided assistance which was indicative of their superb professionalism. Mr W. John Schmoll provided help in every aspect of the experimentation, and without his help the investigation would never have been completed on time. T.-H. Chen provided assistance in reducing and preparing the ray LDA data. Mr Darryl D. Trump handled all problems peculiar to the flow visualization set-up, and Mr James Heinrichs provided materiel support in the test cell. Assistance provided by Dr Roquemore and Ms Cindy Obringer in preparing this document is greatly appreciated. I would also like to thank my wife Kim for typing part of this manuscript. Finally, I must thank my wife Kim and son Stephen for their unerring patience. I know this has not been easy for you, but you must surely know that you are the ones to whom I devote my life.

Christopher A. Boedicker

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Notation

Symbo	oli	E								
Þ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Slot half width
f	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Frequency
r	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Radius
slpm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Standard liters per minute
u	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Axial velocity
v	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Transverse (radial) velocity
w	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Lateral velocity
×	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Lateral position
y	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Transverse position
Z	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Axial position
A	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Area
D	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Slot width
Q	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Volumetric flow rate
ŭ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Theoretical (1-D) exit velocity
Re	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Reynolds number
St	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	Strouhal number
ω	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Angular rotation rate
Subs	cr.	ip	<u>ts</u>							
a	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Annulus
ţ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Jet
max	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	Maximum
r	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Rotation
rms	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	•		Root-mean-square

Superscripts

••	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Instantaneous value
-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Overbar denotes mean quantity
Acron	נצו	ns								
LDA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Laser Doppler Anenometry
JFM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Journal of Fluid Mechanics
Chemical Compounds										
HCl	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Hydrochloric Acid
H ₂ 0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Water
TiCl	ı	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Titanium Tetrachloride
TiO,							•			Titanium Dioxide

ABSTRACT

A particular interaction of bluff body and jet flows was studied using a two-dimensional slot jet (aspect ratio = 50) surrounded by a two-dimensional bluff body. The co-flowing system used air in the annulus and nitrogen in the jet. Flow visualization identified flow patterns containing large vortex structures. With a fixed annulus velocity, drastic changes in the flow's structure were observed as jet velocities changed. Laser Doppler Amenometry measurements of instantaneous velocities were examined to characterize the flowfield details, and high speed movies provided qualitative insight into flow dynamics. The concept of jet and annulus "fields" is introduced. The "jet field" is the region above the bluff body that extends six or seven slot widths downstream, and the "annulus field" is the region above the jet field. The annulus flow dictates the flowfield dynamics in the annulus field up to jet-to-annulus velocity ratios of 1.45. The jet is responsible for the formation of the large-scale structures and dominates the flow in the jet field. Jet domination of the entire flowfield is seen at velocity ratios of 1.45 and above. Mie scattering was used to determine shedding frequencies of the large-scale structures; Strouhal number based on jet velocity and slot width was a constant 0.098.

I. Introduction

Many studies of wakes, plumes, and jets have been accomplished. With the recent attention given to coherent structures in turbulent flow, many studies have begun to focus on the deterministic character of the flow. It had been felt that turbulent flows could only be analyzed using statistical tools. Some people believe now, however, that the character of the flow is completely determined by occurrences in the near field, where the coherent structures exist (List, 1982; Laufer, 1981; Hussain, 1986). Hussain reports that coherent structures may be the tractable part of turbulence and may contain most of the essential physics of turbulence. Laufer says that the initial instability has a strong influence on subsequent jet development. In his review article, List tells us that there is now overwhelming evidence that the initial growth of turbulent jets is a direct result of large-scale motions generated at jet This emphasis has only recently shifted to the boundaries. region near the flow's point of initiation (near field). For turbulent flows, the near field of plane jets is considered to extend from the jet exit to z/D = 30 or 40, where z is the axial dimension and D the slit width. near field of axisymmetric jets is considered to end at approximately z/D = 8, where D is now the jet exit diameter.

Thousands of papers on turbulence have been written, but most of these efforts focused on the far field. Also,

nearly all work has been accomplished for geometries that are not complicated (i.e., jets, shear layers, bluff bodies, etc are studied, but combinations like a jet flowing into a moving stream are relatively rare). Studies that did investigate co-flowing systems showed that the parallel flow has a significant impact on the jet flow. Bradbury (1965) studied a turbulent plane jet exhausting into a slow-moving parallel flow and found self-similarity of the flow was achieved much further downstream when a parallel flow (even a very weak one) was used. Everitt and Robins (1978) have recently confirmed this result. Their experiments on a plane jet exhausting into a moving airstream proposed a concept of "strong" and "weak" jets. The weak jet is one whose velocity is small compared to the parallel flow and results in a slow development of the flow.

Some recent work on various combustor configurations has introduced unique geometries which may be used to better characterize the events in the near and far fields of jets and co-flowing systems. Roquemore et al (1986) studied an axisymmetric bluff body combustor, and Ballal and Chen (1986) and Tankin (1987) tested a two-dimensional slot jet surrounded by a bluff body (the configuration will be referred to as the 2-D centerbody, and it can be seen in Figure 3.1). This configuration represents the two-dimensional analogue of an afterburner's fuel ring (Ballal and Chen, 1986). The bluff body is used to provide

stability. The high aspect ratio jet exhausts into a moving airstream, referred to as the annulus flow. Flame stabilization is greatly enhanced by the fluid dynamic processes that occur in the near field. This configuration is indeed unique since it incorporates a jet, a bluff body, and a parallel annulus flow. Previous research on another configuration like this has not been identified. This set-up is also important in that it provides a geometry which simplifies advanced Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) models.

Ballal and Chen studied a jet flow and used CO₂ as the working fluid. Annulus velocity was only 10 percent of the jet velocity, and this ensured they had a jet flow. From the Laser Doppler Anenometry (LDA) data they obtained, which focused on the near field, they were able to provide a physical description of the flowfield development. Attempts to verify this description using flow visualization failed. Since CO₂ is negatively buoyant, the flow is highly unstable, and two-dimensional visualization of the flow did not provide any evidence of the large-scale structure they had predicted.

Tankin used the same configuration as Ballal and Chen to perform an extensive flow visualization study. Air was used in the annulus, while N_2 , He, and CO_2 were used separately in the jet. Wide ranges of annulus and jet flows were investigated. Tankin was also able to use a special

technique that used light scattering, Nie scattering, to determine the shedding frequencies of the large vortex structures evident in some of the flows.

As evidenced by Tankin's work, velocities low enough to avoid homogeneous turbulence produce large-scale vortex structures which persist far downstream of the jet's exit plane. These flow patterns closely resemble the patterns seen in the wake of a cylinder at low Reynolds number (a von Karman vortex street), and some of these patterns are shown in Figure 4.1. If the annulus velocity is fixed, central jet velocity increments result in flow pattern changes, some of which are quite remarkable. These changes, called bifurcations, are the result of interactions between the jet and annulus flows and the bluff body.

To understand the occurrences in the flow regime under investigation, flow visualization, LDA measurements, and frequency information from light scattering would be needed. Flow conditions at and around the bifurcation points had to be investigated quantitatively as well as qualitatively. Extensive LDA measurements could provide important statistical quantities the would help characterize the details of the flowfield. As mentioned earlier. Ballal and Chen (1986) used the distribution of turbulent quantities in the near field of the slot jet/bluff body flow to devise a physical description of the flow development. Knowing the flow structure in the present investigation, one could use

the statistical quantities to better characterize the flow which is depicted so well in the visualizations.

Plow visualization, to include high speed movies, would be done not in one plane but in all three planes of the jet. Sheet lighting the y-z (vertical) plane (spatial coordinates are shown in Figure 3.8) shows the large-scale structures in the flowfield. Lighting the x-z (lateral) plane would provide a qualitative estimate of the three-dimensionality of the flow, as would lighting the x-y (horizontal) plane. Looking at the horizontal plane might also show how instabilities in the third dimension interact to cause or assist in the observed transitions. Along these lines, Ghoniem et al (1987)used three-dimensional vortex simulation to model the shear layer for an axisymmetric jet. They found that the vortex rings formed in the near field became unstable (wavy) to a certain azimuthal perturbation, and this caused the eventual breakdown of the vortex ring. The azimuthal plane for axisymmetric jets corresponds to the horizontal plane of a planar jet. Disturbances in the horizontal plane might indicate the onset of an instability that leads to the bifurcations.

Mie scattering might provide information on the shedding frequencies of the large-scale structures which may provide important clues about how this configuration compares with other configurations in terms of a parameter like Strouhal number. This comparison might also help

explain the flow dynamics and the important factors in jet development since analyses on the simpler configurations are so abundant. If valid analogies can be made for the range of jet velocities investigated, one or several pictures of how the annulus and jet flows interact when in the presence of the bluff body might emerge. The Strouhal number for a planar jet is given by

$$st = \frac{f}{v_j}$$
 (1.1)

where f is frequency, D is the slot width, and U_{ij} is the jet exit velocity. This is a very important parameter for categorizing a flow with frequency content. Sato (1960) tested a plane jet and observed that Strouhal number was independent of Reynolds number (Re) for low Re (1500-8000). and Wilson (1970) two-dimensional and used axisymmetric jets with Re from 500 to 3000 and also showed that Strouhal numbers were independent of Re. If Reynolds numbers are high enough, however, Strouhal numbers for plane jets (Sato, 1960) and axisymmetric jets (Becker and Massaro, Vary as the square root of Reynolds number. These results have been verified by many other investigators. Reynolds numbers for the present experiment (based on slot width and theoretical (1-D) jet exit velocity) range from 35 to 105. Although these are quite low, one cannot be sure of what to expect since the consequences of interactions between the jet and annulus flows are unknown.

objectives of this investigation are The characterise the interactions of jet and annulus flows in the presence of a bluff body. With these objectives, a set of experiments was devised to analyze the flow pattern changes and attempt to define flow dynamics for this two-dimensional slot jet/bluff body configuration. For the present investigation, air was used in the annulus. Nitrogen was chosen for the jet so buoyancy would be negligible. With a fixed annular velocity, jet velocity increments that produced the expected bifurcations were determined using a laser sheet lighting technique. Six jet velocities, with a fixed annulus velocity, were chosen for investigation. These six conditions included jet velocities prior to, at, and beyond the observed bifurcation points. Flow visualization in two other planes of the jet would then be used to assess the three-dimensionality of the jet. Laser anenometry would provide important statistical information about the flowfields. Nie scattering could be used to identify the frequencies at which the large structures are shed. This information would be compiled in order to provide a detailed picture of the flowfield and its dynamics. With this plan of attack, then, the complete character of the slot jet/annulus flow interaction might be better understood.

Even with this extensive test plan that includes some sophisticated techniques, several cautions should be noted.

Analyses of LDA measurements of instantaneous velocity provide various statistical descriptions of flow parameters (e.g., mean and root mean square velocities, Reynolds stresses, turbulent kinetic energy, who). Some of these quantities will have an entirely different interpretation for a non-turbulent flow, and some may have no meaning at all. Also important is the fact that there are two velocity scales and two, possibly three, length scales for this configuration. The jet and annulus velocities important, and one might imagine that the full width of the bluff body and slot, the width of the bluff body on only one side of the slot, and the slot width could all be important length scales. This fact may make the search for meaningful non-dimensional parameters, like Stroubal and Reynolds numbers, more difficult. This certainly does not rule out their use, but these peculiarities are important and must not be ignored.

In order to best describe the investigation, the structure of this thesis will be as follows. First, due to the unique nature of some of the experimental techniques, one chapter will be devoted to explaining the techniques and their unefulness. The next chapter will be used to describe in detail the experimental apparatus. Chapter IV will present the background information that motivated the present investigation; a summary and discussion of previous results obtained using the 2-D centerbody is given.

chapter V is a short section describing the flow conditions chosen for investigation and the procedures used in the exportments. Results of all work will be presented in Chapter VI, as will the discussion of these results. The conclusions and recommendations will complete the thesis.

II. Description of Experimental Techniques

The unique nature of some of the experimental techniques used in this study demands that a thorough explanation be given. Flow visualisation which relies upon a chemical reaction to produce submicron particles, a light scattering technique to determine important shedding frequencies, and Laser Doppler Anenometry (LDA) to determine mean and fluctuating velocity components were used in the present investigation.

The flow visualization technique has been described elsewhere in detail (Chen and Roquemore, 1986). In this section, the details of the technique applicable to the investigation will be given. Titanium tetrachloride ($\operatorname{TiCl}_{4(g)}$) is added to a dry flow, such as the one shown in Figure 2.1. As the mixture exhausts into the ambient air, the TiCl_4 reacts spontaneously and nearly instantaneously with water vapor $(\operatorname{H}_2\operatorname{O}_{(g)})$ to form $\operatorname{TiO}_{2(g)}$, submicron particles which create a light, white smoke. The chemical reaction is

$$Ticl_{A} + 2H_{2}O \rightleftharpoons 4Hcl + TiO_{2}$$
 (2.1)

Particles formed by this reaction can then be illuminated by various light sources (laser, strobe, etc) to provide precise visualization. This technique relies on having a dry fluid in the flow channel so preformed seed will not be

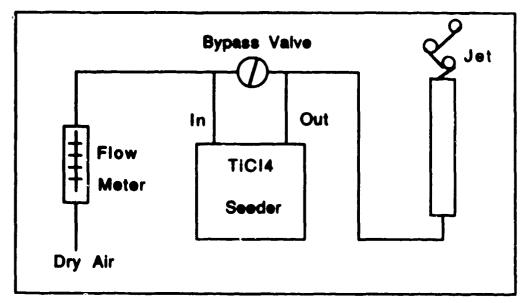


Figure 2.1 Flow Visualization Test Set-Up

created. The dew point temperature of the fluid should be checked, and the value should be below -40° C (Britton, 1987). It should also be noted that the TiO_2 particles are near one micron in size and respond nearly instantaneously to flow variations. The reaction given in Eq. (2.1) occurs under nearly isothermal conditions, so relatively little energy is lost or gained by the flow. If flow rates are very low, however, this last statement is invalid. This point will be discussed in greater detail later.

Flow patterns revealed by this technique can be quite interesting. For example, Figure 2.2 shows some of the flow patterns from Tankin's work (1987). Illumination with a sheet of laser light allows one to photograph the flow. The important feature of the reactive flow visualization technique is that surfaces which have clear physical

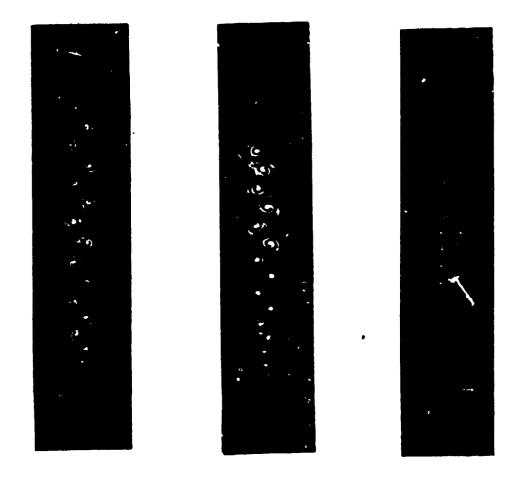


Figure 2.2 Reactive Flow Visualization Examples From Tankin (1987)

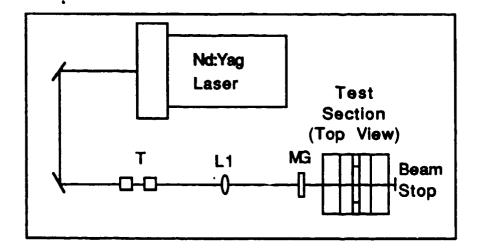


Figure 2.3 Optical Arrangement for Flow Visualization

significance are illuminated. Particles appear only at those places where the main flow has contacted ambient fluid. The lines seen in the visualization, then, indicate the interfaces between jet and ambient fluids.

The optical arrangement is shown in Figure 2.3. A Nd: Yag laser (Quanta Ray Model DCR-2A) serves as the light source for the visualization. For photographs, such as the one shown in Figure 2.2, the camera shutter is synchronized with a 10 ns pulse from the laser. The pulse acts like a flash for the camera. Photographs can also be taken using time exposures of flow fields "frozen" by adjusting the pulse rate of the laser. The sheet of light needed to visualize the plane perpendicular to the slot jet is created by passing the laser output beam through a telescope (T), a cylindrical lens (L1), and a magnifying glass (MG). magnifying glass is used to narrow the beam into a thin sheet. A mirror can be used to reflect the light sheet back itself, thereby increasing beam intensity. visualize the plane parallel to that of the jet's exit plane, one merely has to rotate the cylindrical lens 90 degrees.

Effects of the seed particles on density and density gradients had been assumed negligible (Roquemore, 1987), but this had never been verified. A model, described in detail in Appendix A, was developed and verified the assumption that the concentration of TiCl_A was small, thus ensuring

this form of reactive flow visualization non-intrusive (i.e., does not alter the flow field that would develop under "natural" circumstances). It should be noted here that seeding effects are not negligible if the flow velocities are extremely small (< 5 cm/s). Changes in ratterns have flow been observed when high seeding concentrations (i.e., no flow is being bypassed around the TiCl, seeder) are used in combination with the lowest velocities. Seed concentrations are greatest when flow rates are lowest, and the heat of reaction and density gradient effects are the largest since there is greater time over which the effects are felt. In these instances, natural convection cannot be ignored. For this investigation, velocities greater than 18.5 cm/s were chosen. Also, seed concentrations were minimized by setting the valves on the seeder so that as little flow as possible went to the seeier. These two facts quaranteed that no pronounced effects would be seen for the chosen conditions.

A special type of light scattering, Mie scattering, can be used to determine important shedding frequencies. Large scale structures, often known as coherent structures, are seen in the near field of jet flows and are shed at various frequencies; this method helps determine these frequencies. A typical test arrangement is shown in Figure 2.4. The reactive flow visualization technique just described supports the scattering analysis by providing the particles

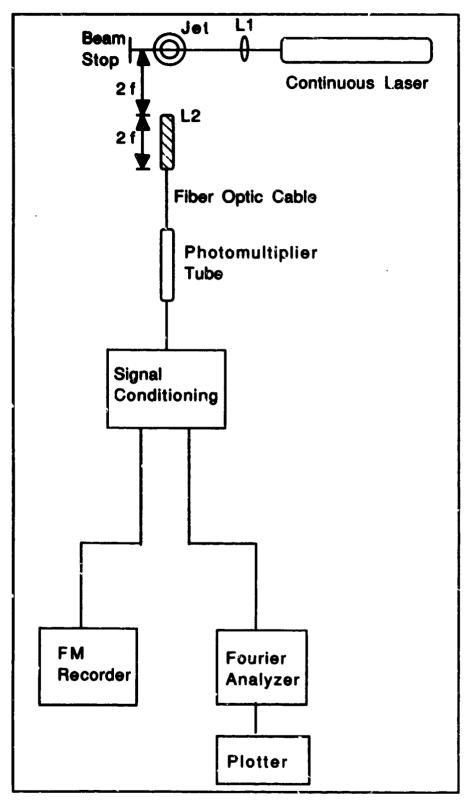


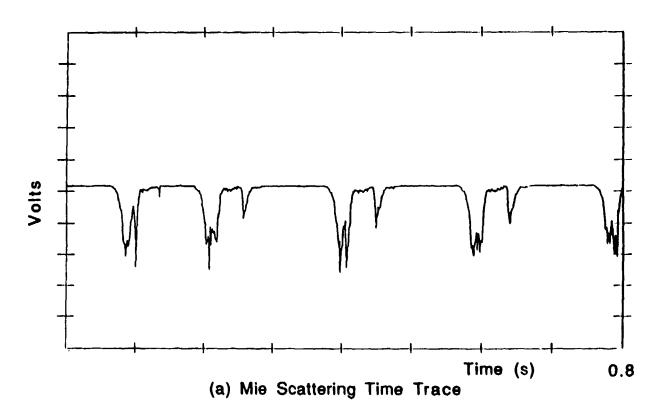
Figure 2.4 Mie Scattering Test Set-Up

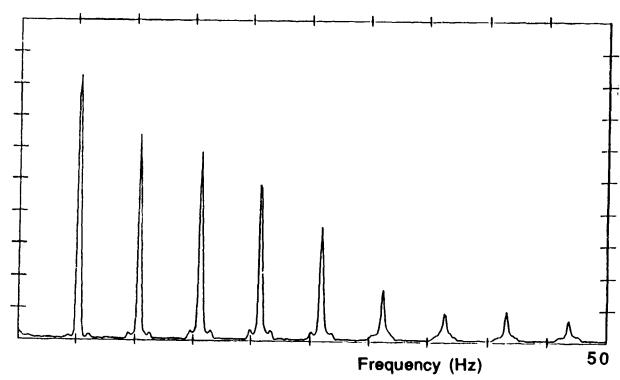
required to scatter the laser light. The intersection of the laser beam and an imaginary circle (one whose diameter is that of the fiber optic cable) is located 4 focal lengths from the end of the optic cable. This intersection creates a small spot which will be called the measurement spot. This spot must be located somewhere inside the flowfield (i.e., at a location through which TiO, particles will pass). As the TiO, particles pass the measurement spot, the laser light is scattered. This light is then transmitted to a photomultiplier via the fiber optic cable. The signal from the photomultiplier is then amplified and sent to either a Fast Fourier Transform analyzer or a tape recorder, or both. The tape recorder allows analysis of the signals at a later time. The resulting analog signal can be analyzed for its frequency content. A similar method for determining shedding frequencies of an axisymmetric jet was used by Becker and Massaro (1968). The method, explained by Becker et al (1967) used an oil condensation smoke to mark the flow. Their scattered-light technique used a photocell and appropriate optics to generate a signal that was proportional to the instantaneous point concentration of the marking smoke. Spectral analysis provided the shedding frequency.

The measurement spot can be located at various downstream and transverse positions, so one could determine

the frequencies at any location in the flowfield where particles pass. A sample time trace and its corresponding frequency spectrum are shown in Figure 2.5. As evidenced by the time trace, there is only one meaningful frequency, 5 Hz. The large peaks are separated by approximately 0.2 s, as are the smaller peaks, and this yields the frequency of 5 Hz. The frequency spectrum contains higher harmonics only as a result of the Fourier transform. The time trace shown in Figure 2.5(a) resembles a square we s, and Fourier transforms of finite square waves contain harmonic frequency components which are the result of attempting to match the abrupt changes at the leading and trailing edges of the square wave (Malmstadt et al, 1981). Validation of the Mie scattering method as an effective means of determining shedding frequencies had not been previously accomplished. Appendix B contains the details of a set of experiments designed to validate the Mie scattering technique. important factor to remember when analyzing Mie scattering information is that interpretation of the results requires the analog signal (time trace), frequency spectrum, and a flow visualization photograph. These three pieces of information are all required to provide a complete picture of what is occurring; lack of one or more pieces of this information often leads to unwanted guess-work.

Laser Doppler Anenometry (LDA) was used to determine wean and fluctuating components of velocity. The laser





(b) Frequency Spectrum of Signal in (a) Figure 2.5 Mie Scattering Results

amenometer is a non-intrusive device which can provide precise quantitative measurement of velocity. Measurement is based on the principle of the Doppler shift of the frequency of radiation when scattered from a moving object. Small particles must be distributed in the flow to scatter the light. If the particles are sufficiently small, the slip velocity between the particle and the fluid will be small, and the measurement is a valid measure of the fluid velocity. Optical arrangements vary considerably based on specific requirements; for example, see Holman (1984). The arrangement used in the present investigation will be described in the following chapter.

III. Experimental Apparatus

The unique test configuration used in the present investigation is shown in Figures 3.1 and 3.2. A slot (3 mm x 150 mm, aspect ratio = 50) is surrounded by a bluff body (width of the bluff body is 6 mm on either side of the slot). The plexiglass centerbody, shown in greater detail in Figure 3.2, is housed in a large chimney section which ends in a 24 cm square section. Annulus flows are brought around the outside of the centerbody through the chimney. Two contraction sections are used to minimize boundary layer effects in the annulus; contraction ratio is 2.68. A square plexiglass section sits atop the chimney to minimize outside disturbances.

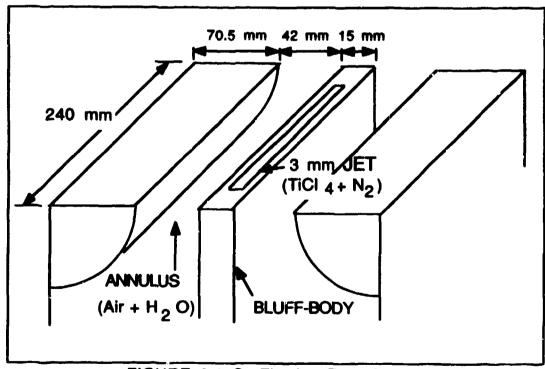


FIGURE 3.1 Co-Flowing Test Arrangement

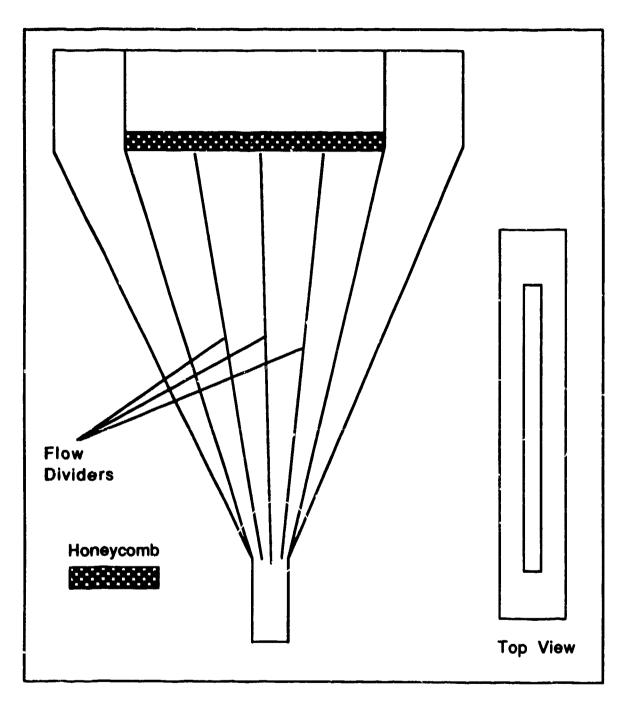


Figure 3.2 Two-Dimensional Centerbody

Call 153 in Building 490 of the Aero Propulsion Laboratory houses the facility where all experiments were performed. A layout of the cell is given in Figure 3.3. Air was used in the annulus and nitrogen was used in the slot. The effect of buoyancy will be negligible with this choice (various gases could be used in the central jet to study buoyancy effects, and the facility can handle combusting flows; however, natural convection effects were not studied). Air could not be used in the central jet since facility air could not be dried adequately for use with the flow visualization and LDA seeding. If the fluid is too moist and one uses the TiCl, for flow visualization, seed particles are preformed. This hirders visualization of the flow structures. In addition, deposits may form on the centerbody and annulus surfaces and causes the system to be shut down quite often for cleaning. This would add an additional uncertainty in the results since the deposit's effects are unknown.

The flow visualization arrangement is shown in Figure 3.4. The optical system for visualization was described in Chapter II. The annulus air is saturated with water vapor to ensure the air is humid enough for complete reaction of the TiCl_4 . Three Technology Incorporated electronic flow control units (Model DMF) are used to set and regulate the required volumetric flow rates to within \pm 1 percent.

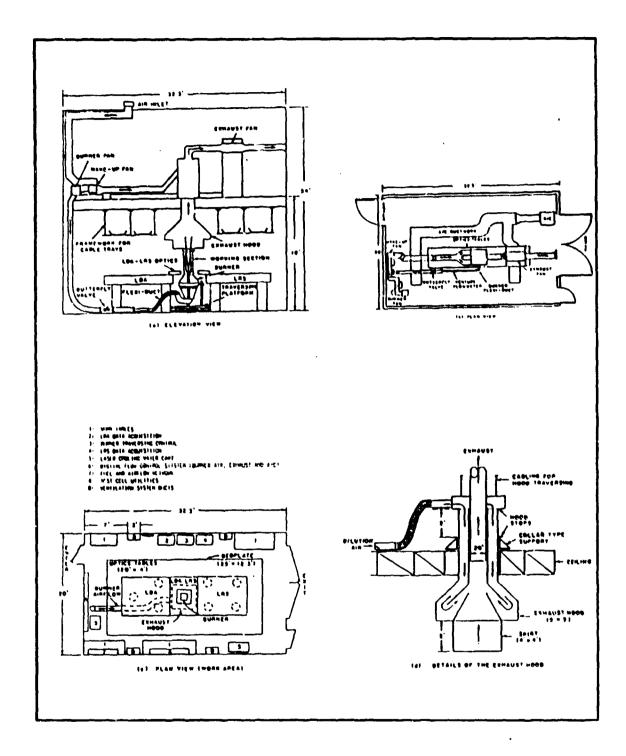


Figure 3.3 Laboratory Test Facility Layout

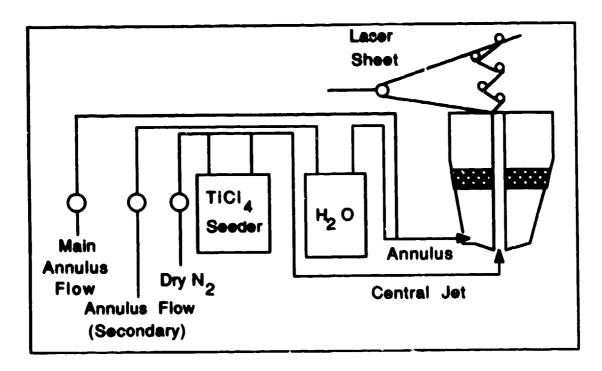


Figure 3.4 Flow Visualization Test Arrangement

The optical arrangement for the LDA is shown in Figure 3.5. This arrangement has been described in detail by Ballal et al (1986). This LDA is able to provide simultaneous measurement of two velocity components. An 8 Watt Argon ion laser (514.5 nm) is the source for the LDA system. Two measurement channels are separated by polarization. The scattered laser radiation is collected 10 degrees off-axis since other systems on the optics table prohibit using 0 degrees. The off-axis configuration did not affect results (Ballal et al, 1986).

The data acquisition and processing system is shown in Figure 3.6. The counter-processors analyze the signals

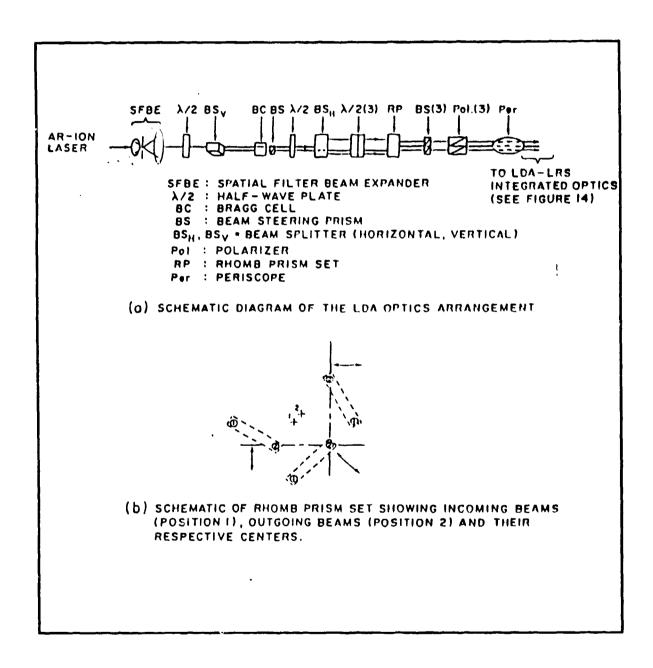


Figure 3.5 Two-Component LDA System (Optics)

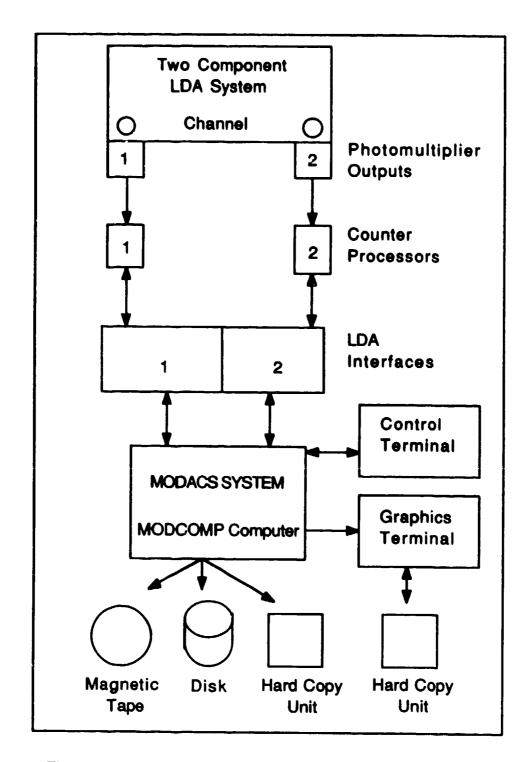


Figure 3.6 Data Acquisition and Processing System

provided by each photodetector (one for each of the two Doppler signal from the channels) of the LDA. The photodetector is amplified, filtered, and then converted digital processing by pulse for counter-processors. These units process only those signals that have exceeded some threshold, thus ensuring good signal quality. The processor requires 32 cycles in an LDA burst burst occurs when a particle passes through the measurement volume). The Bragg cell shown in Figure 3.5 helps meet this criterion. The cell operates at 40 MHz, thus shifting the zero velocity signal to 40 MHz. Doppler signal lies on one side or the other of this frequency, depending on the scatterer's direction. shift also increases the number of cycles available for analysis. For example, 5 m/s velocities would yield Doppler bursts with a maximum of 10 μ s. A typical burst would be 3 μ s; at 40 MHz, 120 cycles would be provided for analysis. This set-up provides poor resolution for low speed flows (<1 m/s), so a phase-locked down-mixer electronically shifts the signal from 40 MHz to 5 MHz or 10 (user selectable). At 10 MHz, velocity resolutions of 1.1 cm/s vertically and 1.4 cm/s horizontally are obtained.

The processed signals are then sent to the LDA interfaces which record arrival time and the number of cycles in the burst. The counter-processor and clock data are sent to a mini-computer where, when 4096 data points at

a specific location have been recorded, a preliminary analysis is done which provides estimates of mean velocity and the root mean square (rms) of the fluctuating velocities. Data are then saved on magnetic tape, and the system moves to the next point and begins to take data again. This process is all computer-controlled.

The chimney and centerbody are located on a traversing table which is shown in Figure 3.7. Vertical traverse of 2 feet and horizontal traverses of 9 inches (both ways) are possible. By moving the burner and not the optics, complexity of the optics is minimized and repeated realignments and inaccuracies are avoided. The traverse mechanism controls position within \pm 10 μ m. The spatial coordinate system is shown in Figure 3.8, corresponding coordinates for velocity are given in Figure 3.9. These systems should be noted well. Also, the terms transverse and radial will be used interchangeably. notational inconvenience may arise at a later time, but all attempts will be made to ensure clarity in data presentation and discussions.

The seeding used for the LDA deserves special attention. Seeders must produce a steady flux of micron or submicron size particles and must be controllable. Adequate and steady seeding of proper size particles ensures good signal quality and accurate velocity measurement. High seeding rates must be avoided since multiple particles will

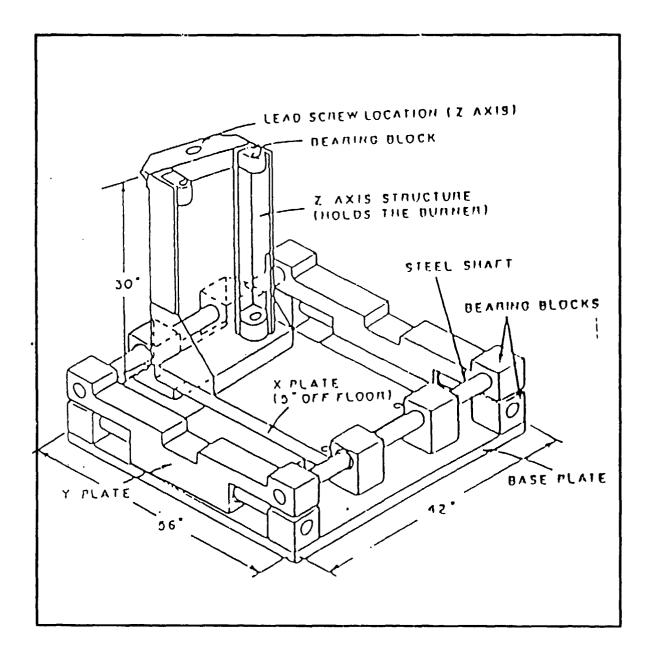


Figure 3.7 Three-Axis Burner Traversing Platform

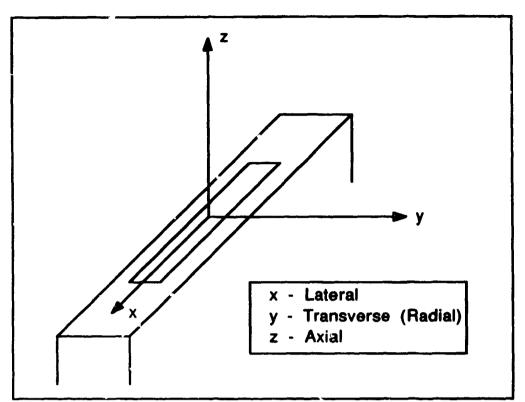


Figure 3.8 Spatial Coordinate System

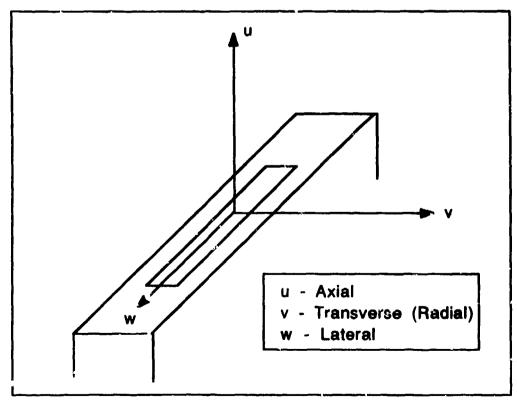


Figure 3.9 Velocity Coordinate System 30

scatter radiation in different fashions and yield unusable results. Low seeding rates result in data acquisition which is very slow, so time to acquire the desired information can become very large. Spectral information is also often important in analyses, and low seeding gives data rates inadequate to get frequency or power spectra. These problems are amplified when low velocity flows are under study.

The test arrangement used for LDA measurements is shown in Figure 3.10. The high output fluidized bed seeder was used for the annulus flow and provided consistent seeding. The major drawback of many fluidized bed seeders is their inability to obtain the desired particle generation rate.

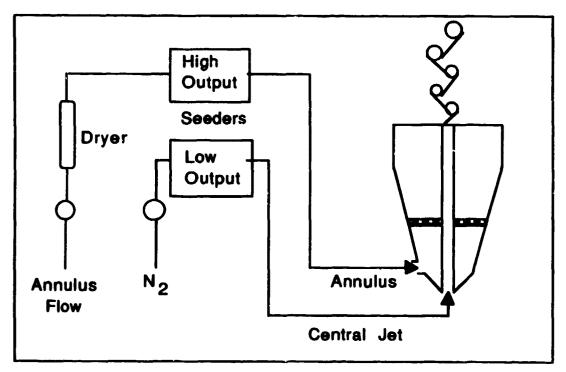


Figure 3.10 LDA Flow System Arrangement

This experiment was done at a constant annular velocity, after the initial setting, there were no more adjustments and the problem was avoided. The low output seeder used for the central jet was a significant problem for the LDA measurements. Very low volumetric rates (~ 5-15 slpm) made it nearly impossible to get adequate seeding rates. At first, the pipe shown in Figure 3.11 was used. Some of the jet flow could be bypassed around the seeder if necessary. Frequent clogging of the screens soon prohibited its use. A cyclone-type seeder was then created by Mr Ron Britton of the Aero Propulsion Laboratory. This device, Figure 3.12, uses a motor to stir a bed of Al₂0₂ particles. Air is brought in the seeder so a cyclone is created which will take with it the aluminum oxide particles. Flow could also be bypassed around the seeder to whatever degree This configuration worked extremely well and provided excellent seeding over the range of flows investigated.

When data have been collected, various computer programs are available to analyze the data. These programs have been developed by personnel from the University of Dayton Research Institute (UDRI). The user has great flexibility since all the programs are menu driven. Various averaging schemes and/or data smoothing can be used, and statistical descriptions of the data such as mean velocity, root mean square (rms) of the fluctuating velocity,

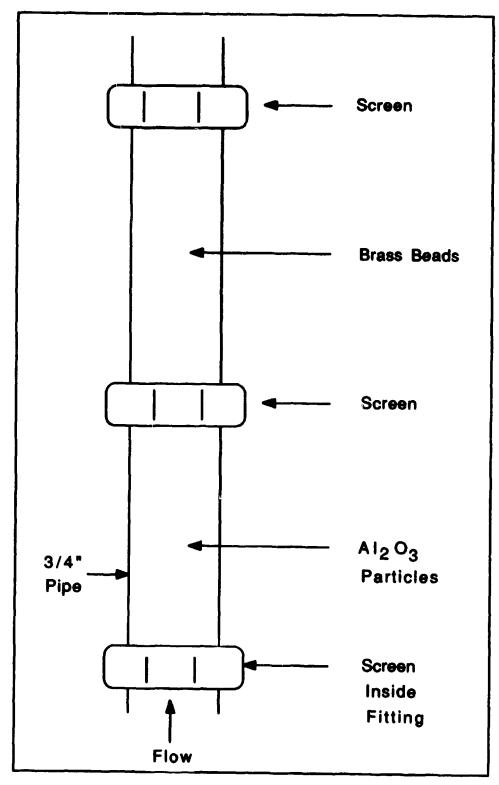


Figure 3.11 Low Output Tube Seeder

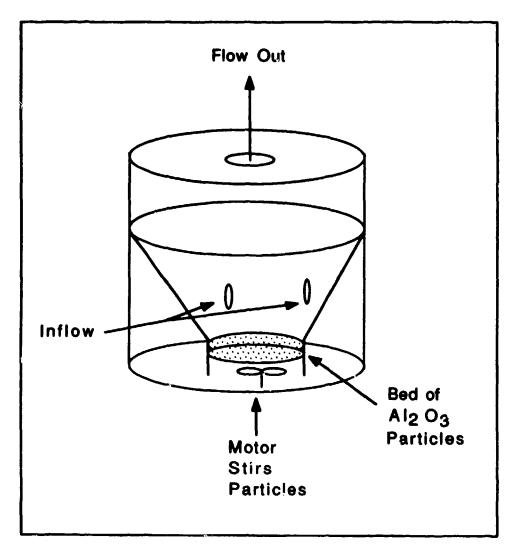


Figure 3.12 Low Output Cyclone Seeder

covariance, turbulent kinetic energy, skewness, kurtosis, probability density functions, and spectral information can be obtained. Techniques for data analysis and presentation who be described as appropriate throughout the remainder of this text.

IV. Preliminary Investigations

Motivation for the present investigation came from the work of Tankin (1987). The centerbody previously described was used in Tankin's work, and the primary emphasis was on flow visualization. Only a small portion of quantitative data was taken. Various annulus velocities were run, and jet gases of He, N2, and CO2 were run over a broad range of velocities. A typical sequence of photographs is shown in Figure 4.1. These photographs show N₂ in the central jet. After the annulus velocity is set at its prescribed value, the jet flow is increased from its minimum value until all jet flows have been run. Jet to annulus velocity ratios typically varied from 0.25 up to 5.0 or greater to ensure wide coverage of flow conditions. Photographs were taken at each condition using the laser sheet lighting technique described in Chapter II. Theoretical (1-D) exit velocities for the jet and annulus, those calculated using

$$U = -\frac{Q}{A} \tag{4.1}$$

where Q is volumetric flow rate and A is area, will be denoted by $\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{i}}$ and $\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{a}}$, respectively.

Several key features of the flow visualization technique should be pointed out here. As discussed in Chapter II, the areas where the TiO₂ particles appear mark the boundaries between jet and annulus fluid. Several

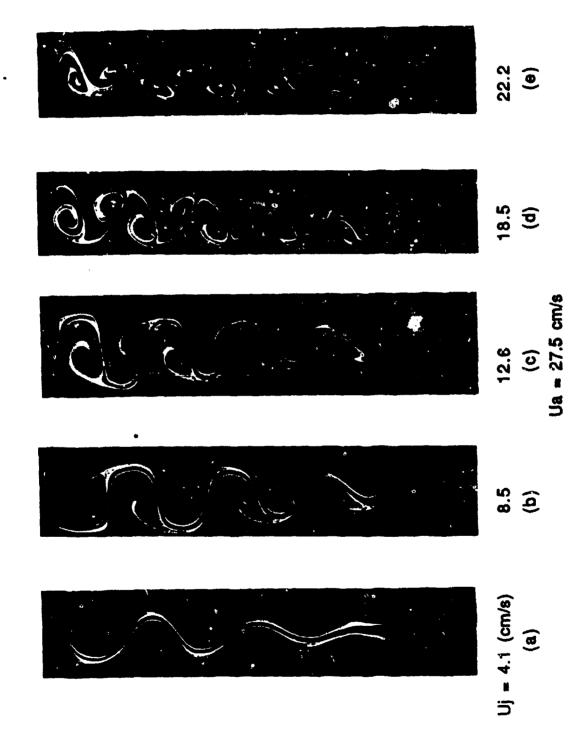
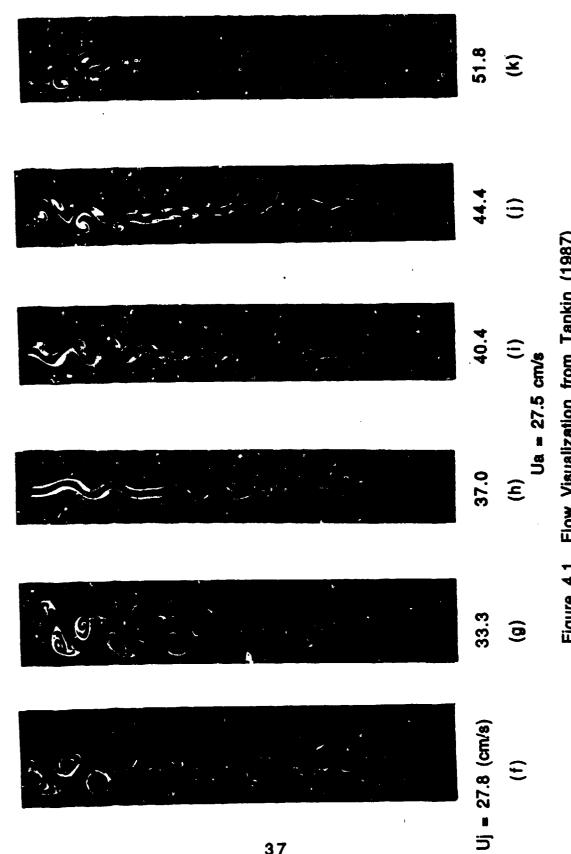


Figure 4.1 Flow Visualization from Tankin (1987)



(

Flow Visualization from Tankin (1987)

Figure 4.1

37

important terms will be used when analyzing the flow visualization photographs, and these are provided in Figure 4.2. One can clearly see that vortex orientation is "down" for $U_j > 37.0$ cm/s, while it is "up" for $U_j < 37.0$ cm/s. The "trunk" varies considerably for the eleven cases. When $U_j = 37.0$ cm/s, a trunk does not even exist, only interface lines. Familiarity with these terms will be important in later analyses of photographs.

The large scale structures in Figure 4.1 are quite interesting. More intriguing, however, are the drastic flow pattern changes which are seen. The cases where $U_j=22.2\,$ cm/s and $U_j=37.0\,$ cm/s are particularly interesting. At $U_j=22.0\,$ cm/s, the trunk has become quite large, and there appears to be a stagnation point located at the base of the trunk (this apparent stagnation was identified when viewing the high speed movies). At $U_j=37.0\,$ cm/s, almost parallel interface lines are produced. Small perturbations (ones that are obviously not amplified) prevent the lines from being perfectly straight.

The two flow patterns just discussed are very sensitive to changes in jet velocity. The patterns can change drastically with only a small change in jet velocity. Once the pattern is established, however, it is very stable. The pattern can be perfectly frozen using the variable pulse rate of the laser or a variable frequency strobe. The laser provides a thin, two-dimensional sheet of light, while the

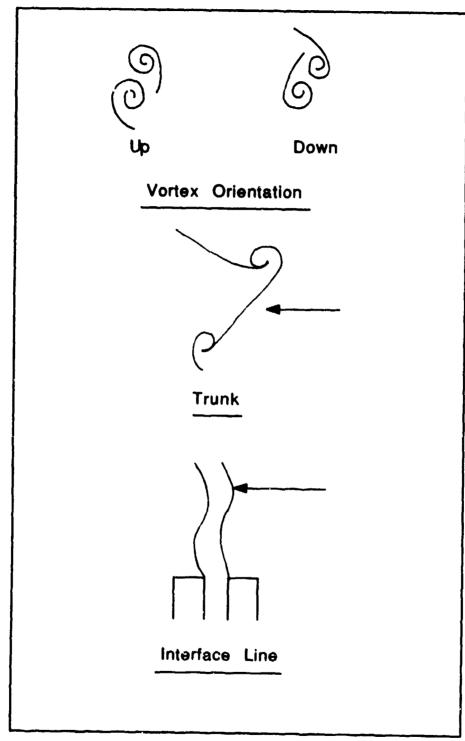


Figure 4.2 Flow Visualization Terminology

strobe can be used to illuminate the flow from a broad perspective. These strong points can be used in combination to provide a detailed picture of the flow in all dimensions. The pulse rate of the laser can be selected in a small range of frequencies (these vary depending on the desired pulse strength which is in Joules per pulse) which are very close to the frequencies at which the observed structures are frequency of the strohe could be varied from 1.67 to 416.67 Hz. Varying the source's pulse rate results in structures which appear to be going forward or backward or be exactly frozen. The apparent velocity of the structures depends on the difference between the source and shedding frequencies. If shedding is very repetitive, the flow can be perfectly frozen by proper selection of the light source frequency. The ability to freeze a certain pattern, then, suggests a particular stability of the flow.

The other flow patterns of Figure 4.1 change as flow velocities change, but the basic patterns remain the same. For example, the cases where U_{i} = 27.8 and 33.3 cm/s show which not identical, but patterns are certainly qualitatively similar. Using the terminology of Perry and patterns are considered topologically (1987), equivalent if they can be distorted into one another by a stretching process. If we picture each pattern on a rubber sheet, then the first four patterns could be created by arbitrarily stretching the first pattern. The fifth pattern, however, could not be created by stretching of any of the other patterns. This drastic flow pattern change, a bifurcation, is indicative of a structurally unstable critical point (Perry and Chong, 1987). Another bifurcation seems to have occurred when $U_{ij} = 37$ cm/s. It was also noted by Perry and Chong (1987) that near a structurally unstable point, a slight change in one of the relevant parameters could cause a spectacular change in the way a jet or wake distributes and transports (transfers) its mass, momentum, and energy. Although the work of Perry et al has not focused on configurations like the one under investigation, it was felt that the physics of the flows might be similar enough to provide at least some insight into flowfield dynamics. Interpretation in terms of bifurcations may help in understanding the interaction of the bluff body and jet flows. Unfortunately, no quantitative analyses could be done since they are extremely complex.

Having established the motivation for the present experiment, flow conditions and experimental procedure had to be specified. Since flow visualization, LDA, and Mie scattering would be used, conditions had to be chosen judiciously because of time constraints. These factors and the experimental procedures are discussed in the next chapter.

V. Test Conditions and Experimental Procedure

To accomplish the objectives stated in Chapter I, a test plan was selected that would provide adequate characterization of the flowfield interactions. The limiting factor in choosing the number of cases to investigate was the LDA measurements. Because of low seeding rates, a test plan had to be created that would be coarse enough to ensure deadlines were met but fine enough to guarantee adequate coverage of the flow. Six conditions were chosen for investigation and are given in Table I. These captured both bifurcation points as well as conditions before and after these points.

TABLE I Flow Conditions

Condition	Ua(cm/s)	Uj(cm/s)	(Q _a /Q _j) slpm
1	27.5	18.5	(330/5)
2	27.5 27.5	22.2	(330/6)
4	27.5	27.8 33.3	(330/7.5) (330/9)
5	27.5	37.0	(330/10)
6	27.5	51.8	(330/14)

It was decided to repeat six of Professor Tankin's conditions, partly because of the familiarity with his work. Different annular velocities were tried in preliminary visualization studies, but jet flow variations led to the same sequence of patterns observed earlier. A given pattern, however, would not repeat itself at a specified

velocity ratio U_j/U_a for different values of U_a . This behavior was caused by the turbulence intensity in the annulus. The turbulence intensity for the annulus was directly proportional to the volumetric flow rate. Therefore, even though the patterns were highly repeatable, they were also very susceptible to variations in annulus turbulence levels. For the 2-D centerbody configuration, complete break-up of structures was seen at approximately Q_a = 500 slpm (the annulus had become "fully turbulent" at this point). Although one would like as high a velocity as possible to ensure good data rates for the LDA, it was decided to avoid high volumetric flow rates in the annulus. Professor Tankin's conditions offered good middle ground.

Another factor may contribute to the discrepancy that a specific velocity ratio does not produce the same flow pattern when U_a is changed. For a fixed U_j/U_a , U_j must change when U_a is changed. At low velocities, one might expect a parabolic jet exit profile, while high jet velocities should tend toward a top-hat profile. Therefore, it may be important to look at exit mean velocity profiles in order to ascertain the correct exit velocity.

The repeatability of the sequence of flow patterns has been mentioned several times and deserves a short comment here. The qualitative evolution of these patterns at different annular velocities is nearly identical. Quantitative results will differ, but the test conditions

are representative of a general evolution of the flow. Studying one set of conditions instead of another, then, should not lead to different characterizations of the flowfield dynamics — an encouraging result. It should also be noted here that the repeatability of the flow patterns for a particular U_j (with a fixed U_a) is perfect. In other words, for a fixed annular velocity, if one obtains a certain pattern at a U_j , changes flow conditions, then returns to the original U_j , the original pattern will always return.

Once the flow conditions were determined, the LDA data acquisition grid was chosen. It may be appropriate at this time to review Figure 3.8 since it contains the spatial coordinate system. Only one lateral position, the center of the slot, was used. At a given axial position, a "run" consists of a transverse (Y direction) scan. The Y positions chosen for each run are summarized in Table II.

TABLE II Transverse Scan Locations

Y RANGE (mm)	INCREMENT △Y(mm)
(-30) to (-15) (-15) to (-9)	5 2
(-9) to (+9) (+9) to (+15)	1 2

The edge of the annulus extends to -42 mm, but it was shown by Tankin that edge effects for |Y| > 30 mm did not impact the flow near the bluff body. The contraction section was

effective in providing a top-hat velocity profile at the annulus edge. Due to the symmetry of the configuration, a full transverse scan was not necessary. Each scan consisted of 26 points where the u and v (axial and transverse, respectively) velocities would be measured. Lateral velocity could not be measured since the LDA system could only measure two velocity components. Axial positions where the transverse scans would be taken were chosen at z = 6, 10, 20, 40, and 60 mm. A true exit profile (z=0) could not be obtained because the centerbody interfered with the LDA beams below 6 mm. The combination of transverse scans at 5 axial positions resulted in measurements at 130 points in the flowfield. This provided coverage dense enough to indicate how quantities are changing. Because of the lack of structures at low z for $U_{\downarrow} = 51.8$ cm/s (see Figure 4.1), data were taken at z = 10, 20, 60, and 120 mm for this case only.

Flow visualization in all three planes of the jet was accomplished for the conditions given in Table I. For the vertical sheet lighting, photographs at each of the six conditions were taken. This was also done for the lateral sheet lighting. For the horizontal sheet lighting, photographs were taken at each of the z locations specified earlier, thus providing a picture of the influence of the third dimension as axial position increased. The photographic summary is provided in Table III.

TABLE III Photographic Summary

	Photographic		
Sheet Light Orientation	Ua(cm/s)	Uj(cm/s)	z (mm)
VERTICAL	27.5	18.5	N/A
		22.2	
		27.8	
		33.3	
		37.0	
		51.8	
LATERAL		18.5	N/A
		22.2	
		27.8	,
		33.3	•
	ĺ	37.0	
		51.8	
HORIZONTAL		18.5	6
			10
			20
			40
			60
		22.2	6
			10
			20
			40
			60
		27.8	6
'			10
			20
			40
		ļ	60
		33.3	6
			10
		1	20
			40
			60
		37.0	6
			10
			20
		ļ	40
		İ	60
		51.8	6
			10
			20
		1	60
			120
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1

The Mie Scattering Method (MSM) was used to determine the shedding frequencies of the large-scale structures. optics for the LDA were used instead of the arrangement described in Chapter II (which was only used to validate technique). The technique itself is unchanged. Stroboscopic lighting was first used to ensure the measurement spot was in a region where the vortices would pass. Once in this region, the centerbody traverse was moved until maximum signal strength was observed on the oscilloscope (which was part of the LDA arrangement). high voltage source was then adjusted to provide a signal having a 1.5 volt peak which would be sent to the FM tape recorder. Data were recorded at axial positions of 20, 40, and 60 mm for the first five jet velocities (up to 37.0 and at 40, 60, and 120 mm for the case where U_{ij} = 51.8 cm/s. This distribution of stations was chosen to coincide with LDA measurement locations, but measurements at lower z locations (z < 20 mm) were deleted since information about the large structures is desired, and these are not evident very near the jet.

A case that illustrates the possible interpretation errors in using frequency analysis will be discussed here. Figure 5.1 shows the time trace and its associated frequency spectrum at z=40 mm for the case where $U_j=18.5$ cm/s. The shedding frequency, while it appears from the frequency spectrum to be 12.25 Hz, is actually 6.125 Hz. Looking at

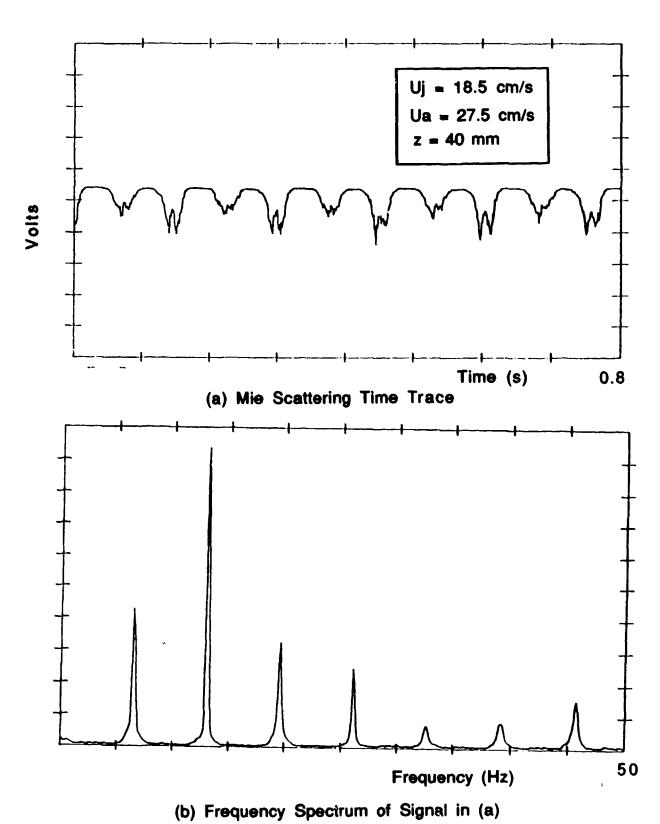


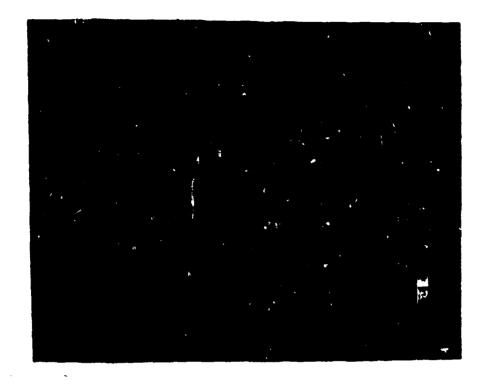
Figure 5.1 Potential Misinterpretation of Mie Scattering Results

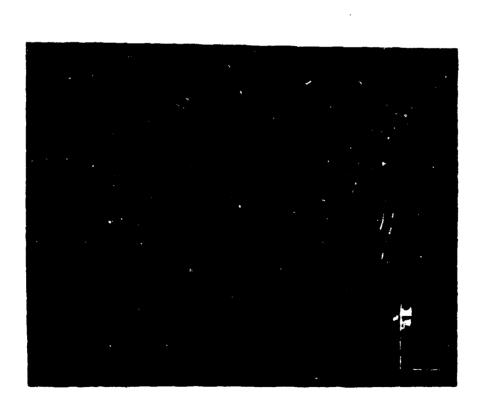
the time trace in Figure 5.1(a), one can see that a full waveform (which in this example consists of two peaks of two different amplitudes) repeats itself every 0.16 seconds, frequency of 6.125 Hz. The Fourier analyzer, has seen the flat zones at the top of the signal (two per period) and correlated them so that they have a frequency of 12.25 Hz. This correlation is a strong one, and the frequency spectrum indicates this. For a full discussion of Fourier transforms of finite signals, see Malmstadt et al (1981). In most other cases, the Mie scattering data required proper interpretation to determine the shedding frequency. This emphasizes the need to examine the signal's time trace. Photographs were also important in resolving this apparent discrepancy. Measuring the spacing of the structures passing at 40 mm, a shedding frequency of 12.25 Hz would imply that the convecting velocity of the structure was greater than both the annulus and jet velocities. Using 6.125 Hz gives a result consistent with the photograph and the mean axial velocity.

YI. Results and Discussion

Flow Visualization

Flow visualization in the three planes of the jet were done. Since the photographs taken in the y-z plane (those that show the large-scale structures) were expected to be very similar to those of Tankin, it is more interesting to view visualizations in the other two planes first. The lateral (x-z) plane visualizations are shown in Figure 6.1. These photographs identify a problem with the centerbody which had been noted previously under stroboscopic lighting. The flow is not two-dimensional (i.e., there is not a top-hat profile in the lateral direction), particularly at low velocities. When the problem was first noted, it was felt that the flow dividers (see Figure 3.2) were not equispaced, thus distributing the flow improperly. This problem was fixed by realigning the dividers at the bottom of the centerbody. When reinstalled, the flow patterns of Figure 6.1 were unchanged. The problem may be one of flow diffusion. The area ratio of each of the 4 flow segments is greater than 4.0. At very low velocities, low energies, the flow cannot diffuse efficiently. The honeycomb and screens in the chimney section should remove any lateral swirl in the annulus flow, but this too could be contributing to the problem. This problem was not investigated further. It is interesting to note that the flow for the worst case, $U_{ij} = 18.5$ cm/s, still maintained a





(b) Uj = 22.2 cm/s

Figure 6.1 Lateral Plane Flow Visualization

(a) Uj = 18.5 cm/s





(d) Uj = 33.3 cm/s Figure 6.1 Lateral Plane Flow Visualization (c) $U_j = 27.8 \text{ cm/s}$



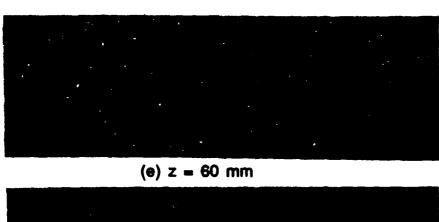


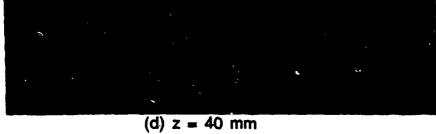
(f) Uj = 51.8 cm/s Figure 6.1 Lateral Plane Flow Visualization

(e) Uj = 37.0 cm/s

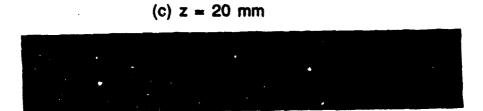
two-dimensionality (away from the edges), just that it occurred in a plane that now had the slope of the lines shown in Figure 6.1. Using the strobe as a light source, one could look down the centerline of the vortex sheet (viewing from the left looking at Figure 6.1) appropriate angle, and it was evident the flow was two-dimensional. It is best to use a term like "quasi-2-D" or "piecewise 2-D" to describe the flows in this experiment. In their study of a free shear layer, Lasheras et al (1986) found that the characteristics of the Kelvin-Helmholtz roll-ups in the shear layer were virtually unaffected by the three-dimensionality. Although presence of two-dimensionality may never be achieved for this configuration, all attempts were made to minimize spurious contributions to the three-dimensional behavior. It was felt that this had been at least roughly achieved, so the experiments proceeded using the existing configuration and test conditions.

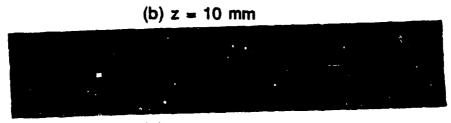
Because of the three-dimensionality (tilt) of the flow, the photographs in the horizontal plane were not able to provide much insight to how instabilities in that plane affected the transitions. The photographs at the various z locations for $U_j = 18.5$ cm/s and 37.0 cm/s are given in Figures 6.2 and 6.3, respectively. For $U_j = 18.5$ cm/s, it is nearly impossible to tell if the observed pattern is a result of a true instability and vortex roll-up (analogous











(a) z = 6 mm

Figure 6.2 Horizontal Flow Visualization (Uj = 18.5 cm/s)

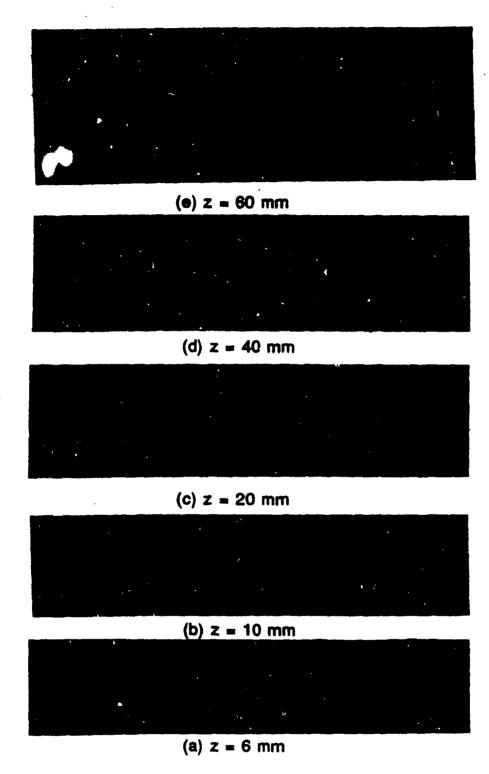


Figure 6.3 Horizontal Flow Visualization (Uj = 37.0 cm/s)

to a Tollmein-Schlichting wave), or the result of fluid motion in the lateral direction induced by the experimental imperfections. Unfortunately, it seems to be the latter. Viewing Figure 6.3 does show, as did Figure 6.1, that the jet is well-behaved and two-dimensional at the high flow rates (even as high as $z=60\,$ mm). Due to the three-dimensional nature of the flow, however, specific analyses would be pure speculation at this time and are avoided.

some general comments on these visualizations are appropriate. As alluded to earlier, one can see how far downstream the two-dimensionality of the flow prevails. 2-D flow would imply that we would see a rectangle in the horizontal plane. As one can see in Figure 6.2, flow at U_j = 18.5 cm/s already has developed a small amount of waviness at z = 6 mm. The same is true, but to a lesser degree, for jet velocities of 22.2 and 27.8 cm/s (these photographs are not shown here). Higher velocities result in "two-dimensional" flows at this z location. As one goes to greater and greater axial positions, the influence of the third dimension becomes larger and larger.

An interesting behavior is observed in all photographs of the horizontal plane. At the ends of the slot, a rounding has occurred which makes the shape of the illuminated particles much like a dog's bone. One might think about this effect in the following way. Imagine

starting with an axisymmetric jet. The pattern seen in its horizontal plane would be a circle. Distortion of the jet by squeezing its two sides would begin to produce ovals which would become more and more oblong as the squeezing continued. At some point a rectangle (similar to the plane jet) could be achieved. At the ends, some rounding would still exist, but these effects will have been confined to a small region if squeezing was stopped at a high aspect ratio. The analogy here is only meant as a tool; this picture of the plane jet may be useful for conceptualizing various aspects of the flow.

The vertical sheet photographs are given in Figure 6.4. These compare quite well with Tankin's work (see Figure 4.1), as they should. The case where $U_j=37.0~{\rm cm/s}$ is where a bifurcation occurs, and the new test conditions produced the pattern seen in Tankin's photograph at a slightly different jet velocity (<2 cm/s difference). There were subtle differences between the present configuration and the one used by Tankin, and this would explain the observed differences in flow patterns. The contraction sections used in the two experiments were different. The contraction ratio for Tankin's work was 4.5, and it was 2.68 in the present work. This difference meant the annular flow rate Q_a had to be increased to meet the requirement that velocities in the two experiments were the same. As discussed earlier, this will change the turbulence intensity

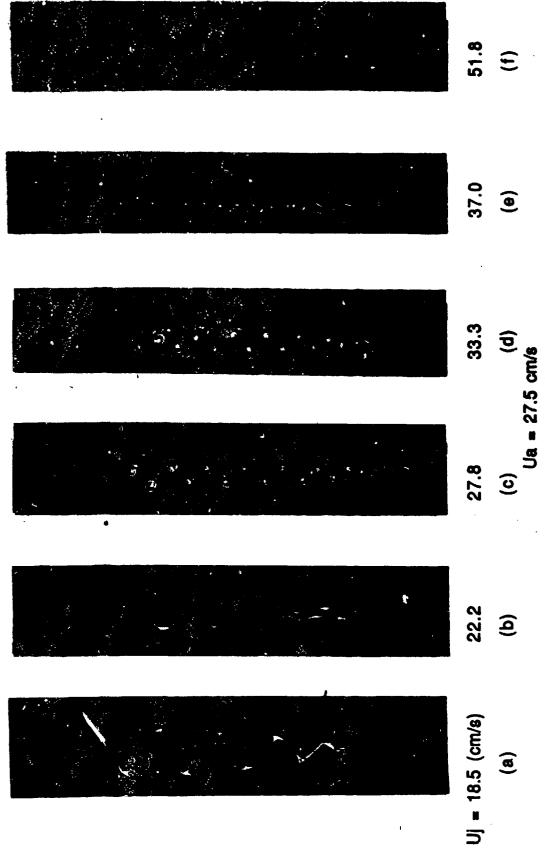


Figure 6.4 Vertical Plane Flow Visualization

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in the annulus. Even with these differences, the degree to which the flows are similar indicates that a similar qualitative evolution of these flowfields is occurring.

LDA Measurements

The LDA system described earlier was used to gather instantaneous axial and transverse velocity data. With the data obtained, one could evaluate mean velocities, the root mean square of the velocity fluctuations, normalized Reynolds stress (covariance), turbulent kinetic energy, kurtosis, and skewness. One could also get the probability density function (PDF) and the spectral information from data obtained. Many methods of data presentation were available.

The first problem which is evident is that, while the flow is clearly non-turbulent, only quantities typically used to analyze turbulent flows are available. Except for mean velocities and spectral analyses, these quantities demand new interpretation if they will be used to help determine the character of the flow.

Mean values have a straightforward interpretation. The present significance of root mean square velocities can be analyzed by considering the following idealized case. Consider the transverse velocity for a 2-D vortex (assumed to be a solid body) translating in only the axial direction. If the measurement volume splits the vortex as it

translates, one might expect the instantaneous velocity signal to look like a sine wave. The concept is shown for vortices in Figure 6.5. The tilda denotes an instantaneous value. At to, the first vortex passes the measurement spot with its minimum velocity. Velocity then increases through zero (center of vortex) until the bottom of the first vortex is reached. The space between vortices is assumed to produce a smooth velocity gradient when going from the maximum (end of the first vortex) back to the minimum (beginning of the second vortex) velocity. The process then repeats itself for the second vortex. Since v_{rms} is obtained from the data analysis, and a functional form for $\tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ has been assumed, $\mathbf{v}_{\mathtt{rms}}$ can be related to the rotation speeds of the vortices. For a sine wave, the maximum amplitude and its root mean square are related. Using the analogy to the rigid rotator, one can say

$$|\mathbf{v}_{\text{max}}| = \sqrt{2} \quad \mathbf{v}_{\text{rms}} \tag{6.1}$$

Flow visualization can provide vortex size, r. Angular speed, ω , could be estimated using

$$\omega = \frac{|\mathbf{v}_{\text{max}}|}{\mathbf{r}} \tag{6.2}$$

A non-zero mean velocity will affect this calculation slightly since this means the solid body is also translating

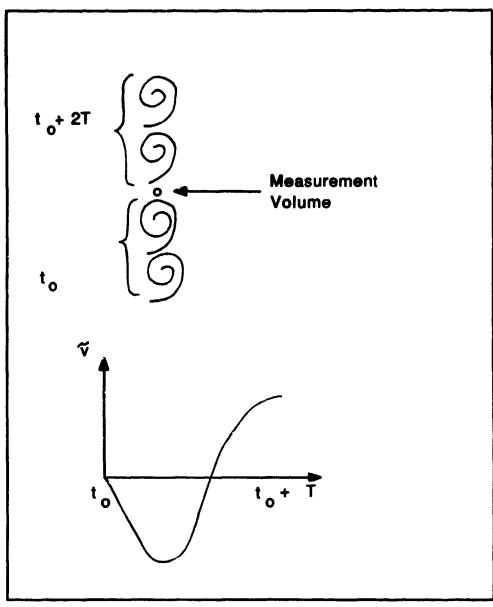


Figure 6.5 Idealized Instantaneous Transverse
Velocity for Two Solid Body
Rotators Translating Uniformly

in the Y direction. For this analysis, however, the effect will be ignored. This method could provide insight into the dynamics of the vortices.

The Reynold stress, u'v', normalized by the product $(u'^2 \cdot v'^2)$, the variances of u and v, is called the covariance. It is a value between 0 and ±1 that identifies the degree to which u_{rms} and v_{rms} are correlated. If a and b represent two signals, if a is always positive when b is negative, then the parameters are perfectly negatively correlated (i.e. covariance is -1). If the signals are both positive most of the time, the signals are said to be strongly positively correlated (i.e. covariance greater than zero and near unity). Two completely random signals should yield a covariance of zero. For non-turbulent flows, it will be important to look at covariance as a correlation parameter only, not as a Reynolds stress.

With these ideas in mind, the data are presented in Figures 6.6 through 6.10. All data have been smoothed using a Gaussian filter. The Gaussian factor was selectable and was chosen as 2.5. The 4096 data points taken at each position represent instantaneous velocities and are used to form a probability density function (PDF). This PDF is acsumed to be a Gaussian distribution. All data outside 2.5 standard deviations of the mean are eliminated, and a new distribution is generated. All data lying outside 2.5 standard deviations for the new PDF are eliminated. A new

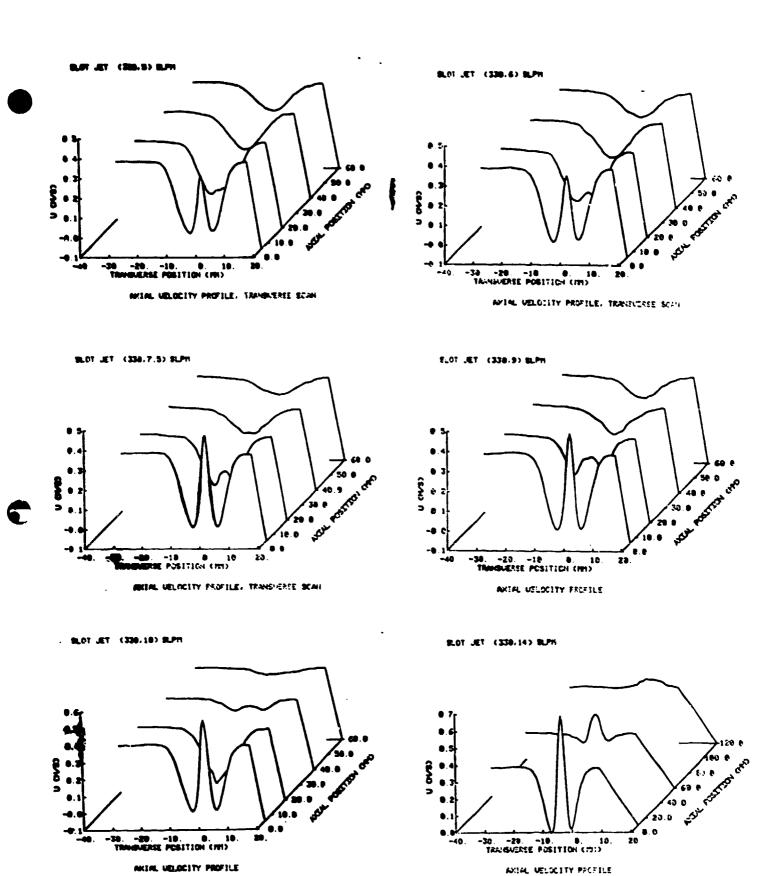


Figure 6.6 Axial Velocity Profiles

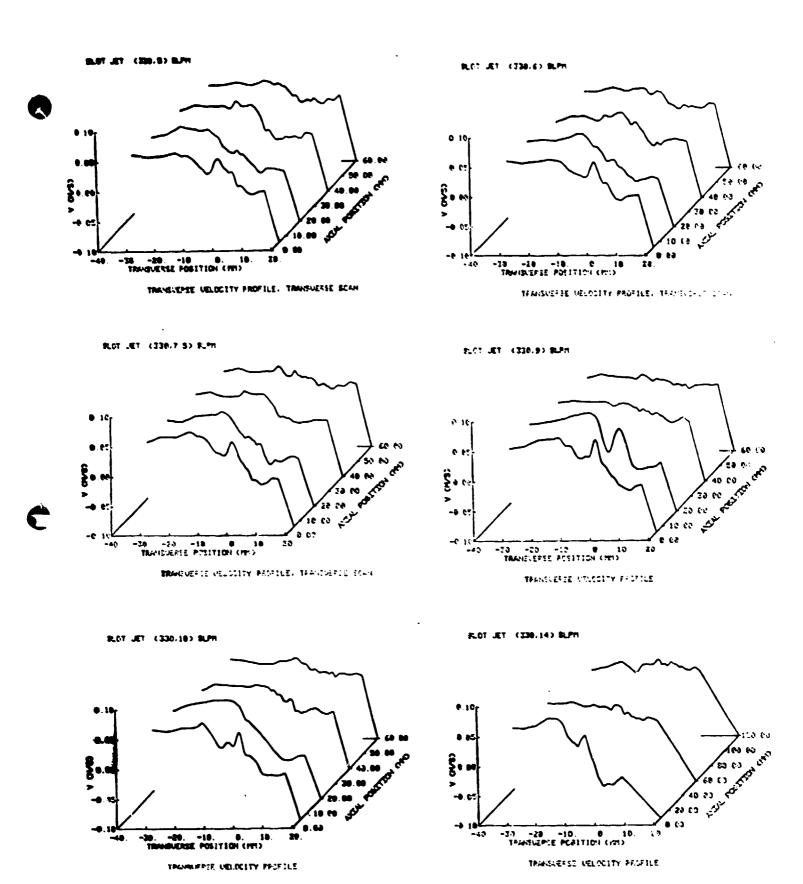
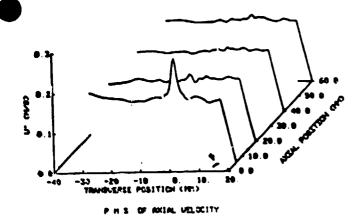
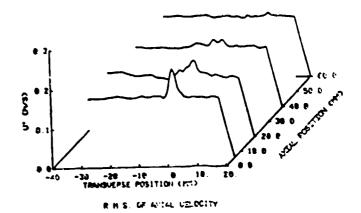
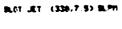
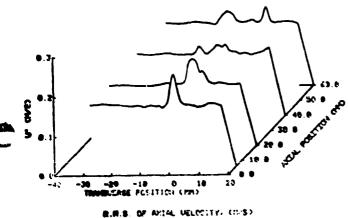


Figure 6.7 Transverse Velocity Profiles

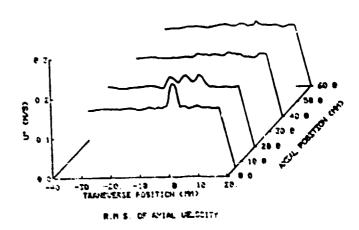




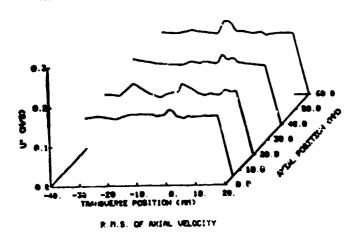




MOT .ET (338.9) SLPH



\$407 JET (338.18) \$1.PH



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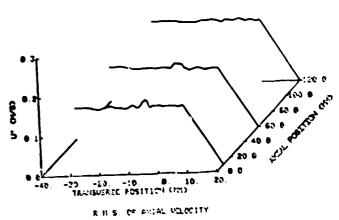
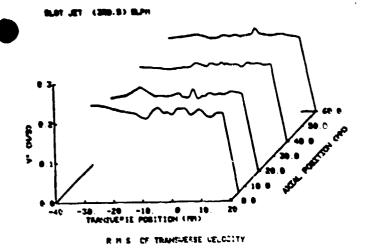
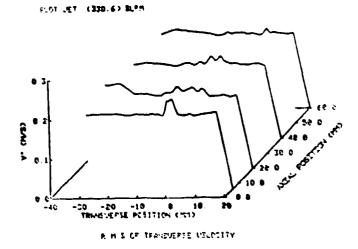
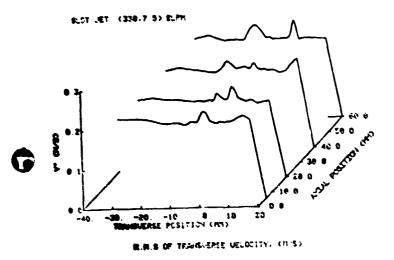
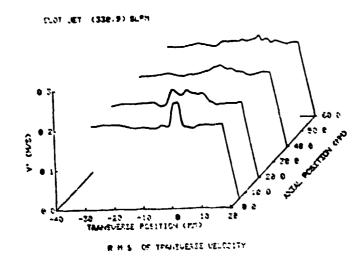


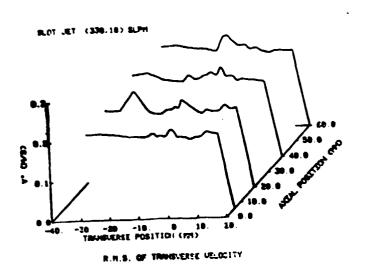
Figure 6.8 u Profiles











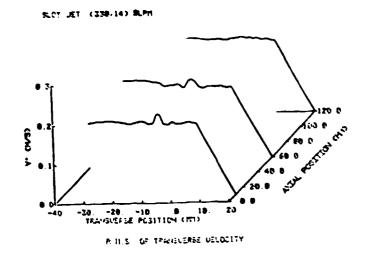
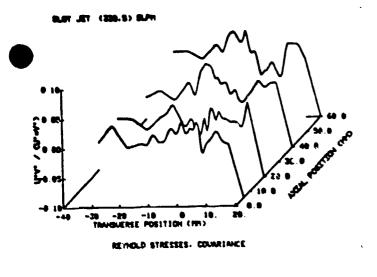
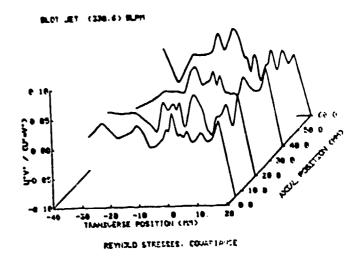
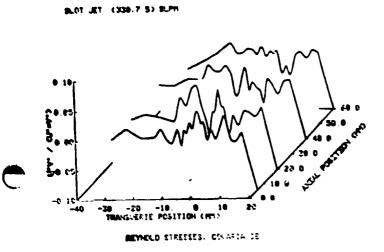
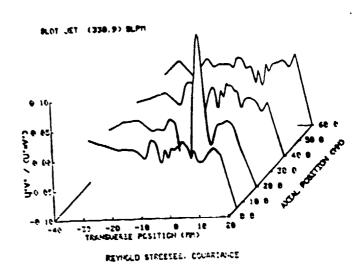


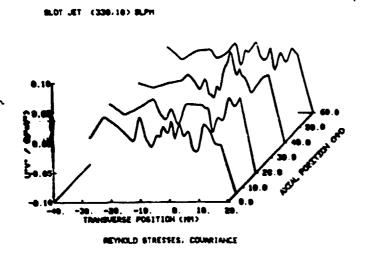
Figure 6.9 v Profiles











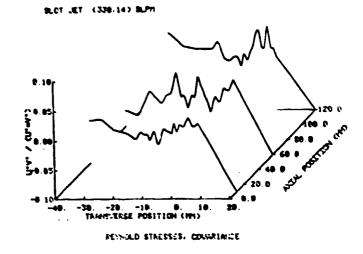


Figure 6.10 Covariance Profiles

PDF is created, and the process is complete. Figures 6.6 through 6.10 show how each of the flow variables change with axial position. Test conditions are given in the header of each plot (refer to Table I). The data are presented here to provide a summary of results. Discussion of the results will be given as appropriate later in this section. Attempts to perform spectral analyses of the data were unsuccessful because seeding rates were too low at nearly all conditions. The Mie Scattering Method would have to be used to obtain the information about vortex shedding frequencies.

Mie Scattering

The Mie Scattering Method (MSM) was used to determine the shedding frequencies of the large-scale structures. The Mie scattering results are summarized in Figure 6.11. Shedding frequencies are shown for z=60 mm. Shedding rates were the same at all locations (for a given U_j), except where z=120 mm and $U_j=51.8$ cm/s, where no distinct frequency is observed. Discussion of these results will follow.

Discussion

To assess the character of the bluff body/jet interaction, we first look at the results from the LDA

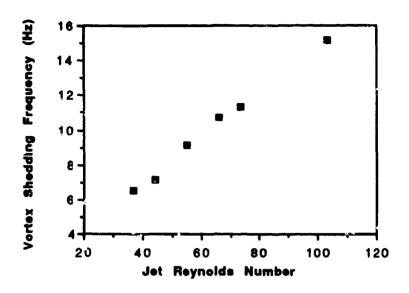


Figure 6.11 Vortex Shedding Frequencies

The statistical quantities obtained from the measurements. LDA data may provide important information interaction. The mean velocity profiles are important since they will identify, on the average, the flow's behavior. The ability to associate these mean flows with mean flows from different, simpler geometries could provide useful insight into the important factors governing the flow. mean profiles for axial and transverse velocity are given in Figures 6.6 and 6.7, respectively. For the axial velocity the mean flows above the centerbody at z = 6 mm cases, resemble jet flows. By z = 20 mm, however, the flows (except for $U_i = 51.8$ cm/s) resemble wake flows. Sato (1960) studied various slot jets (without annulus flows) and got mean profiles like those shown in Figure 6.12. He also observed that the mear velocity distriction changed

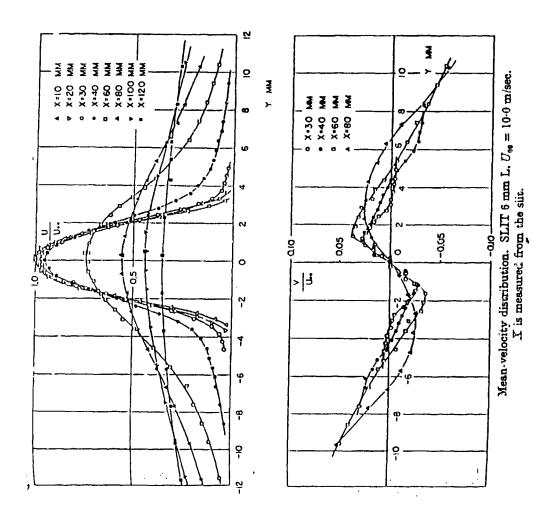


Figure 6.12 Mean Velocity Distribution (Sato, 1960)

drastically around z/D of 6 or 7. Figures 6.6 and 6.7 show behavior very similar to this, except these profiles are affected by the annulus flow. Transverse scans at z = 10 mm were not added on Figures 6.6 through 6.10 because the 3-D plot lost some of its clarity. The case where z = 10 mmdoes very closely resemble the case for z = 6 mm for all conditions. With the similarity seen in this comparison, two definitions of flow "regimes" will be made. The "jet field" is considered that region above (axial direction) the bluff body up to z/D of 6 or 7. The "annulus field" is that region above the "jet field." It is important to note that the "annulus field" is not just the region above the annulus. The "jet field" is the region where the jet's influence is strong, and the mean behavior of the flow is similar to that of a jet. The "annulus field" is the region where the influence of the annulus is strong, and the flow behaves like a wake. These definitions will be useful in later discussions.

It was hoped that the root mean square of the fluctuating velocities and the covariance could be used to help better define flow characteristics. As discussed earlier in the chapter, equation (6.2) could be used to estimate angular rotation rate for vortices assumed to be solid body rotators. Estimates of rotation rate for the cases where U_j = 27.8 and 33.3 cm/s are given in Figure 6.13. The vortex radii, r, were determined using

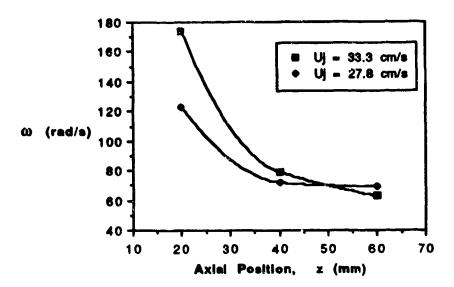


Figure 6.13 Estimation of Vortex Angular Rotation Rate

measurements based on the photographs. v_{rms} was taken from the data. The curves in Figure 6.13 provide a qualitative trend about the flowfield which may provide some insight into the bluff body/slot jet interaction. The covariance, shown in Figure 6.10, was typically very small (absolute values less than 0.05), so this parameter was not used to help better define the flowfields. No trends or distinct shifts in the parameter were seen, so little time was spent evaluating the impact of the covariance.

As just stated, however, the assumptions used to arrive at Eq. (6.2) may be able to help understand the jet/annulus interaction. Their significance may be brought out in the following way. The following development has been proposed by Hitchcock (1987). Consider the fully

developed duct flow shown in Figure 6.14. The angular rotation rate of the fluid, given by the curl of the velocity, is

$$\omega_{z} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \right)^{O}$$
(6.3)

Knowing that

$$\frac{u}{\bar{u}} = \frac{3}{2} \left[1 - \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 \right] \tag{6.4}$$

one finds that

$$\omega_{\mathbf{z}} = \frac{3 \ \mathbf{y} \ \bar{\mathbf{u}}}{2 \ \mathbf{b}^2} \tag{6.5}$$

Since the maximum rotation speed will occur at y = b, Eq. (6.5) can be rewritten

$$\omega_{z \text{ max}} = \frac{3 \overline{u}}{2 b} \tag{6.6}$$

If one then assumes $\overline{\mathbf{u}} \sim \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{j}}$, Eq. (6.6) becomes

$$\omega_{z \text{ max}} = \frac{3 \text{ U}}{D}$$
 (6.7)

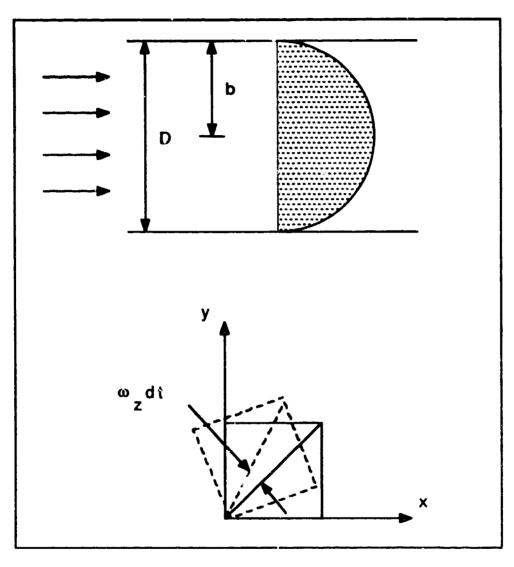


Figure 6.14 Duct Flow

Defining

$$f_r = \frac{\omega_z}{2\pi} = \frac{U_1}{2\pi} \qquad (6.8)$$

one can see that an estimate of angular rotation rate can be made based upon the "history" of the flow (i.e., before the flow exhausted into the ambient stream). This result is interesting for several reasons. The values of ω_z from Eq. (6.7) are generally within a factor of two of those shown in Figure 6.13. This result is encouraging considering the assumptions made to arrive at both results. (Whether the flow is fully developed in this investigation is a question which may be raised, but the exit profiles shown in Figure 6.6 show mean velocities that tend toward a fully developed dust flow.) One can also see that there is no dependence on viscosity in Eq. (6.8). For a developing flow, viscosity would be important, so parameters such as Reynolds number important. This is an important point when considering Strouhal number, which will be discussed next.

was mentioned in Chapter I that parameter such as St or Re may be difficult investigation. To consider Strouhal present however, several factors point to the fact that U; and slot appropriate parameters for would be the non-dimensionalizing the vortex shedding frequencies. though the mean velocity profiles have shown a combination of jet and wake-like flows (with the exception of $U_4 = 51.8 \text{ cm/s}$), the vortex shedding frequency was the in the jet and annulus "fields." These facts indicate that one is justified in assuming that the slot width and jet exit velocity would be appropriate parameters with which to non-dimensionalize the shedding frequencies (given in Figure 6.11). The Strouhal numbers for this configuration are plotted against jet Reynolds numbers (Re4) in Figure 6.15. The value of St is nearly constant and has the value 0.098. The data Sato (1960) obtained for much higher Re (1500-8000) produced a Strouhal number of 0.14. This result shows, as Sato's did, that Strouhal number is independent of jet Reynolds number (for the range of Re; investigated, with the exception of $U_i = 51.8 \text{ cm/s}$). If one uses the definition of St, given by Eq. (1.1), and the approximation of f_r given by Eq. (6.8), it is easy to show that

$$St = \frac{f D}{U_{i}} \sim \frac{f}{r}$$
 (6.9)

which says that vortex shedding frequency f is proportional to the viscous rotation rate in fully developed duct flow. The absence of Reynolds number dependence again leads to the fact that the flow in the duct is fully developed. It is quite interesting that the flow history is so important. Recall that in Chapter I most of the articles that dealt

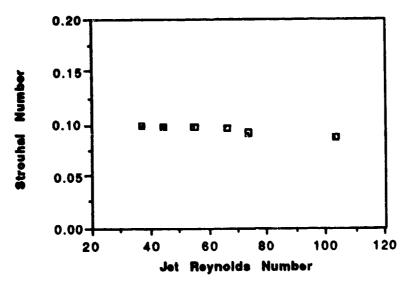


Figure 6.15 Variation of Strouhal Number with Reynolds Number

with the jet's near field focused on the jet boundary. This is certainly important, but the relation between the flow in the duct and the flow's evolution is certainly an interesting one. Having analyzed the data obtained from the LDA and the Mie scattering and having closely examined the flow visualizations, a description of the flowfield dynamics can now be presented.

The following description of flowfield the presented. For velocity ratios U_{i}/U_{a} up to approximately there exist a "jet field" and an "annulus field." Beyond this velocity ratio, the "jet field" extends into and eliminates "annulus field." The the source of the large-scale structures is the slot jet and not the annulus flow. Evidence to support this description will now be given.

Strouhal number based on the jet velocity and slot width was constant (for all cases except where $U_1 = 51.8$ cm/s), and this supports the fact that the jet is responsible for producing the instability that results in vortex formation. If the annulus flow was responsible for vortex production, one would expect to see a constant Strouhal number based on annulus velocity and an appropriate length scale (such as the width of the bluff body) because, for low Re, this flow should be similar to shedding in the wake of a circular cylinder (a flow known to produce constant St for low Re). Annulus Strouhal numbers for this experiment, however, are not constant since U and D remain constant while f varies. Also, the "stable" configuration for a von Karman vortex street requires that b/a = 0.281, where b is the transverse separation between vortex centers, a is the axial distance separating the centers. Evaluation of the quantity b/a, based on measurements of the structures in the photographs, did not yield values of 0.281. Deviations from this were sometimes as high as 100 percent, so the inaccuracy involved with measuring could be ignored.

The flow patterns seen in the photographs of Figure 6.4 do show stable configuration of the vortices. The vertical sheet light extends 210 mm in the axial direction, so one can view up to 70 slot widths. This stability in the "annulus field" is a result of the co-flowing stream's

influence on the jet. Looking at Figure 6.4, the "trunks" of the flows are like the one depicted in Figure 6.16(a). Figure 6.16(b) shows the stable configuration for a plane, free shear layer that was studied by Lasheras et al (1986). It is easy to imagine that a slight distortion (offset of alternating vortices) of the pattern in Figure 6.16(a) would yield the configuration in (b), which is the stable configuration for the 2-D centerbody. The geometry and flow conditions will dictate the precise shape of the configuration. The general shape, however, will remain the same, and is it the annulus flow that is responsible for this stabilization.

The "jet field" extends to z/D of approximately 6 or 7. It is here a significant redistribution of the mean axial velocity occurs. Structures formed in the "jet field" propagate through the annulus field without much change. However, as jet velocities increase, there is a point where the jet flow begins to dominate the dynamics of the entire flowfield. Looking at Figure 6.4 for $U_j=51.8~\mathrm{cm/s}$, one may be able to see the interaction of some of the vortices in what should be the "annulus field." Near the top of the sheet light there appears to be a break in the asymmetric pattern. This is the result of vortex interaction (this was very clear when one viewed the high speed movies of the flow). Vortex interaction is not expected when the annulus flow provides a stable configuration for the vortices, but

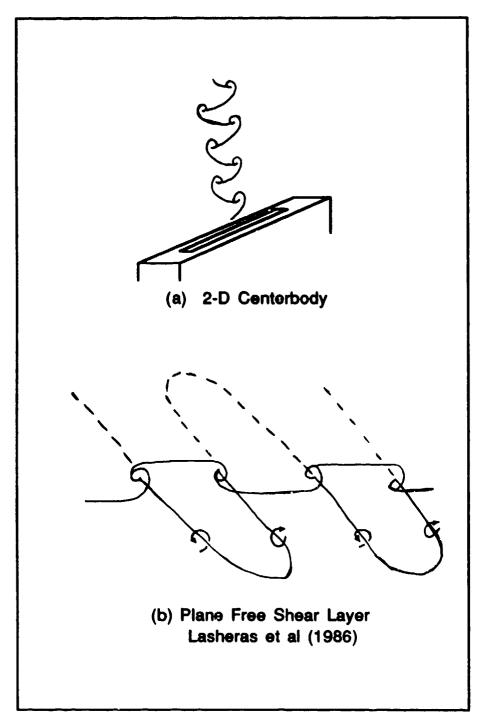
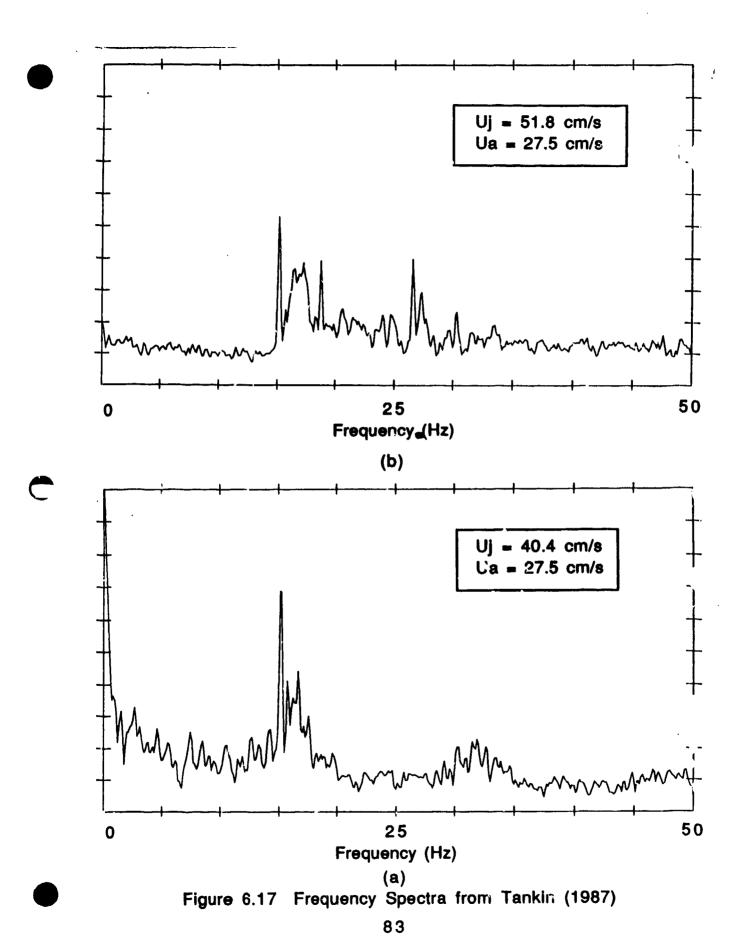
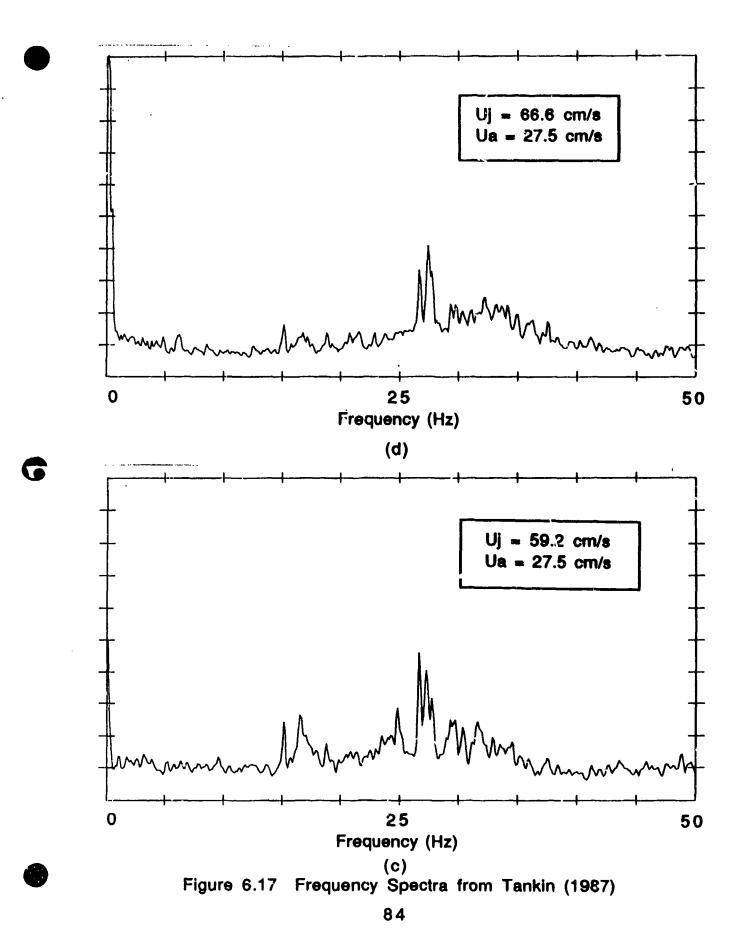


Figure 6.16 Stable Configurations

the jet now has sufficient energy to overcome a large portion of the annulus' influence. The jet's strength has now been able to eliminate, or at least subdue, the "annulus field."

Determination of the approximate point where the "annulus field" disappears was made possible by reanalyzing Mie scattering data of Tankin (1987) for 40.4 cm/s < U_4 <71.8 cm/s. The slight discontinuity in St for $U_{ij} = 51.8$ cm/s given in Figure 0.14 indicated the change probably occurred between 37.0 and 51.8 cm/s, and Tankin's data covered this range. Figures 6.17(a) through 6.17(e) show the dominant frequencies (at z = 80 mm) in the flow. The peak frequency at each condition is given in Figure 6.18. Vortex shedding frequencies from this investigation are repeated to provide a comparison. Stepwise transitions in frequency indicate a jet flow is dominating the region. This stepwise behavior has been reported for various jet configurations by several authors, most recently Chen and Schmoll (1987). The frequency spectra in Figure 6.17 provide a beautiful example of the competing frequencies in the jet over the range of investigation. The dominant frequency remains dominant for relatively large jet velocity before it eventually is overcome by another ranges frequency. It is also interesting to note that the





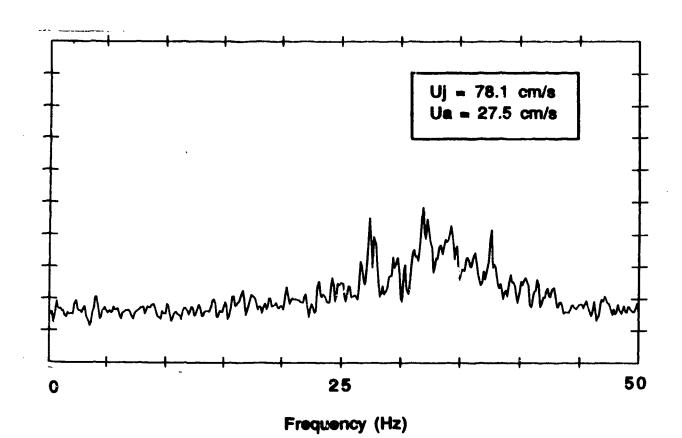


Figure 6.17 Frequency Spectra from Tankin (1987)

(e)

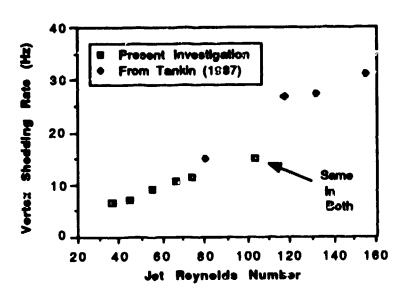


Figure 6.18 Vortex Shedding Rate for the Two-Dimensional Centerbody

frequency which will eventually dominate the flow appears well before it becomes dominant, thus providing a hint of what will soon follow if jet velocity is increased.

At $U_4 = 37.0$ cm/s in the present experiment, the shedding frequency was 12.125 Hz. This condition was also tested by Tankin, and the same result was obtained. At 40.4 cm/s, a significant change in frequency has occurred. Shedding frequency is now 15.125 Hz, a value which remains the peak frequency until 59.2 ca/s. Because of the significant change at 40.4 cm/s, it was assumed that this signified the initiation of the jet's dominance over the entire flowsield. The approximate velocity ratio U_4/U_a at which this dominance is seen is 1.45. Velocity ratios less than this should produce jet and annulus "fields," while ratios greater than 1.45 should result in jet domination. This description does not ignore the influence of the annulus flow; its main point is simply that the "annulus field" has disappeared and lost some measure of its stabilizing strength.

Having completed the description of the flowfield dynamics, how can it be used to explain the observed bifurcations? Viewing Figure 6.4, one can see some patterns which are rather easily explained. At $U_j=18.5~\mathrm{cm/s}$, we see the strong influence of the annulus flow as it tries to wrap jet fluid around itself, thus forming the large vortex structures which are oriented "up." At $U_j=51.8~\mathrm{cm/s}$, the

jet fluid wraps ambient fluid around itself and vortices with a "down" orientation are formed. The flow pattern change at $U_j=22.2$ cm/s results because of the interaction of the annulus and jet flows when their mean exit velocities are equal. Figure 6.19 shows that there is a difference between theoretical and actual mean velocities. At these low flow rates, it is expected that the flow profile would deviate from the idealised (1-D) case. At $U_j=22.2$ cm/s, mean exit velocities for the annulus and jet are equal, and this results in the strange flow pattern. The transverse spread of the jet is very small. It appears like the jet is

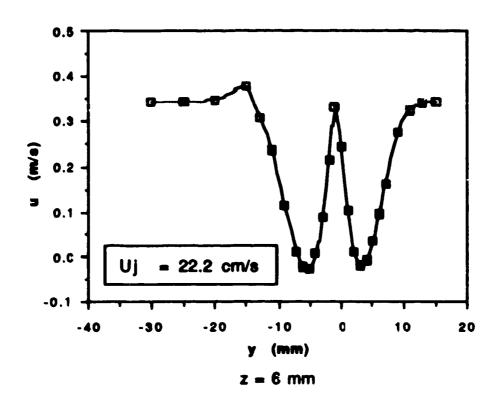


Figure 6.19 Axial Velocity Profile, Transverse Scan

confined to that space directly above the bluff body. The TiO₂ particles seem to act almost like a solid wall meant to separate the two annulus flows. With equal velocities, little entrainment is expected, so the transverse spread of the jet is minimised.

The bifurcation at $U_{ij} = 37.0$ cm/s is quite interesting. This condition is very close to the point where the "annulus field" disappears. The nearly straight line pattern from Tankin (1987), shown in Figure 4.1(h), is not matched exactly in the present experiment (see Figure 6.4(e)), but the bifurcation can still be described. At this jet velocity, some small disturbances are seen in the form of small white "dots" which should be the beginnings of large-scale structures. These disturbances, however, are very weakly amplified. Inspection of the mean axial velocity profile at z = 60 mm, Figure 6.20, will help explain why this occurs. The flat velocity profile says there is no shear in the "annulus field." Therefore, the disturbance (which results from the jet flow but whose evolution is still governed by the annulus flow) is not amplified. If jet velocity is increased slightly (so U_4/U_a > 1.45), amplification of the disturbance will occur, and the jet flow will dominate the entire flowfield.

The flow pattern change at $U_j = 22.2$ cm/s is important, but the bifurcation at $U_j = 37.0$ cm/s is critical. While

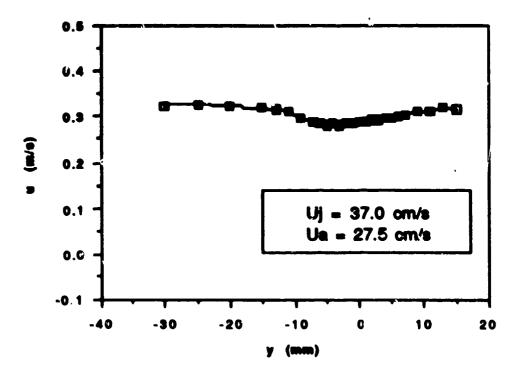


Figure 6.20 Axial Velocity Profile, Transverse Scanz=60 mm

the former bifurcation point occurs because of velocity counterposition, the latter represents a point around which the governing factors of the flowfield will change. Up to $U_j = 37.0 \text{ cm/s}$, one expects the structures formed in the "jet field" to be carried by the stabilizing annulus flow without much change. Beyond this velocity, however, jet strength is sufficient to subdue the influence of the annulus flow, and a jet-dominated flow results. From the data taken, the flow pattern change at 22.2 cm/s did not reveal a change in the character of the flow similar to the one seen at 37.0 cm/s.

There is one more point which can be addressed. Flow patterns are always asymmetric (i.e., position of the structures alternates from side to side). Two explanations are offered. First, the analogy of an axisymmetric jet which is being squeezed may be used. The flow patterns during a simulated contraction process are shown in Figure 6.21. The vortices in (a) start to get closer and closer as the jet width narrows. At a certain point, (c), the vortices can no longer be brought closer. Since the vortices do not interact (coalesce), they must align themselves as in (d). The geometry, then, would specify whether or not symmetric patterns would be observed. Changing geometries (a.g., slot or bluff body widths) could change the patterns. This simplified analysis does not account for end effects which will play an important role in determining if the vortices can be shed symmetrically.

The second explanation involves a feedback mechanism. According to the description of the flowfield dynamics, the configuration shown in Figure 6.16(a) is stable. This asymmetric pattern will set up an induced pressure field that, even though it is very weak, can affect the flow at the jet exit. Ho and Nosseir (1982) used a jet impinging on a wall to show that resonance was established based on a feedback mechanism. A symmetric vortex shedding is unstable in the "annulus field," so asymmetric patterns are formed which create the induced pressure field that results in

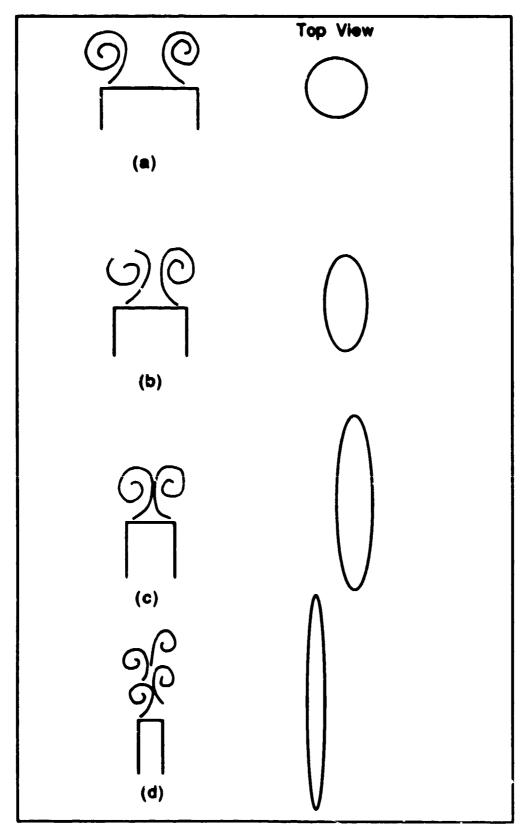


Figure 6.21 Conception of the Reason for Asymmetric Vortex Shedding In a Thin Slot Jet

asymmetric shedding at the jet exit. Strong evidence for the existence of this mechanism in this flow was seen in the Nie scattering experiments. For $U_j=33.3\,\mathrm{cm/s}$, the measurement spot was located in a region (z = 20 mm) where no structures existed, although one could see that the "interface lines" were wavering. The frequency of this wavering, as determined by Nie scattering and shown in Figure 6.22, was 11.375 Hz. This is the same frequency determined when the data were taken in a region where structures did exist (z = 40 mm and z = 60 mm). This provides strong evidence for the existence of a feedback mechanism in the flows under investigation.

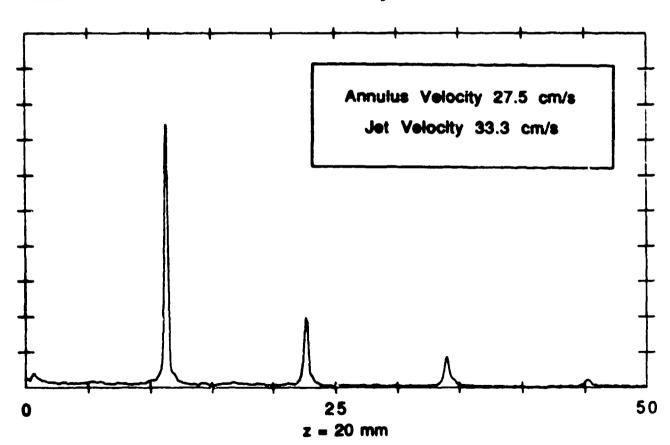


Figure 6.22 Vortex Shedding Frequency

VII. Conclusions and Recommendations

The character of the interaction between bluff body and jet flows has been determined. The concept of jet and annulus "fields" can be used to explain the interactions up to velocity ratios U_j/U_a of 1.45. Reyond this value, the flowfield dynamics are governed by the jet, but the annulus flow cannot be ignored. The jet determines the shedding frequencies of the large-scale structures and governs the flow in the region above the bluff body to z/D of approximately 6 or 7 (i.e., the "jet field"). The "annulus field" is that region above the "jet field" wherein the annulus flow creates a stable vortex configuration and governs the flow's dynamics.

The two observed flow pattern changes, bifurcations, were partially explained. The flow pattern at $U_j=22.2\,$ cm/s resulted from flow conditions where jet and annulus velocities were nearly identical. The bifurcation at $U_j=37.0\,$ cm/s was a critical one since it identified the point above which the "annulus field" has been eliminated. There are many important factors in the interaction of the jet and annulus flows, and flow pattern changes have been partially explained by using various labels. There are still many details of the flowfield which could be uncovered.

Recommendations for further research would be to investigate the interaction at higher velocities (one order

of magnitude at least) to determine if the same description is valid. Redesign of the centerbody should first be accomplished, however. Also, testing should be done in a low turbulence facility to avoid the problems with the annulus turbulence levels.

No point where the annulus flow dominates the entire flowfield was observed in this investigation. The visualizations from Tankin (1987), however, may suggest that there is a point where this does occur. Figure 4.1(a) shows the condition where $U_j = 4$ cm/s. No structures are seen emanating from the slot. As jet velocity is increased, structures formed at the slot exit become evident. The flow at $U_j = 4$ cm/s is much like the flow behind a bluff body (so the slot jet only acts as an orifice to provide the seed needed to visualize the flow). Experiments at very low U_j/U_a might provide information concerning the interactions of the annulus and jet flows where the annulus dominates the entire flowfield.

There are many other areas where these results could be applied. In Computational Fluid Dynamics, these incompressible, 2-D flows could be modelled, and those results could be compared with those from this experiment. For this reason all data collected during the LDA measurements are presented in Appendix C. Availability of data for a unique configuration is important, so these data are included in this thesis. Critical point theory

could be applied to further analyze these flowfields.

Linear and non-linear instability analyses might provide insight in flow regimes where tractable.

APPENDIX A: <u>DETERMINATION OF</u> <u>Ticl</u> <u>CONCENTRATION</u>

Moscribed in detail (Chen and Roquemore, 1986). Titanium tetrachloride (TiCl₄) is introduced to a dry fluid and exhausts as a mixture through the experimental apparatus (jet, etc). When the TiCl₄ contacts water vapor (H₂O), titanium dioxide (TiO₂) is formed. This reaction occurs under nearly isothermal conditions, so relatively little energy is lost or gained by the flow. The submicron TiO₂ particles respond to flow variations nearly instantaneously. Reactive flow visualization techniques like the one described above provide important insight to the processes occurring in various flows.

An important question concerning this flow visualization technique had not been answered: "What is the seed concentration?" Density, and more importantly density gradients, are critical factors in jet and wake flows; therefore, the seed concentration must be small so that density gradients are not introduced. A model to determine seed concentration for flow visualization has been developed.

A typical experimental set-up is shown in Figure λ -1. Dry air passes through a flow meter and then to a seeding vessel. The seeding vessel is shown in greater detail in Figure λ -2. Flow enters and can be bypassed to any degree desired (0-100 percent). Flow enters the container, wherein

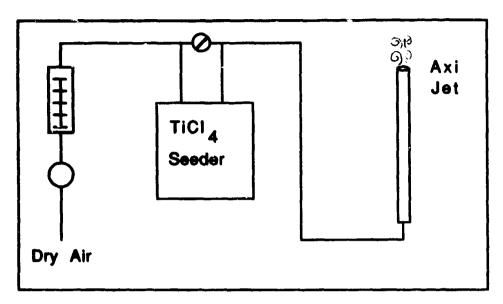


Figure A-1 Flow Visualization Test Arrangement

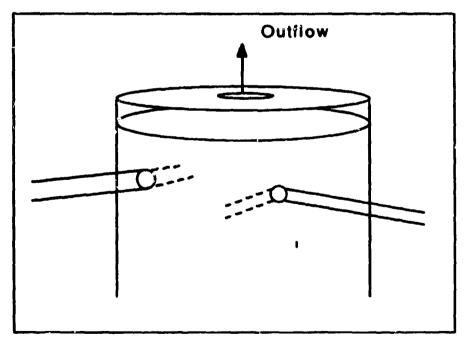


Figure A-2 TiCl ₄ Seeding Vessel

liquid TiCl₄ is stored, through three 1/4 inch lines. Each of these lines has a ball valve so that flow may go through 1, 2, or 3 of the lines. Hany different seeders have been built; most give adequate seeding rate with only one input line. This is what was used in this analysis. The lines inside the container are angled at -45 degrees from the horizontal and are canted so the flow leaves nearly parallel to the wall. The design enhances mixing and ensures adequate amounts of TiCl₄ get into the flow.

Mass transfer theory can be used to determine the seed concentration. The seeder is designed to get the liquid TiCl₄ rotating. This has been observed in a clear plexiglass seeder designed for water vapor uptake. Mass transfer for a laminar rotating disk has been analyzed (Levich, 1962) and was used to model the flow in the seeder. The mass flux from the surface to the fluid is given by

$$j = k (c_s - c_o) = .62 D_{ab}^{2/3} V^{-1/6} \omega^{1/2} c_s$$
 (A.1)

where c_s is the surface concentration of TiCl_4 , and c_o is the overall concentration of TiCl_4 . ω is the angular rate at which the disk rotates (or the angular rate at which the flow passes the liquid surface). D_{ab} is the binary diffusion coefficient. The value of $\mathcal V$, the kinematic viscosity, is taken as that for air. If we assume c_o/c_s << 1, we get

$$k = .62 D_{ab}^{2/3} V^{-1/6} \omega^{1/2}$$
 (A.2)

From a mass belance, we also know that

$$c_0 V = \lambda k (c_m - c_0)$$
 (A.3)

where V is the volumetric flow rate of air, and A is the surface area of the liquid TiCl₄. The concentration of TiCl₄, in parts per thousand by volume, is thus

$$\frac{c_0}{-2} = \frac{\lambda k}{(----)}$$
 1000 (A.4)

In order to determine surface concentration we use

$$c_s = \frac{P_s}{RT} = \frac{P_{\underline{V}\underline{P}}}{RT} \tag{A.5}$$

where $P_{\rm VP}$ is the vapor pressure of TiCl₄, and R is the universal gas constant. Several methods for determining vapor pressure are available and are summarized by Reid et al (1977). One method was chosen that was simplest for computer application, although it was not designed as such (Reidel, 1954).

$$\ln P_{VP} = A^{+} - (B^{+}/T_{r}) + C^{+} \ln T_{r} + D^{+} T_{r}^{6}$$
 (A.6)

where the subscript r denotes a reduced property (i.e., one normalized by its appropriate critical property). We have

$$A_{+}^{+} = -35 Q$$
 (A.7a)
 $B_{+}^{+} = -36 Q$ (A.7b)
 $C_{+}^{+} = 42 Q + Q_{C}$ (A.7c)
 $D_{-}^{+} = -Q$ (A.7d)

$$Q = .0838 (3.758 - \alpha_{c})$$
 (A.8)

$$\alpha_{c} = \frac{0.315 \, \psi_{b} + \ln P_{c}}{0.0838 \, \psi_{b} - \ln T_{br}} \tag{A.9}$$

$$\psi_{\rm b} = -35 + (36/T_{\rm br}) + 42 \ln T_{\rm br} - T_{\rm br}$$
 (A.10)

In order to determine the vapor pressure using equation (A.6), critical properties for TiCl₄ must be known. Boiling temperature was also required and was obtained from the Chemical Engineers' Handbook (1973). Critical temperature and pressure of TiCl₄ were determined using the method of Lydersen (1955). Critical properties are determined using structural contributions. We have

$$T_c = T_b \{0.567 + \sum_{i} (^t)_i - [\sum_{i} (^t)_i^2]\}^{-1}$$
 (A.11)

$$P_c = M [0.34 + \sum_{i} (^p)_{i}^{-2}]$$
 (A.12)

where T_C is in degrees Kelvin, and P_C is in atmospheres. M is the molecular weight, and ^t and ^p are the structural contributions. These values are given in Table A-I for Si and Cl. No data could be found for $TiCl_4$ or Ti, so approximations were made. Due to bonding similarity, use of

Si values should yield acceptable results. The desired answer need not be perfect, so little time was spent searching for a better model.

TABLE A-I Lydersen's Critical Contributions (Lydersen, 1955)

Increments	^t	^p
Cl	0.017	0.320
si	0.03	0.54

Using equations (A.11) and (A.12), one can find the critical properties for $TiCl_4$. The important properties of $TiCl_4$ are listed in Table A-II. Equations (A.6) through (A.10) are now used to determine vapor pressure after a temperature has been specified.

TABLE A-II TiCl PROPERTIES

M (gm/mole) To (oK) To (oK)	189.71 409 624		
TC (OK) PC (atm)	40.5		

Data for vapor pressure of TiCl₄ existed in the <u>Chemical</u> <u>Engineers' Handbook</u> (1973). These data and the model using (A.6) through (A.10) are shown in Figure A-3. A correction to the model was made to better match the data from the

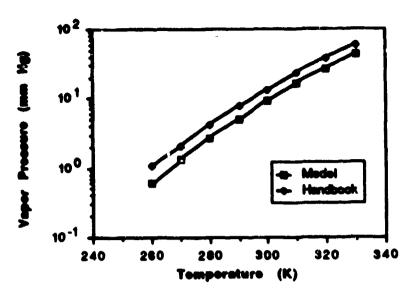


Figure A-3. TiCl4 Vapor Pressure

Chemical Engineers' Handbook. Since vapor pressure models are complex, it was decidedly easier to use the Reidel method and correct it instead of trying to curve fit the existing data. The model, with its correction, is

$$P_{VP} = [1.65 + 0.0046857 (260 - T)] P_{VP C}$$
 (A.13)

which is valid from 260° K to 330° K. $P_{\rm VP}$ c is the vapor pressure calculated with Reidel's method. The greatest error occurs at 260° K and is approximately 4.5 percent. The error quickly decreases with temperature increase and remains nearly constant at 1 percent over the remainder of the valid range.

The next step in determining concentration was to evaluate the diffusion coefficient, D_{ab} . Using the method of Bird et al (1960), we have

$$D_{ab} = .0018583 \xrightarrow{\{T^3[(1/N_a)+(1/N_b)]\}^{1/2}} Cm-Cm$$

$$P \ \sigma_{ab} = \Omega_{Dab}$$
(A.14)

where T is temperature in $^{\rm O}$ K, P is the pressure in atmospheres, $\rm M_a$ and $\rm M_b$ are morecular weights of the two molecules (TiCl₄ and air) in grams per mole, $\sigma_{\rm ab}$ is the characteristic dimension of the molecules in Angetrons, and $\Omega_{\rm Dab}$ is the collision cross section for diffusion (dimensionless). To calculate $\sigma_{\rm ab}$, we must use

$$\sigma_{ab} = 0.5 (\sigma_a + \sigma_b) \tag{A.15}$$

where values of \mathcal{T} are given for various gases by Svehla (1962). For TiCl_4 , the value of \mathcal{T} was assumed to be that for SiCl_4 since no data were available for TiCl_4 . To calculate Ω , an empirical relation for nonpolar gases given by Neufeld et al (1972) was used.

$$\Omega_{D} = \frac{\lambda}{T*B} + \frac{C}{\exp(DT*)} + \frac{E}{\exp(FT*)} = \frac{G}{\exp(HT*)}$$
(A.16)

where

$$\mathbf{T}^{+} = \frac{\mathbf{k} \ \mathbf{T}}{\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\mathbf{a}\mathbf{b}}} \tag{A.17}$$

and

A = 1.06036 B = 0.15610 C = 0.19300 D = 0.47635 E = 1.03587 F = 1.52996 G = 1.76474 H = 3.89411

k is the well-known Boltsmann constant, and ϵ_{ab} is an intermolecular force constant which is calculated as

$$\epsilon_{ab} = (\epsilon_a \epsilon_b)^{1/2} \tag{A.18}$$

Values for ϵ are given by Svehla (1962). Again, the value of ϵ for TiCl_A was assumed the same as that for SiCl_A.

In order to calculate the mass transfer coefficient in equation (A.2), we must know the kinematic viscosity of the mixture. Assuming the concentration of ${\rm TiCl}_4$ is low everywhere except very near the liquid, we need only calculate the kinematic viscosity of air. We know

$$\nu = \mu/\rho \tag{A.19}$$

where

$$\rho = \frac{P}{R T} \tag{A.20}$$

To calculate the viscosity, we must use the equation from Bird et al (1960)

$$\mu = 2.6693 \times 10^{-5} \frac{(\text{N T})^{1/2}}{\sigma^2 \Omega_{\mu}} \frac{\text{gm}}{\text{cm-s}}$$
 (A.21)

where M is the molecular weight of air in grams per mole, σ is the characteristic dimension of the air molecule in Angstroms, and Ω_{μ} is the collision cross section for viscosity. The collision cross section is a slowly varying function (near unity) which indicates how close the molecules under consideration behave like perfectly elastic spheres. To evaluate Ω_{μ} , we use an empirical relation proposed by Meufeld et al (1972).

$$\Omega_{\mu} = \frac{\lambda}{T^{*}} + \frac{C}{\exp(DT^{*})} + \frac{E}{\exp(FT^{*})}$$
 (A.22)

where

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbf{k} \ \mathbf{T} \\
\mathbf{T}^{*} = \frac{\mathbf{k} \ \mathbf{T}}{\epsilon}
\end{array} \tag{A.23}$$

and

A = 1.16145 B = 0.14874 C = 0.52487 D = 0.77320 E = 2.16178 F = 2.43787

 σ and ϵ can be obtained from existing data for air (Svehla, 1962).

We may now calculate k, the mass transfer coefficient, if we can evaluate the angular speed ω . An estimate of ω was used.

$$\omega = 0.25 \text{ (V/C)}$$

 $(\lambda.24)$

where v is the velocity of air leaving the 1/4 inch line which enters the top of the canister (see Figure A-2), and C is the canister's inside circumference (7/4).

One final adjustment must be made because the mass transfer model developed by Levich was valid only for laminar flow. To correct for turbulence, a flat plate analogy was used. Welty et al (1976) have given, for a flat plate,

$$k_{lam} = 0.332 (D_{ab}/x) Re_{x}^{1/2} Sc^{1/3}$$
 (A.25)

and

$$k_{\text{turb}} = 0.0292 \ (D_{\text{ab}}/x) \ Re_{\chi}^{4/5} \ Sc^{1/3}$$
 (A.26)

Forming a ratio, we have

$$\frac{k_{turb}}{-turb} = 0.08795 (Re_{x})^{0.3}$$
 (A.27)

This factor varies from unity at Re_{χ} of 3,300 to approximately 5.5 at Re_{χ} of 1,000,000. Assuming the particle travels a distance d, the diameter of the canister, we find

$$Re_{x} = \frac{v_{x} d}{v_{air}}$$
 (A.28)

where v_{X} is the velocity in the canister and is assumed to be 25 percent of the velocity leaving the 1/4 inch inlet line (i.e., 0.25 v).

The equations in this appendix have been put in a computer program, CONCENTRATION, in order to quickly analyze the TiCl, concentration present in different flows under various conditions. One inputs temperature, pressure, and jet velocity (this specifies volumetric flow rate for the specific test arrangement). Some results are given in Table A-III. The concentration of TiCl, given in parts per thousand by volume, is small in all instances and can be justifiably ignored as an influence on the flow under study. This general statement is not applicable in flows of very low velocity (< 5 cm/s) and high seeding. Changes in flow patterns have been observed when seeding rates increased to a maximum value at these low velocities. The density and temperature gradients induced by adding the seed have a longer time over which to act, so natural convection can no longer be ignored. In other instances, however, the effect of the seed on the flow development and transport of mass, momentum, and energy can be ignored.

TABLE A-III CONCENTRATION OF TiCl4

AXISYMMETRIC SET (D = 1 cm)

TEMP (OK)	P (atm)	U (m/s)	k (cm/s)	C (ppt)		
260	1	7.52	1.15	0.18		
270	1	7.52	1.17	0.38		
280	1	7.52	1.19	0.76		
290	1	7.52	1.21	1.43		
300	1	7.52	1.23	2.57		
310	1	7.52	1,25	4.39		
320	ī	7.52	1.27	7.19		
330	1	7.52	1.28	11.36		
260	1	3.05	0.55	0.21		
270	1	3.05	0.56	0.45		
280	1	3.05	0.57	0.89		
290	1	3.05	0.58	1.67		
300	1	3.05	0.59	3.00		
310	ī	3.05	0.60	5.12		
320	1	3.05	0.61	8.39		
330	ī	3.05	0.62	13.25		

APPENDIX B: <u>VALIDATION OF THE</u> MIE SCATTERING METHOD

A set of experiments was designed to test the validity of the Mie scattering method (MSM) for determining the shedding frequency of vortex structures in various flows. The peak frequency of velocity fluctuations corresponds to the rate at which vortex structures pass and can provide important information for understanding flow dynamics. example, vortex pairing has occurred when the frequency of the fluctuating velocity is halved (Chen and Schmoll, 1987). Frequency spectra can be obtained from LDA, hot wire, or hot/cold wire experiments. When LDA is used, seeding rates must be sufficient to ensure that data rates fulfill the Nyquist criterion (i.e., the data rate must be at least twice the highest frequency component one is trying to measure). This must be done to avoid losing any frequency higher than the Nyquist frequency (half the sampling rate) and avoid having the undersampled high frequencies show up as spurious low frequencies, a phenomenon known as aliasing (Malmstadt et al, 1981). As discussed in Section 4, seeding problems arise if flow rates are extremely low, such as those in the present study. Data rates are often too low to provide spectral information. The MSM could provide a viable way of determining important shedding frequencies. The method was never previously validated, so a set of experiments was designed to check its validity. Previous use of the MSN for determining shedding frequencies was inconclusive because many frequencies often resulted from the Fourier analyses. Complex signals made it impossible to interpret the results in a satisfactory manner. If one could fix the vortex shedding frequency at a given value, the MSM could be used, and the results should be much easier to interpret.

An axisymmetric jet configuration was used to test the Mie scattering method. The test set-up is shown in Figures B-1 and B-2. A facility for diagnostic testing was being established by the project sponsor, and this is where the validation took place. The flow system used dry air brought through a flow meter (Fisher Porter model using Tube No. 85-27-10/77), through a seeder, and then through a 1 meter tube. Nozzle exit diameter was 1 centimeter. Acoustic forcing was used in this experiment in order to "drive" the flow. A sinusoidal input, one whose frequency and amplitude could be varied, is provided to the speaker. The acoustic wave is transmitted to the flow through a thin rubber membrane (part of a surgeons glove) which is placed over the line that fits into the bottom of the tee which is located at the bottom of the 1 meter tube. Flexible tubing was inserted in the inner horn of the speaker and led to the bottom of the tee fitting. The glove is used to protect the speaker and other equipment from potential contamination

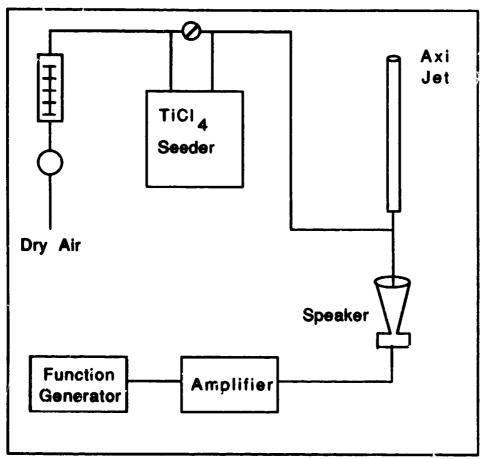


Figure B-1 Flow System for Mie Scattering Method Validation

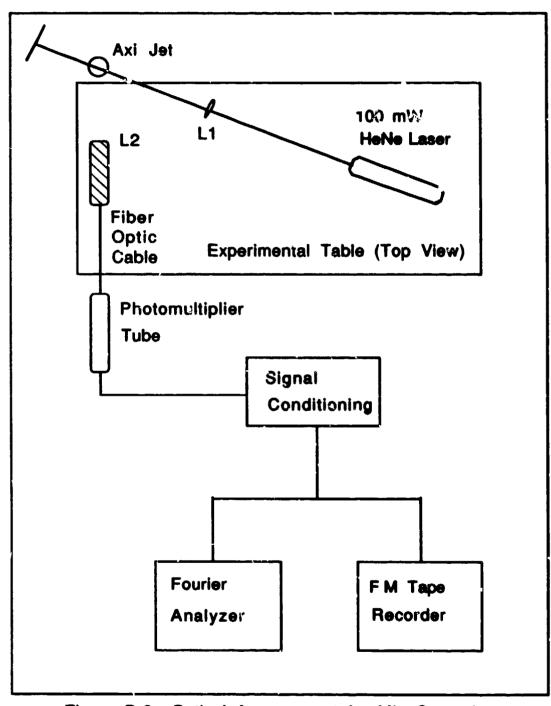


Figure B-2 Optical Arrangement for Mis Scattering Method Validation

from the HCl which is formed in the reaction of the TiCl₄. The optical arrangement is the same as the one described in Section 2.

A variable speed strobe was used to "freeze" the motion of the jet. This visualization technique helps identify the structures' shedding frequencies. A strobe and the MSM were used to determine the natural (i.e., unforced) shedding frequency of the jet shown in Figure B-1 will velocity 4 m/s. The facility used did not allow for the elimination of outside disturbances, so the presence of several different frequencies was expected. It was difficult to exactly "freeze" the jet motion using the strobe, and the Fourier transform of the light scattering signal, shown in Tigure B-3, did contain several frequencies. The flow appeared closest to being frozen by the strobe at approximately 365 Hz. The value of 365 Hz is not seen exactly in Figure B-3, but the two strongest peaks surround that value. The peak at 437.5 Hz may result from external disturbances or the jet may be nearing a flow condition where transition to a higher shedding rate will take place. The frequency is certainly not negligible, but the MSM cannot tell the source of the instabilities. This various be left must investigator.

Acoustic forcing was then used to raise the level of the natural instability, assumed to be 365 Hz, well above

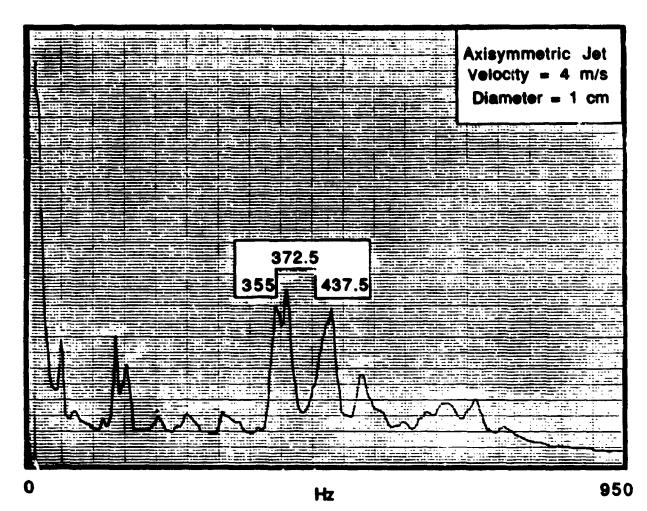


Figure B-3. Natural Jet Vortex Shedding Frequency Spectrum

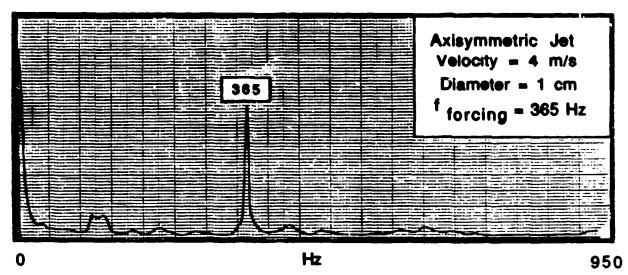


Figure B-4. Forced Jet Frequency Spectrum 114

exactly what Crow and Champagne (1971) did in their classic experiment. If the MSM is unambiguous, only one frequency should be evident. If not, perhaps the additional frequencies would become clear. For example, one might speculate that both vortex size and spacing would yield frequencies when spectral analysis was performed. If two frequencies result when the jet is forced, one could measure vortex size and spacing and, with the velocity, see how close this is to the observed result.

Figure B-4 shows the frequency spectrum when the jet is forced at its natural frequency. Only one component of frequency exists, and it is the shedding frequency of the large scale structures. This fact was verified using the strobe (which was synchronized with the oscillator). Note the scales on the y-axes of Figures B-3 and B-4. Although the vertical scales in the two figures display arbitrary units, the scales may be compared against one another. The natural jet spectrum must be multiplied by a factor of 8 to achieve the levels shown, while the forced jet has a factor of only 2. Thus, forcing has effectively eliminated the background. These experiments prove the MSM is a useful tool in obtaining the shedding frequencies for the vortex structures in different flowfields.

APPENDIX C: LDA DATA SUMMARY

- 1. RUN SUMMARY OF THE 6 FLOW CONDITIONS IN THE PRESENT STUDY
- 2. DATA FOR ALL RUNS
 - SET UP AS 2 ROWS OF INFORMATION FOR EACH DATA POINT
 - SET UP IS AS FOLLOWS

$$X$$
 Y Z u v u_{rms} v_{rms} $(\overline{u^{i}v^{i}})_{n}$
 S_{ii} K_{ii} S_{ij} K_{ij} 0 0 $(T.K.E.)_{n}$

- u Mean axial velocity
- v Mean transverse (radial) velocity
- \mathbf{u}_{rms} Root mean square of fluctuating axial velocity
- u Root mean square of fluctuating transverse velocity
- (u'v')_n Normalized Reynold stresses
- S, Skewness of u
- K, Kurtosis of u
- S, Skewness of v
- K_v Kurtosis of v
- $(T.K.E.)_n$ Normalized turbulent kinetic energy

Table C-I LDA Run Summary

U.	(CM/8)	Uj (cm/s)	2 (MM)	Run sequence	DATA QUALITY
	27.5	18.5	6	9029-9054	GOOD
			10	9055-9080	GOOD
			20	9081-9106	GOOD
			40	9107-9132	GOOD
			60	9133-9158	GOOD
		22.2	6	9159-9184	GOOD
			10	9185-9210	GOOD
			20	9211-9236	GOOD
			40	9237-9262	GOOD
			60	9263-9288	GOOD
		27.8	6	8924-8949	GOOD
			10	8898-8923	GOOD
			20	8950-8975	GOOD
			40	8976-9001	GOOD
			60	9002-9028	GOOD
		33.3	6	9289-9314	GOOD
			10	9315-9340	GOOD
			20	9341-9366	EXCELLENT
			40	9367-9392	EXCELLENT
			60	9393-9419	EXCELLENT
		37.0	6	9420-9445	EXCELLENT
			10	8798-8823	GOOD
			20	8824-8844	GOOD
		}	40	8845-8871	GOOD
			60	8872-8897	GOOD
		51.8	10	9446-9471	EXCELLENT
		[20	9472-9497	EXCELLENT
			60	9502-9527	EXCELLENT
]	120	9530-9551	EXCELLENT

Fiet Hat:	_	45				
-0.0.5	45 	3.000	1.343	0.240	1 1944 54 14	0.22551+00-2.47325-32
•		3.023	6.405			
~ ∪.∪.4	146. 146.42-	5.933		0.000	0.00001400	0.0000110 0.20222400
-4.445		0.075	1.343	3.043	J.1670£+UU	0.2.332+30 3.24425-01
3.364	2.735		4,113).Out	9.00001+33	0.00002+30 3.17352+30
-5.033	-17.075	5.795	y.33?	9.044	J.1037E+JO	U.2060E+30-U.1411E-01
3.517	2.751	0.053	3.795	0.000	0.00006+00	0.00000+00 0.15736+00
-2.005	-14.775	3.995	3.334	0.050	0.15351+00	SC-26487.6-00-357362.0
5.053	2.617	3.373	3.751	0.000	0.0000000	0.00001400 0.11351400
-0.335	-13.335	5.945	3.303	3.0.4	0.15764400	U-1924E+U0-J-11111-01
3.033	2.757	0.321	3.717	0.000	0.00001+00	0.00001430 3.17342400
-3.005	-11.010	5.995	0.227	2.0.6	0.15638+00	0.1865E+00 0.5471E-U2
0.0.0	2.944	3.112	3.413	0.300	3.00001+30	2.0000E+30 U.1732E+33
-0.005	-4.990	>.995	3.105	0.039	0.1-316+00	0.20936+00-1.14.24-02
0.012	3.034	9.126	4.053	0.000	0.0000E+00	0.00008+33 0.13752+02
-0.005	-6.973	5.995	0.013	0.025	0.16658+30	0.21456-00-0.39706-02
-0.010	2.767	0.236	4.217	0.000	0.0000100	0.00002+30 0.17422+30
-0.005	-9.000	5.995	-0.010	0.053	0.16459+00	0.2062+30 3.43155-02
3.057	3.221	0.037	4.222	0.000	0.0000E+33	0.00006+30 0.1055=+30
-0.015	-3.010	5.7.3	-3.024	0.015		0.20216+00 0.17715-01
-0.027	2.925	0.153	•.109	0.000	0.0006401	0.000011.75-00
-3.035	-4.035	3.335	-0.004	9.013	0.17316+00	0.20301.101.10535-01
0.017	3.437 -2.000	0.051	4.021 3.024	0.030	9.00905+00	0.00008+00 0.19138+00
-0.035	123	5.955		0.015	9.1745E+JU	0.1974=+30 0.4344=-02
3.057		J. 137	4.003	0.000	0.00008+30	0.000028-00 2.13558+00
-0.005	-0.005	5. 7.2	1.157	0.635	3.21725+33	V-2003c+03 3.1773=-31
4.4.4	2.531	0.104	4.135 3.297	3.033	0.00006+33	0.00005+30 3.20455+30
-0.005	-1.333	5.773 0.251		9.340	1.23015+00	9-21-48+39 3-33152-31
	2.511			0.500	0.00002+10	0.30008+30 1.5-425+03
-u.303 J.175	-0.310 3.217	5.445	3.231 3.275	0.0+0	7.21446+30	0.212:1+10 3.7534:-32
-0.000	1.315	5.995			0.00006+00	0.00002+00 0.21552+00
-0.005	3.454	-0.027	J.057 5.943	0.024 0.000	0.17976+00	0.21216+00 0.1037:-01
-0.0.5	2.035	5.995	-3.007	0.000	0.000018+00	0.00002+30 3.19562+00
0.335	3.170	0.137	-3.007	3.000	0.17538+30	0.21606+00 0.20456-01
-0.005	2.995	5.795	-0.010	0.014	0.00002430	0.000te+00 J.1957±+00
0.02:	2.932	J. 061	4.032	0.000		0.20148+00 0.10256-01
-0.005	4.033	5.995	0.004	0.003		0.00005+00 0.13275+00
U.USO	2.994	0.065	3.330	0.021	0.00005+00	0.1961e+00 0.3301E+01 0.0000E+00 0.1790E+00
0.033	3.005	5.995	J.35¢	0.004		
0.035	2.745	-3.025	3.74)	0.000		0.20172+00 0.15252-01
0.000	3.775	5.975	3.073	-0.009		0.000002+00 0.18535+00
-0.033	2.935	0.095	3.870	0.030		
0.000	6.995	5.995				0.00002+00 0.1335+00
3.5.3	2.973	-0.325	J.165 4.372	-0.004	0.1672E+00	3.21276+00-3.1115=-01
3,300				5.000		0.00005+00 0.19135+00
	7.015 2.737	5.995	J.:74	-0.015		0.17006+00-0.43375-03
0.021 0.000	11.005	0.183	3.551	0.000		0.00008+00 0.17725+00
		5.995	0.320	-0.021	0.15096+00	
-0.051	2.705	3.046	3.533	0.000	0.00006+33	0.00008+00 0.17196+00
0.000	13.010	5.995	0.333	-0.016		0.2024E+30-).4357E-J2
-0.038	2.630	2.175	4.227	0.000	0.00006+00	0.00008+00 0.13003+00
0.050	14.770	5.995	0.339	-0.014	0.15916+03	
0.046	2.994	-3.003	3.552	0.000	4.00005+33	0.00006+00 0.14136+00

PILE NAME: SJP355AU 30 3.030 -24.943 3.333 3.041 0.15UDE+00 0.2J17E+00 J.1454E-02 2.600 J.0:1 0.437777.0 00+30000E+00 0.1777E+00 -0.024 3.837 0.030 -23.030 7.995 0.345 0.053 0.1568E+00 G.1977E+00 0.000 3.934 3.112 J. 1758E+JO 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 C. 0-U 2.484 1.795 0.000 -17.773 0.343 0.054 U.1531E+30 G.1766E+U0 -0.017 2.432 3.607 -0.023 0.000 0.000 -14.990 7.775 0.332 9.059 0.15384+00 0.19554+00 J.1532E-01 3.047 4.072 -0.032 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 3.17376+00 -).0-3 0.15578+90 0.19298+00-3.24108-01 0.000 -13.005 7.775 J.307 0.063 2.975 0.117 4.253 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 J.1733E+J0 650.0 **5.000** -11.000 7.775 J.334 0.053 0.15474+00 J.1913E+U0 J.1155E-U1 2.913 3.637 0.000 -0.037 -0.311 0.0000E+00 J.0000E+00 J.1742E+00 2,775 S0-391C6.C 00+58691.C 00+3897.0 0.000 -7.300 J.123 U.047 0.00006+30 0.00006+30 0.17+14+30 0.000 2.876 0.044 5:012 0.000 450.0 0.000 -7.313 7.445 0.031 0.1604E+00 0.200cE+00 0.1e3ee-01 3.120 -0.049 0.000 U.0000E+30 9.0000E+30 0.1:14:+00 0.007 4.214 0.033 7.995 -3.001 0.15486+00 0.2023:+30-0.2433:-01 3.003 -6.335 0.035 2.757 0.067 3.652 3.000 0.00006+00 0.00005+00 0.18313+00 0.015 0.005 0.14236+00 0.19996+00 J.23336-03 -3.333 7.995 0.000 0.000 -0.021 3.170 J.118 3.537 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.13216+00 0.1635E+00 0.1763E+30-0.5357±-31 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1635E+00 7. 335 0.050 3.000 -4.035 0.006 2.572 0.035 -J.JE7 3.841 9.000 -3.000 J.1625E+30 0.1933E+09-J.4375E-01 0.005 7.975 J.113 -0.002 3.761 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.JUJCE+30 J.17573+00 0.023 2.944 -3.011 3.335 -2.335 7.945 J.155 0.006 0.15368+00 0.19518+00+0.47335-01 -0.010 0.052 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17558+00 3.937 2.7-1 2.030 9:00 -1.635 7.945 J.135 0.15216+30 0.17036+30 0.14744-31 0.005 2.743 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.1725:+00 0.057 -0.322 3.815 0.000 3.153 10-55645.6 30+20761.0 00+35421.0 3.305 -0.005 7.975 0.030 ひしひょさ 2.347 0.023 3.451 0.010 J.03J3E+J3 0.0000c+J0 J.174Jz+00 1.775 3.345 7.475 J.1596E+3J 3.1741E+JU J.7745E-U1 J.UUJ 0.33× 3.372 2.355 9.040 -.071 0.000 0.9900E+90 0.0000E+00 J.1777E+33 1. 475 U-035 7.775 J.0-3 J.15545+30 O.17265+30 J.co375-31 0.000 0.050 -0.034 2.737 :.773 3.000 0.30035+33 0.036622400 0.17302400 3.15646440 3.14346400 4.13166-32 3.314 0.005 0.005 7. 773 3.314 u.0-4 1.737 3.302 3.093 0.000 0.0000E+00 U.60000E+00 1.17522+03 J.1515E+JJ U.16*8E+Uu-J.1439E-U1 3.005 3.775 7. 775 1.361 3.001 -J.J97 J.00005+30 0.00606+30 0.17:15+30 -0.033 3.051 3.575 3.000 3.335 5.000 3.775 J.072 -0.001 J.1502E+UU U.105Vz+UU J.1570E-J1 3.072 U. 094 3.347 0.000E+00 0.00JuE+00 J.1717E+00 1.012 0.010 0.000 3.775 7.995 J. 131 -3.911 0.15475+00 0.19232+00 0.33732-02 2.711 4.275 3.052 0.374 0.333 0.454111 0C+30CC0.0 OC+30UOU.U 0.005 0.975 7.995 6.192 -J.011 U.1515E+JU U.1830E+OJ J.1935E-J1 9.924 3.724 0.024 2.653 0.000 0.00108+00 0.00008+00 1.15308+00 065.0 0.005 5.730 7.775 -0.020 J.1553E+JJ J.188aE+JJ-J.5434E-DZ -0.042 3.776 C.003 3.329 0.000 0.000JE+30 0.COJUE+30 J.1727E+30 0.005 13.970 7.795 3.312 -0.021 0.15592+30 0.19652+00 0.29432-01 2.945 3.305 -0.027 4.315 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17358+00 0.005 13.005 1.915 3.337 -0.014 U.1564E+33 3.1944E+30 3.6512E-03 -0.015 0.075 4.053 2.633 0.000 0.J030E+30 0.00C3E+03 J.1754±+00 G.003 14.975 7.775 3.335 -0.011 0.1524E+30 0.1942E+00 J.2575E-J1 0.101 2.344 3.153 0.000 0.3000E+30 0.0000E+33 3.1745E+33 4.150

FILE MARE: SJFJ81KU 0.000 -30.030 23.005 0.339 9.1497E+00 0.1842E+J0 0.75751-03 0.041 -3.021 3.359 0.000 -0.024 2.431 0.330 -24.990 53,003 3.337 0.046 0.1515E+00 0.1952E+00 J.3634E-03 2.412 -0.036 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00001+00 0.17471+00 3.002 3.085 0.000 -50-930 20.000 J.334 0.057 0.10206+30 U.21476+UU-J.17535-31 -0.053 3.019 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000L+00 J.1+13E+30 -0.314 4.512 0.15418+00 0.1448E+30 J.33721-02 3.003 -1>.033 **23.00**9 3.325 0.054 3.041 2.757 3.495 0.00008+30 0.00008+00 0.17+31+00 0.117 0.000 -13.01J 0.15858+00 0.19426+30 0.33346-02 0.000 \$0.000 COE.0 0.051 3.030 -0.027 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17736+00 -3.002 3.076 0.000 0.261 0.1520E+00 0.1933E+00 J.2517E-01 3.005 -11.010 20.000 0.055 0.010 2.417 2.032 3.981 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1739E+0U 3.190 0.047 0.005 -4.775 20.000 9.1557E+00 0.1946E+00 0.6143E-02 0.00002+30 0.00002+30 3.17521+03 3.338 2.735 -0.032 3.365 0.000 -7.015 0.15542+30 0.20126+00-0.15424-01 3.3.0 20.001 0.125 0.041 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+30 J.1630E+30 -8.014 3.377 0.102 4.135 0.000 -3.000 43.000 0.026 0.15344420 0.18754400-3.11704-01 3.005 0.079 3.077 0.00008400 0.000008+00 0.17248+00 2.430 0.000 0.021 0.033 3.335 -5.035 20.300 0.07-0.052 SU-38581.C-CU+47091.0 CO+38881.0 3.07-0.000 3.0.0 0.122 4.037 0.015 -4.010 20.000 1.073 0.017 0.15548+00 0.16476+00-1.1029:-02 3.945 4.011 2.424 3.302 3.036 0.00002+00 0.000000+00 0.17074+00 3.005 -3.013 59.330 0.035 9.015 0.16608+00 0.19568+00-0.40738-01 4.3.1 3.045 -3.917 3.553 0.000 U. JODUE+JU G. DOUGE+UJ J. 1215E+JJ J.17495+30 J.21666+0U-J.23526-U1 7.013 3.445 -5.032 23.300 3.3+3 0.035 0.00002+80 0.00002+30 0.13532+30 0.110 3.533 4.074 0.033 J.1476E+39 0.1665E+30-J.2095E-01 -1.333 156.6 4.1.5 57. JA2 3.093 2.755 3.310 0.070 - 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1532E+00 -à.↓53 1.346 9.011 0.1545 E+33 0.19412+00 J.:1432-02 0.000.0 0.355 1.011 20.000 J.104 0.010 2.637 0.031 3.542 6.600 J.15266+JJ J.19696+JJ-J.34346-J1 4.333 7.330 57.022 3.733 9.014 4.053 4.039 3.145 1.001 9.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17353+00 0.15571+00 0.16372+10 0.21525-01 1.775 50.000 3.07-0.035 3.445 3.737 -3.3.1 2.413 0.052 0.000 0.30008+03 0.00008+03 3.1733:+33 0.035 2.715 23.300 3.103 0.002 J.1657E+30 J.19672+00 J.14772-01 3,452 3.460 0.150 •. •36 0.000 0.3000E+33 3.0000E+30 3.1327E+33 4.000 0.1646E+00 0.2005E+00-0.10155-01 4.005 20.000 J.122 -0.004 0.033 3.275 3.037 4.100 9.003 0.0000E+00 U.000CE+00 U.1834E+00 3.335 23.000 -0.003 0.15382+00 0.19612+00 0.1515:-01 .. 770 3.15-2.951 3.014 3.637 0.342 0.000 0.030 <0.033 2.16012+30 0.17448+30-0.20375-02 3.305 0.500 -0.017 2.724 0.040 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17308+00 4.115 0.000 J. 36 s J. 015 7.000 23.300 3.435 -0.020 3.15808+33 0.19636+30-3.3.246-33 J.J033E+J9 U.OOUUE+U0 G.17/JE+39 0.030 2.574 -3.303 4.173 0.033 0.035 *.300 33.003 1.200 -0.012 U.1570E+30 J.1944E+00-0.70752-02 2.7+3 0.124 1.091 0.000 0.015 J.305JE+30 0.00w(E+33 J.1757E+03 0.335 11.013 53-003 J.314 -9.011 -.019 4.00+ 3.033 9.109 0.000 U.3000E+03 0.0000E+00 3.1:33E+09 12.935 29.000 U.1556E+30 U.2UU4E+33-U.1350E-01 0.035 3.327 -0.013 0.00008+30 0.00008+00 0.13375+00 -0.025 2.865 -3.037 3.955 0.000 15.003 0.335 \$3.003 -0.016 0.1572E+00 0.1767E+00 J.2322E-01 3.330 -0.031 2.472 3.353 3.844 0.000 0.00001+00 0.00001+00 0.17401+00

FILE NAME: JJ71J7XU 35 1.000 -9.005 9.332 0.035 0.1530E+00 0.1916E+00-J.1373E-01 -27. 770 0.00308+33 0.00008+03 0.173-4+00 6.000 3.047 J.000 2.750 0.013 0.000 J.330 U. 044 0.1549E+J0 0.1894E+U0-J.2377c-J2 -23.335 40.005 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 0.1730E+00 3.05-U.024 2.757 0.357 J.14946+00 U.1655E+Uy-J.1735E-01 3.000 -23.035 ÷0.J05 0.339 0.042 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.15340+00 3.637 -6.034 1.774 0.040 J.1528E+U3 0.1884E+U3 0.1134E-U1 0.035 -15.035 -9.005 3.315 0.043 2.791 3.497 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17138+00 0.014 -3.023 0.1520E+33 0.1865E+00-9.16362-01 0.005 -12.970 -0.005 0.303 0.037 ...20 0.075 3.545 9.000 9.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 3.1712E+30 0.043 3.277 0.1459E+00 U.200UE+0U U.27235-01 0.005 -11.010 49.005 0.052 0.007 3.343 0.043 3.375 U. 90U 0.0000£+00 0.000UE+JU J.1751E+J0 U.1517E+0J 0.1,54L+UJ U.4159E-01 40.005 0.042 J.2-5 0.303 -3.775 J.0000E+33 0.0000E+03 3.1747E+03 2.839 -0.045 0.307 3.750 0.000 -7.300 40.005 0.205 0.043 0.1534E+00 J.1894E+00 J.3685E-01 v.ÇJS 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1725E+00 2.713 -0.0-7 -0.331 3.437 0.000 0.005 -6.000 40.303 0.173 0.046 0.1534E+00 D.2002E+30 J.1315E-01 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 0.1733E+00 3.057 3.301 2.919 0.103 0.1516E+03 0.1952E+30 0.2003E-01 0.003 -5.333 40.005 0.170 0.043 0.000 0.0002+00 0.00002+00 0.17652+00 -0.uly 2.773 -3.194 4.13, 3.1565E+03 0.1732E+30 J.4375E-32 0.335 0.155 0.035 -4.013 40.105 4.192 2.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17675+00 2.957 0.127 0.050 0.005 -3.035 40.005 5.145 0.028 0.15345+00 0.19306+00 0.44746-02 3.727 0.000 3.103 0.00001+00 0.00001+00 0.17452+00 2.333 0.013 9.1691E+J0 0.20378+J0 9.1J47E-01 -2.013 40.005 3.144 0.015 3.005 0.000 0.00905+00 0.00006+00 0.13325+00 3.120 3.055 4.005 6.023 -1.000 0.1546E+00 0.1932E+00-0.1312E-01 40.003 -0.002 0.005 U.1+5 ٠,953 4.094 0.000 0.000011-00 0.000011-00 0.175011-00 3.103 J. 345 0.1525E+00 0.1905E+30-3.3217E+32 J. 110 43.305 0.150 2.005 5.335 3.947 0.00000+00 0.00005+00 J.1757E+03 0.000 2.735 0.030 3.310 0.16446+30 0.1932=+00-0.25398-03 J.933 -0.005 J.137 -0.002 0.035 3.211 3.713 0.00.01+00 0.00001+00 0.177-1+00 0.110 5.090 -:...: -3.004 0.15626+00 0.19286+00-0.21255-01 9.035 1.775 43.365 J.133 0.30001+03 9.03002+33 3.17342+03 2.792 3.455 0.000 J.041 3.3-3 2.990 40.005 0.210 -0.014 0.15876+00 0.15596+00-0.24108-01 0.005 3.073 3.035 3.030 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17335+00 3.0.7 0.313 40.00> 3.217 -6.312 0.15468+03 0.19348+00-0.23502-01 0.005 -.033 0.09305+00 0.00006+30 3.17505+00 2.543 J. 503 0.000 0.052 u.035 J. UUS 4.930 40.005 1.230 -7.013 U.1549E+00 U.18742+JO-J.13772+01 3.533 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17192+00 0.000 2.944 0.029 3.324 0.035 5.770 40.335 1.252 -0.003 0.15786+00 0.17146+00-0.13736-01 0.000 3.725 0.30006+30 0.30006+33 3.17545+33 2.334 2.017 7.0.7 0.305 7.000 40.003 J.273 -0.011 J.1636E+31 0.2000E+00-0.1532E-32 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.1314E+00 0.1515E+30 0.1948E+00 0.1277E-01 3.733 0.000 2.752 0.090 0.003 F.033 .0.000 3.293 -0.003 0.005 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1745E+00 0.038 2.751 0.003 3.737 0.000 11.015 -0.013 0.15576+00 0.19766+00-0.35315-03 0.035 40.005 2.313 2.324 9.041 4.042 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.17752+50 9.055 0.1519E+U0 0.1911E+JU 0.7312E-02 13.010 40.005 0.317 -0.001 0.005 3.971 0.000 U.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1720E+00 2.384 0.154 -0.003 14.970 0.323 -9.005 0.15356+00 0.19356+00 3.54456-02 0.005 .0.005

0.000

0.00001490 0.000016490 0.17445400

0.000

2.813

0.121

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FILE NAME: SJP133XO 3.330 -29.990 59.795 0.333 0.027 0.15478+00 0.18826+30 3.11986-31 0.000 -3.365 2.330 -0.015 j.6-1 U.400UE+30 U.0000E+30 J.1723L+30 9.005 0.1566E+99 0.1703E+30 0.12362-01 -25.035 39.775 1.115 950.0 U.QuS 3.012 3.133 3.733 0.000 57.975 0.1-791-00 0.17591-00-0.14511-02 -17.775 v.005 0.331 0.032 -0.011 3.891 2.720 0.137 0.000 0.434471.0 0.43000 0.0.17446+00 -14.995 0.313 59.975 9.027 0.1502E+U0 L.1855E+UU J.2373E-01 0. 333 -0.017 2.715 0.024 3.473 0.000 0.00004+00 0.00004+00 0.16434+00 0.333 u. 305 -13.035 57.775 0.031 U.1509E+03 0.1572E+09 0.7171E-02 0.000 -0.055 2.754 0.227 3.410 0.00000+30 0.00000+30 0.17336+30 U. 033 57.775 2.233 J.3751E-01 -10.975 0.035 0.15651+00 0.19371+00 2.876 0.000000000 0.000000000 -0.035 -7.002 3.721 0.000 3.1751 = +03 59.995 -7.005 J.14808+00 0.18916+00 U.4525E-01 3.005 1.254 0.033 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.1671E+00 -0.0i0 0.011 2.740 3.45. 6.305 -6.990 > 7.995 0.225 0.027 0.15898+00 0.17248+00 J.25378-01 2. 777 0.0000E+30 0.000E+30 -0.039 -0.033 3.675 0.000 J. 1755±+00 0.305 -0.335 j7.975 £15.C 0.032 3.1548E+00 0.1937E+00 0.2633E-01 3.670 1.043 2.572 0.040 3.000 0.0000E+J0 0.000GE+U0 0.1754E+U0 54.045 U.1557E+00 0.1575E+00 U.5150E-01 3.003 ->. 419 9.203 0.020 0.00006+30 0.00006+00 0.17836+00 -3-3-0 i.dJ3 -0.031 3.257 0.030 3.005 --. 335 9.177 0.025 J.1521E+J0 0.193UE+00 U.17J1E-01 54.475 4.730 2.117 0.000 0.000014-00 0.00008+00 0.17173+00 3.003 3.043 0.305 -3.033 54.995 3.187 0.019 3.15824+00 0.17148+30 0.43782-02 -0.34: 5.47. 3.300 3.615 0.000 J.3000E+U3 0.0003E+30 J.1755E+J0 5.303 -2.313 3.135 39.995 0.012 J.1558E+33 J.1947E+JU J.1519E-01 0.097 0.6.5 3.033 1.03) 0.000 U.JJJJE+UJ 9.00UUE+JU J.1753E+JJ -1.335 59.995 J.1587E+JJ 0.1y28E+DU-J.5217E-JZ U. U.S 3.154 0.00: 3.95) 0.000 0.01c 3.337 -3.344 J.0000E+00 0.0300E+30 1.1705E+30 3.005 -3.310 57.775 3.175 0.011 0.17148+00 0.21336+00-0.33145-01 4.371 -3.047 3.152 3.014 0.000000+30 0.000000+00 3.1735c+30 0.000 J.237 3.005 0.990 j 7. 795 -0.001 0.15526+00 0.19676+00-0.22211-01 ...13 3.927 0.013 0.000 3.003 0.03006+39 0.00006+90 0.17355+90 1. 270 59.715 ù. Juš 1.211 -0.001 9.10214+03 0.19466+00-3.21736-01 160.6 -3.03: 2.733 -0.030 0.000 J.0000E+90 0.0000E+00 J.1772±+00 .. 993 ひっひゅう 34.975).234 3.000 3.15436+30 0.17356+03-3.13376-01 2.343 3.300 -0.030 3.935 3.030 9.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1775E+00 3. 223 37.795 1.647 9.1617E+39 3.1927E+33-3.5235E-32 0.005 0.094 3.025 2.9:3 り. リミラ 3.513 0.000 0.J0008+33 9.0000E+00 J.1777E+00 4.775 0.005 54.45 -0.615 U.1553E+0J U.190Uk+0J-J.1931:-01 4.207 0.J000E+09 J.0000E+33 J.1735E+93 -0.001 2.733 3.071 3.754 0.030 0.0us 5.770 57.745 0.15398+00 0.19128+00-0.23742-01 J.274 0.007 3.601 3.025 2.937 J.371 0.000000+00 0.000ce+00 0.1735e+00 0.000 0.005 7.000 57.975 J. Z is 0.000 0.1511E+00 0.1923E+J0-0.3533E-U1 2.554 -0.301 3.043 3.627 0.000 0.00002+00 0.000028+00 0.17272+00 0.005 0.15355+00 0.17536+JO U.23355-01 7.035 >4.775 -0.035 3.303 3.032 2.845 J.063 3.817 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17438+00 0.005 10.975 J.312 0.004 0.15748+00 0.19172+00 0.22778-01 59.975 0.032 2.933 0.30336+00 0.00006+33 3.17556+30 0.006 3.625 0.000 0.005 0.1516E+30 0.1907E+00 0.2153E-01 13.000 57.795 0.323 0.001 -0.056 2.737 0.065 3.684 0.000 0.0000E+J0 0.0000E+00 J.1723E+00 0.005 14.775 54.995 J.325 0.010 U.1517E+UJ 0.1873E+UJ-J.2173E-UZ

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FILE NAME: SJ9159XU 20 0.000 ~30.020 0.046 0.1527E+00 0.1901E+JU J.5636E-J2 5.000 0.344 0.000 2.345 0.0000E+00 0.00GUE+30 0.1724E+00 0.005 0.026 3.707 -25.000 0.343 0.042 U.1529E+00 0.1915E+00 0.29552-01 0.335 5.545 9.077 3.577 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1735E+00 -0.031 2.315 0.005 -14.435 5.975 0.348 0.045 0.1565E+00 0.192E+00 0.2153E-02 2.973 4.137 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.17512+00 0.000 0.006 -0.041 0.048 0.035 -14.995 5.975 0.337 0.15286+00 0.18716+00 0.11826-01 2.753 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.170:E+00 3.020 0.001 3.232 0.319 0.047 0.035 -12.995 5.995 0.15466+00 0.19236+00 0.25646-01 2.770 3.342 0.000 0.3000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1745E+00 U.UÙB -).042 -11.035 5.995 0.237 0.043 0.15788+00 0.19066+00 0.12828-01 0.005 2.941 4.103 -3.061 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1750E+00 0.058 -9.000 5.995 0.115 0.031 0.1545E+00 0.1883E+00-0.1472E-01 0.005 2.577 4.201 0.319 -3.625 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17226+90 U.1578E+00 0.1931E+00-J.1237E-01 0.005 -7.035 5.995 0.009 0.025 3.879 0.019 3.156 0.079 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1753a+00 0.005 -0.075 U.1569E+00 0.1896E+00-0.2577E-02 5.995 -0.023 0.023 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+30 0.1740E+00 0.013 2.740 9.397 4.109 0.000 0.15974+00 0.1924#+00-0.3353#-02 3.035 ->.010 5.775 -3.02+ 0.022 -0.003 3.341 3.245 3.716 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.000CE+00 U.1757E+30 3.945 0.1512E+00 0.1890E+00 J.3397E-03 0.005 -4.005 0.006 0.019 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.17112+30 0.023 2.347 -0.015 3.647 0.000 -3.000 3.795 0.037 0.017 0.15746+30 0.18546+00 0.23076-01 0.000 3.491 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.1720±+30 J. 333 2.973 0.025 0.000 J.213 0.19216+00 0.22966+00 0.60135-02 0.005 -2.010 3.995 9.025 -0.007 0.260 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.2117:+00 3.334 3.353 0.039 U.23295+03 0.2207E+00 0.51775-01 0.005 -3.995 5.915 3.332 2.775 5.005 0.000 0.055 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.2270E+00 0.102 -3.335 5. 795 0.047 U.2136E+90 0.2329E+00 0.2338E-01 0.035 J.245 0.013 3.019 0.063 3.834 0.000 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.2235 1+00 J.153 0.005 3.990 5.995 0.030 0.1715E+J0 0.2036E+00 0.1431E-02 0.005 3.325 -0.032 4.355 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.1332:+00 0.16918+00 0.16986+00 0.10976-01 3.005 2.000 5.715 9.002 9.917 G.119 3.355 0.105 3.317 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1777E+00 -3.015 0.15578+00 0.18918+00-1.27728-02 0.005 2.970 5.975 9.995 2.373 0.013 0.024 3.633 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17322+00 0.005 0.1562E+00 0.1882E+00 J.1733E-J1 4.335 5.975 -0.008 7.011 U.076 0.90002+30 0.00002+30 0.17272+30 2.793 J.197 3.905 0.000 0.005 4.935 5.775 J.032 0.002 0.15262+00 0.18776+00-0.11546-02 0.000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1711E+00 -0.035 2.517 3.957 -9.043 0.000 0.005 5.775 5.7,5 J. 075 -0.009 J.1557E+30 U.1932E+JU-J.7935E-UZ 0.045 2.353 J. Ú51 4.412 0.000 0.00002+00 0.000002+00 0.17542+00 0.005 0.1529E+00 0.1663E+0J-0.5322E+02 7.935 5.995 0.158 -9.017 -0.002 2.337 0.039 4.020 ე.000 U.U0D0E+U3 0.0000E+U3 J.1734E+00 5.975 3.335 5.995 J. 276 -0.021 U.15405+00 U.1880E+JU U.1153E-01 U-046 2.713 0.032 3.657 0.000 0.0000E+33 0.0000E+30 3.1713E+00 0.1509E+00 0.1909E+00-0.7125E-02 0.005 11.035 5.975 0.326 -0.014 -0.056 2.747 -0.006 3.293 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1721E+00 12.990 0.005 5.995 0.340 -0.013 0.1567E+00 0.192ac+00-0.2483E-03 0.027 2.533 0.000 3.629 0.000 0.J0U0E+00 0.00UUE+00 U.1757E+00 14.970 0.005 5.995 0.343 -0.011 0.1528E+00 0.1963E+00 0.3063E-01 3.977

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FILE NAME: SJ9185XO 6 40 0.340 0.005 9.045 0.1518E+30 0.1941E+30 0.2135E-01 -33.020 10.005 0.000 2.750 0.131 4.171 0.9900E+30 0.0000E+00 J.1742E+00 -0.312 0.1577E+0J 0.1927E+0J 0.2075E-01 10.005 0.342 0.041 0.005 -24.775 -U.014 2.730 -0.971 3.631 0.000 Q.0000E+00 O.0000E+00 U.1761E+00 0.039 0.1510E+00 0.1930E+00 0.6750E-02 -17.975 10.005 0.347 0.305 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1733E+00 2.773 -0.011 0.105 3.711 0.050 0.15068+00 0.19028+00-0.13535-01 0.335 -1-.970 10.003 0.333 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1715E+00 0.045 2.839 -0.005 3.723 0.000 0.1493E+00 0.1879E+00-0.7952E-02 10.005 0.309 0.062 0.005 -12.735 2.723 0.075 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.16776+00 J.001 3.704 0.1485E+JO U.1859E+U0-U.7683E-U2 0.005 -11.005 10.005 3.246 0.059 2.733 3.573 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+JU 0.1532E+00 U.063 0.011 0.000 0.15946+00 0.19016+00-0.56596-03 0.035 -9.000 10.005 0.133 0.045 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+30 U.1754E+90 0.053 3.022 0.061 4.471 0.000 0.1548E+00 0.1881E+0U-0.2515E-01 -7.000 0.032 0.00> 10.005 0.020 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+J0 0.1723E+00 0.054 3.016 0.067 3.747 0.15688+00 0.19608+00-0.29328-01 -5.005 10.005 0.025 -3-002 0.003 -3.011 2.814 3.357 4.129 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000a+00 0.1775a+00 -3.010 10.305 0.1666E+00 0.2318E+00-3.1513E-91 -0.011 0.018 0.005 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1359E+00 -0.003 126.ذ 0.057 3.777 0.000 0.1597E+00 0.2017E+00-0.1.26E-01 0.005 -4.000 10.005 0.013 0.011 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1319E+03 0.000 3.014 2.992 -0.392 4.521 3.303 -3.000 10.005 3.392 0.010 U.1795E+00 U.2114E+UU-U.15}9E+J1 0.00005+00 0.0000E+00 0.1751E+00 0.2009E+00 0.2114E+00 0.1548E-07 0.123 0.000 **→.73**d 0.050 3.2)2 10.005 0.194 0.018 0.005 -2.013 0.191 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.2052E+00 3.334 4.764 0.052 -0.995 10.005 3.265 0.036 0.23236+00 0.25966+00 0.35356-01 3.005 3.329 7.631 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00005+00 0.24535+00 J.134 0.232 J.015 10.005 0.219 0.039 0.2144E+00 U.2115E+00 0.5711E-01 0.005 9.203 5.617 J.JJ00E+30 0.U090E+J0 J.213JE+UC 9.000 0.107 3.056 0.1862E+00 0.2198E+00 0.1055=~01 J.005 0.775 10.005 0.131 0.041 U.143 3.313 J. 272 5.095 0.000 9.0000E+09 0.0000E+30 0.2337E+33 U.1703E+3J 0.1967E+JU U.1055E-31 0.023 0.005 2.005 10.035 3.041 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00006+00 0.15409+00 0.072 3.172 0.004 3.773 U.1619E+00 0.1984E+0U-C.3355E-02 13.005 J. 005 3.035 0.013 0.016 0.00008+00 0.00006+00 0.13115+00 0.042 2.931 -0.020 3.310 0.000 J.1592E+00 0.1906E+00 0.6951E-02 0.035 3.995 10.035 3.025 0.003 0.172 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17553+00 -0.003 2.937 3.864 -0.006 0.1643E+J0 0.1876E+JU-0.3354E-U1 0.305 5.000 10.005 J.074 1.054 3.493 3.000 U.UJOUE+00 0.0000E+00 J.1754E+00 U. 357 3.103 0.133 5.975 -0.021 0.16492+00 0.20632+00-0.26745-01 0.005 10.005 0.053 3.072 3.314 4.252 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.G000E+00 0.1570E+00 0.975 0.005 10.005 0.192 -0.030 0.1681E+00 0.2092E+00-0.1156E-01 J.035 3.153 J. U17 4.321 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1373E+00 6.975 U.1559E+00 U.1947E+J0 U.1710E-02 0.005 10.005 0.299 -0.023 0.058 2.230 0.035 4.133 **ე.00**0 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 J.1753E+00 0.005 10.755 10.005 0.322 -0.021 0.1546E+00 0.16672+00 0.12742-01 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.1714E+00 0.000 2.550 -0.033 2.53s 0.000 0.005 12.999 10.005 0.335 -0.015 0.15288+00 0.16648+00-0.14568-01 2.791 0.000 3.695 0.00001+00 0.00001+00 0.17041+00 J.0-0 0.155 0.005 14.995 J.338 -0.018 0.1513E+00 0.1909E+00-3.2714E-02 10.005

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FILE NAME: SJ9211XU ذ 25 0.005 -21.770 20.005 0.537 0.044 0.1663E+00 0.2127E+00 0.1222E-01 3.000 0.026 4.945 G.000 3.212 -25.000 3.035 20.005 0.335 0.047 0.1681E+00 0.2 54E+00 0.79075-02 0.031 3.055 0.134 4.145 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+30 0.1935E+00 0.1563E+00 0.1911E+00 0.1035e-01 ú.ûj5 -23.335 20.005 0.329 0.045 -0.331 2.790 0.052 4.007 0.000 0.3030E+00 0.000UE+00 0.1745E+00 -14.995 0.1600E+00 0.1897E+00-0.1133E-01 i. Ju5 20.005 0.320 0.051 3.003 3.117 U. 025 3.944 0.000 0.000UE+00 0.03U0E+00 3.1755E+0U -13.010 0.319 0.005 20.005 0.056 0.1527E+00 C.1869E+00-0.2537E-J1 -0.014 2.777 0.230 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.17J7E+00 4.212 0.005 -10.785 20.000 0.257 0.057 0.1515E+00 0.1864E+00 0.3057E-01 0.023 2.765 J.160 3.819 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1673E+J0 0.005 -8.770 20.000 0.134 0.048 0.1477E+00 0.1931E+00 J.1135E-01 U. D. 6 2.712 0.092 3.780 0.000 U.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1717E+0J 0.115 0.034 0.005 -7.005 20.005 0.1562E+00 0.193UL+JU J.23J3E-U1 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1755E+00 ە د ن . ن 2.953 0.027 3.587 0.000 -5.995 0.005 20.000 0.033 0.036 U.1623E+00 U.2004E+UU J.7777E-JZ 3.026 0.024 3.703 0.000 0.00006+30 0.00006+00 0.14246+00 0.013 20.000 0.080 0.029 0.17286+00 0.21096+00 0.34756-01 0.015 -5.010 0.073 0.174 0.000 0.00006+30 0.000006+00 0.19236+00 3.142 4.311 0.035 -4.035 9.074 0.023 20.003 2.953 -0.014 3.973 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+JU J.1335E+UJ 0.040 -2.970 0.011 J.1785E+00 0.1954E+00-0.15686-01 0.003 20.000 J.033 0.157 0.057 4.023 0.000 3.053 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.18718+00 0.335 -2.010 20.000 0.102 0.011 U.1756E+33 0.1993E+3J U.1342E-31 0.000 0.115 3.992 2.321 -0.023 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.1378E+30 0.005 -3.995 20.003 0.113 0.013 0.1910E+00 0.202ZE+00 0.3433E-01 3.083 0.000 u.100 0.144 4.086 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17676+00 0.035 0.005 20.000 0.122 0.013 0.1948E+00 0.2076E+00 0.37296-01 3.172 4 • \$7ú 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.2013E+00 0.165 U.063 0.775 20.000 0.003 U.1674E+00 0.1998E+00 J.3233E-01 0.005 0.105 0.000 0.143 3.073 -0.137 3.921 0.J000E+00 J.0000E+00 J.1843E+00 0.005 1.770 20.000 0.102 0.001 0.10348+00 0.19078+00 0.21408-01 2.984 0.0000E+00 U.0000E+00 U.1775E+00 U. U. 1 0.037 3.532 0.000 0.005 2.795 20.003 0.113 -0.002 J.1615E+00 O.2046E+JU J.1293E-01 3.149 -0.010 4.270 3.157 0.000 U.0000E+00 U.000CE+30 J.1343E+00 0.003 3.995 20.00) 3.135 -0.011 J.1607E+00 U.1973E+00-J.2034E-01 -0.013 2.877 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000c+00 0.1777E+00 0.03/ 4.247 0.005 4.995 20.000 0.169 -0.015 0.15832+00 0.1866E+00-0.2270E-01 2.934 0.017 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1741E+JD IJ. Q1s 3.311 0.005 5.975 -0.017 0.1526E+00 0.1811E+00-0.35JsE-J1 20.000 3.197 2.722 -ŭ.Vis -0.121 3.742 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1574E+00 6.975 J.235 0.1598E+00 0.1841E+U0 U.4693E-03 3.005 20.000 -0.024 2.941 0.000 0.000DE+00 0.000CE+00 J.1724T+00 Ú. Ú40 -0.317 3.752 9.010 3.005 20.000 0.290 -0.021 0.1546E+00 0.1841E+00 J.2J39E-02 3.775 -0.015 2.341 7.067 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1700E+00 0.1488£+00 0.1659£+00 U.2525E-01 0.005 11.010 50.000 0.303 -0.019 0.000 0.034 2.732 -0.053 3.525 0.000CE+00 0.00U0E+0U J.1634E+00 13.000 0.1551E+00 0.18U6E+00-0.2302E-01 0.005 20.000 0.326 -0.015 -0.019 3.038 0.089 3.474 0.000 0.30006+00 3.00003+00 0.16346+00 14.995 0.005 20.000 0.323 -0.019 0.1482E+33 0.1657E+00 0.3963E-01 0.018 2.743 0.120 3.955 0.000 0.3000E+03 0.0000E+00 U.1530E+00 FILE NAME: SJ9237XU 26 3 0.331 0.005 -29.990 40.005 0.026 0.1546E+00 U.1893E+UU-U.3157d-U1 3.750 2.542 0.000 0.00008+30 0.00008+00 0.17232+00 3.019 -0.039 0.329 0.1515E+00 0.1927E+00-0.2163E-01 0.035 -25.000 43.005 0.005 4.377 0.000 0.00000000 0.000000000 0.17332+00 -0.017 2.717 0.046 J.1521E+30 0.1914E+00-0.4472E-02 -19.995 0.325 ^.005 0.030 40.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17294+00 0.021 2.600 9.104 3.674 0.200 0.1494E+00 0.1641E+JU-0.5250E-02 0.005 -14.975 40.005 0.315 0.027 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.16762+00 0.013 2.777 0.054 3.600 0.000 0.005 -13.010 0.15248+00 0.16946+00-0.93192-02 40.000 3.306 0.038 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1719E+00 3.757 0.056 0.000 -0.075 2.775 -11.310 0.273 0.034 0.15316+00 0.19276+00 0.27913-01 0.035 40.000 3.639 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1740E+03 -0.006 -0.003 0.000 2.379 0.005 -3.970 40-000 0.250 0.040 U.1616E+00 0.1855E+00 0.3750E-01 3.043 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1739E+00 0.059 3.427 0.000 0.025 0.15726+00 0.19516+00 0.22536-02 0.005 -7.010 40.000 0.203 0.043 -0.033 2.845 3.496 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.177ZE+00 0.003 0.191 0.034 U.1550E+00 0.187UE+U0 U.7348E-UZ 40.000 0.005 -5.005 0.013 0.000 -0.010 2.805 3.659 0.030 0.1526E+00 0.1905E+00 0.9433E-02 -5.010 40.000 0.159 0.005 -3.027 3.643 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1725E+00 -0.024 2.585 J.1640E+00 0.2025E+00 0.127JE-01 0.159 u. 000 -4.035 47.000 0.013 0.000 -0.012 2.747 -0.197 4.513 U.U000E+00 0.UU00E+00 0.1843E+00 0.027 -3.000 49.000 3.143 0.17266+00 0.21026+00 0.36395-01 0.005 4.410 0.00000490 0.00000400 6.17235+00 J. U. 5 3.125 -J.J5c 0.000 -1.770 40.000 J.147 0.025 U.1625E+00 U.1751E+JU-J.6347E-02 0.533 0.000 0.0000E+J0 0.0000E+QJ 0.17*52+0J 3.052 -3.0153.850 0.059 0.005 -1.335 40.000 0.150 0.015 U.1627E4U3 0.20c1=+U3 J.23256-01 2.791 0.015 3.373 0.000 0.0000e+00 0.0000e+00 0.1324e+00 1:0:1 J.17336+00 J.21076+00 J.7352E-03 0.005 J.315 •0.000 J.154 0.011 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00006+00 0.17275+00 0.045 3.146 J.185 4.565 1.000 U.1-013+00 U.1947E+00-U.1JP6E-01 0.000 -).000 J.163 0.035 -0.050 0.000 2.653 0.016 3.793 0.0300E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1732E+00 0.185 1.995 40.000 -0.006 U.1542E+JO U.1731E+U0-J.737UE-J2 0.005 -0.037 2.636 -0.002 3.454 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1747E+0J 2.775 0.203 40.000 -0.011 U.1522E+00 J.1902E+JG-J.1343:-01 0.005 0.038 2.733 0.005 3.753 9.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1722E+00 3.975 0.213 -0.015 U.1521E+00 0.1557E+30-U.7742E-02 0.005 40.000 -0.042 2.620 0.075 3.683 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17216+00 4.935 0.005 40.000 0.244 -0.000 0.15588+00 0.17198+00-0.16538-01 -0.023 2.747 0.044 3.834 0.000 U.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 U.1748E+00 40.300 0.263 5.775 -C.014 U.1499E+03 U.1880E \ JO-J.44U7=-U2 0.005 0.033 2.941 9-952 3.683 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1734E+00 0.995 40.000 0.276 -0.007 U.1514E+00 0.1861E+00 U.2101E-01 0.035 4.724 0.034 3.710 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.000CE+00 0.1575E+00 0.024 -0.004 5.970 40.000 0.300 0.1517E+00 0.9851E+30 0.2720E-02 0.005 0.020 2.730 0.065 3.630 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0066E+00 0.16+2E+00 11.010 40.000 0.312 -0.002 U.1545E+00 0.1872E+00-J.7911E-J2 0.005 0.040 2.702 0.023 3.865 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 U.1721E+30 0.005 13.010 40.000 0.318 -0.004 U.1467E+30 U.1897E+00-U.5133E-02 0.00008+00 0.00006+00 0.15758+00 -0.000 2.546 0.026 3.617 0.000 15.335 0.1516E+33 U.184UE+00 U.3254E-01 0.005 40.000 0.321 -0.000 3.762 0.0000E+03 0.0000E+39 3.15366+30 -0.010 2.385 J.025 0.000

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PILE NAME: SJ9263XÜ 23 9.027 0.005 -27.770 59.995 0.335 0.1536E+00 0.1876E+00 0.1798E-01 0.000 0.000CE+00 0.000UE+00 0.1725E+00 0.007 2.751 0.100 3.802 57.995 0.331 0.027 U.1555E+00 U.2014E+00-0.4231E-01 0.005 -25.335 0.038 2.911 -0.033 4.149 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00006+00 0.17796+00 -20.000 57.975 3.327 0.034 U.1524E+00 0.1958E+0U 3.5444E-02 0.005 3.795 0.000 0.076 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 U.1754E+00 0.313 2.317 -14.995 59.995 0.317 0.027 0.1552E+00 0.1907E+00 0.3935E-02 0.005 0.070 0.110 0.000 2.455 3.623 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+U0 J.1734E+00 0.005 0.1501E+3J 0.1691E+00 J.9435E-02 -13.010 57.795 G.308 0.031 2.797 0.000 -0.013 9.060 3.940 0.000DE+00 0.00U0E+U0 U.1707E+00 V65.C 0.15128+00 0.16568+00 U.4528E-01 0.005 -11.015 59.995 0.032 2.850 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 J.1672E+00 0.317 0.00± 3.438 0.000 0.1535E+00 0.1346E+00 0.8303E-02 57.995 0.261 0.032 0.005 -9.005 0.024 2.774 9.024 3.376 0.000 D.300UE+00 0.00U0E+30 3.1695E+00 0.021 -7.025 0.230 U.1541E+00 0.1924E+00 U.3224E-01 57.975 0.005 0.105 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17436+00 0.04 2.450 3.792 0.000 -6.005 59.995 0.224 0.023 0.1496E+00 0.1877E+00 0.5070E-01 3.305 -3.010 2.673 3.007 3.603 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.16772+00 0.1529E+00 0.1906E+00 0.4531E-01 -5.013 59.995 0.217 0.027 0.335 3.455 0.33001+00 3.00001+30 0.17291+30 3.31, 2.573 J.032 0.000 -4.005 59.995 0.211 0.025 0.1512E+00 0.19c7E+00 0.3910E-01 0.305 0.377 2.772 3.716 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1733E+00 0.025 0.1473E+30 0.1897E+00 0.1778E-01 -5.005 59.795 0.204 0.024 0.035 3.379 2.773 J.000 3.033 0.000 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.16936+00 0.1463E+30 0.1925E+0U-0.4373E-02 0.005 -2.005 37.775 j.193 0.015 2.657 U. J52 J.062 3.639 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1710E+00 39.995 U.1558E+00 U.1684E+00 U.4243E-02 3.005 -1.035 J.294 0.005 ...50 -3.002 3.552 0.J0J0E+U0 U.JUUOE+JU J.1729E+D0 3.043 0.000 -0.035 59.645 3.207 9.006 J.1502E+30 0.1dooE+30-J.3336E-01 0.005 0.009 0.0000±+00 0.0000E+00 0.16942+00 2.814 0.141 3.562 0.000 3.035 9.975 >7.995).21 s 0.003 0.1507E+00 0.1706E+00 J.7077E-02 0.311 2.694 9.167 3.53. 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17136+00 0.15356+00 0.18516+00-3.15346-02 0.005 J.227 1.975 37.793 -0.002 4.794 0.073 3.022 3.515 9.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1716E+00 2.995 59.775 U.1509E+00 U.1864E+0U-0.4623E-01 3.005 J.241 -3.303 -0.002 9.647 2.735 3.455 0.0000E+00 0.000CE+00 0.1595E+00 9.430 3.975 57.775 J. 00-0.15262+00 0.18352+00-0.30102-01 3.005 3.263 2.524 -0.021 0.030 3.415 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.15x7E+00 3.005 5.005 57.995 3.273 9.00. 0.1539E+J0 0.1962E+00-0.1124E-01 2.721 -9.020 3.752 0.000UE+00 0.000UE+00 J.1730E+00 5.336 0.000 **:.**355 5.975 >9.995 J.235 -0.001 0.16238+00 9.20346+00-0.15368-01 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1840E+00 0.1563E+00 0.1886E+00 0.1963E-01 3.032 2.651 3.119 4.549 2.000 6.975 57.975 V-UU5 0.272 0.003 9.147 -0.010 2.770 3.762 9.000 0.0030E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1732E+00 6.995 59.995 0.15278+00 0.19116+00-0.23556-01 0.005 0.333 J.000 0.000 2.650 2.035 4.250 0.000 0.0000E+J0 0.0000E+JU J.1730E+00 34.995 -0.001 0.005 11.000 J.310 0.15318+30 0.16698+30 0.15736-01 -0.007 2.813 -0.013 3.034 0.000 U.GODCE+UO U.UUUCE+UO J.1733E+OO 0.007 13.010 59.995 0.319 J.1507E+J0 0.1860E+D0-U.1575E-01 0.005 0.045 2.025 0.060 3.734 0.030 9.0000E+30 0.0000E+03 J.1573E+00 15.635 j9.995 0.325 0.000 3.005 0.1502E+09 0.1667E+0J 3.3674E-02 -0.021 2.769 0.087 3.790 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+0J J.16/5E+00 File NAME: CXALGALZ e 25 0.005 -30.033 5.775 0.340 0.043 0.15631+00 0.2040E+00-0.1253E-01 0.044 -3.014 3.767 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.1317E+00 2.0>> 0.052 0.15966+00 0.20476+00 0.55356-02 0.035 -24.973 5.995 0.343 0.045 4.571 0.070 4.115 0.000 0.00004+30 0.00000+00 0.1835=+00 -17.970 5.275 0.051 0.005 0.344 0.15616+00 0.20276+00-0.10776-01 -0.051 2.677 0.049 3.932 0.000 0.00006+30 0.00006+00 0.18376+00 J.342 0.061 0.005 -14.793 3.995 0.15264+00 0.19326+00-0.75786-02 0.033 2.776 J. 045 5.373 0.000 U.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1741E+00 0.035 S0-3E-02 0.1911E+00 0.65-3E-02 -13.COS 5.975 0.314 0.053 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1744E+00 ŭ.049 5.825 0.000 3.517 J.000 0.052 5.995 U.15086+00 0.1932E+00-0.1432E-01 0.005 -11.000 0.244 9.115 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 J.1733E+00 0.000 -0.012 2.612 3.731 -9.000 5.995 0.117 0.044 0.13576+00 0.19356+00-0.22552-01 3.305 0.000 0.044 2.584 -0.117 3.768 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1757E+00 3.0us -7.035 5.995 0.007 0.027 0.1512E+00 0.1877E+00 J.9975E-02 3.944 2.717 G.0000E+30 O.0090E+00 J.1735E+30 0.389 3.372 0.000 0.025 0.005 -6.035 5.995 -0.023 0.1567E+03 0.1716E+00-0.3632E-01 4.941 5.022 3.375 0.000 9.00706+33 0.09006+00 3.17536+00 3.015 0.14715+00 0.1760E+00 0.78755-U2 i.Jus -5.005 5.745 -0.354 0.025 0.337 2.757 -0.034 3.707 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0.19926+93-3.25+35-02 -0.019 -0.030 2.935 -0.029 5.624 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17308+00

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CXESELL file name: 20 3.000 -29.030 9.945 9.046 0.1637E+00 0.2164E+00 0.1031E-01 0.340 2.770 4.643 0.243 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+0J 0.1717E+00 0.037 0.339 9.795 0.048 0.1575E+30 0.2136E+30-J.54315-02 J. 1335 -24.775 2.784 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 3.1377E+00 3.043 0.029 3.773 0.000 0.003 -14.775 7.495 J.345 0.056 0.1636E+00 0.2142E+00-0.1742E-01 0.035 -0.313 3.761 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17176+00 3.034 0.000 2.005 7.955 0.17438+30 0.21276+30 0.23136-32 -14.97) 0.333 0.058 -0.003 3.157 0.071 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.174-5+00 4.256 7.995 0.16658+00 0.21136+00-0.16672-01 3.005 -13.005 0.316 0.064 0.145 3.737 0.000 0.00001-00 0.00001-00 0.17321-00 **6.33**a 2.337 J-005 -11.000 0.257 0.16275+00 0.20706+00 0.10026-02 7.995 0.063 J.J000E+00 D.OUWE+UJ U.1355E+0U -0.010 2.713 J.029 3.011 0.000 ->.000 7.995 0.054 0.16358400 0.20078400-3.12375-01 0.335 0.152 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 C.1331E+00 0.000 -0.003 2.934 3.022 4.206 3.345 7.995 0.1562E+00 0.1997L+U0 0.2337E-01 -7.035 0.029 0.035 2.557 3.023 2.043 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17721+00 0.005 0.005 -s.iJ5 7.995 -3.011 0.030 0.1543E+00 0.2039E+U0 0.4145E-01 6.722 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00006+00 0.18085+00 -0.011 0.009 3.031 0.1663E+00 0.2057E+30 0.1321E-01 -2.335 7.775 -3.018 0.026 0.005 3.978 0.000 0.000GE+00 0.0J00E+00 G.137JE+00 3.034 3.172 J.003 0.015 0.016 0.17592+00 0.2013E+J0-0.3145E-02 0.005 7. 995 --.030 3.110 0.006 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.13938+00 0.100 3.329 -3.000 0.15326+00 0.1953E+00-0.1335E-01 ŭ. 395 7.995 0 130 0.014 0.120 3.237 J.070 4.075 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.15735+00 50-34000-0-00+31515.0 00+31515.0 0.005 -1.775 7.775 J.:05 0.025 6.174 2.753 3.199 3.939 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.21515+00 1.475 -1.335 154.0 0.041 0.24538+00 0.23168+00 0.14536-01 C. 143 J. 000 J. 1ú1 9.327 4.972 0.00000+00 0.00002+00 0.23350+00 c. 355 J. 110 0.21996+90 0.21976+93 0.37266-01 C.005 7.795 0.323 0.049 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.217EE+00 0.1842E+00 0.207EE+00 0.9133E-01 3.157 J.242 0.145 4.493 0.000 7.775 0.155 0.036 0.0j5 u. >75 U. U75 4.561 9.0000 6+00 9.0000 6+00 9.1+74 6+00 3.127 0.071 0.000 9.935 3.030 0.018 U.305 2.005 0.17374+00 0.20336+00 0.27626-01 3.417 0.013 3.573 0.030 0.30008+33 0.33008+03 3.15712+33 0.034 3.007 -0.002 0.15716+30 0.20036+30 0.25371-32 0.005 2.775 7.675 0.030 2.327 0.005 3.601 0.000 0.00008+00 0.000008+00 0.18038+00 3.975 0.030 -0.013 2.975 0.15928+00 0.19276+00-0.11344-01 0.005 0.039 2.335 3.009 3.672 0.000 0.0JJ0E+30 0.00u0£+30 0.1757£+30 7.975 3.097 -0.026 0.15938+00 0.19328+00-0.35506-01 3.305 >.010 -0.063 3.500 0.000 0.060UE+00 0.0000E+30 0.1771:+30 -3.332 2.023 9.995 -0.032 0.15436+00 0.1+016+00-0.37795-01 3.695 0.015 0.165 -0.015 2.077 0.127 3.639 0.000 0.00006400 0.00006400 0.17316400 7.775 -0.026 J.1666E+30 U.1375E+UU-J.2233E-U1 0.005 7.035 3.214 2.713 7.035 0.900 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.17345+00 1.003 3.640 9.995 0.293 -0.037 J.15436+00 0.18826+JU-J.57356-02 0.005 7.015 0.019 3.778 0.000 0.00005+00 0.00005+00 0.1721±+00 5.359 2.732 0.15688+30 0.19368+00 0.22378-01 7.995 0.321 -0.024 0.003 11.020 -0.010 2.718 3.952 3.550 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+30 0.1773=+00 13.010 3.995 0.329 -0.029 0.1546E+00 0.1926E+00-0.7552E-02 U-005 0.012 2.758 3.069 3.631 0.000 0.00002430 0.00002+00 0.17455+00 D.005 15.015 7.775 J.332 -0.024 0.1540E+33 0.1906E+30-0.2033E-02 0.000

0.02:

2.675

-0.003

3.654

0.0000E+00 U.0000E+J0 U.1732:+00

FILE MAME: SJSFJUKY 20 . 0.000 -44.333 20.033 3.334 9.045 U.15-06+DD 0.197ec+UU-U.14375-01 -0.035 i. 32J -0.030 3.713 0.000 0.00J0E+00 0.J000E+00 J.1733E+0J 6-070 -25.0)) 3.334 0.15495+00 0.20538+00-0.55136-02 50.000 0.0.4 5.0.3 2.343 0.340 3.725 0.000 0.00008+30 0.00GUE+U3 U.1317E+39 -17.975 0.15276+00 0.20016+00-0.1055-01 3.030 0.324 0.052 20.000 0.021 2.72+ -0.025 3.630 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1730E+00 -14.973 20.000 0.319 0.15206+30 0.19666+00-0.19046-01 0.000 0.054 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1753E+00 0.1347E+00 0.1766E+00 J.2625E-01 0.004 -0.005 3.822 2.813 0.000 0.000 -13.405 23.000 0.275 0.054 3.757 0.012 0.010 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17676+90 2.762 0.000 0.000 -11.000 20.000 0.15908+30 0.19448+00 0.35638-02 0.262 0.060 -0.015 2.751 0.105 3.751 0.0J0UE+00 0.0J0UE+00 J.17761+00 0.000 0.000 0.1583E+00 0.1947E+00 0.3671E-01 -7.000 20.300 0.193 0.054 -0.004 -0.037 2.317 3.603 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1775E+00 0.000 -7.010 0.000 20.000 0.128 0.040 0.15702+00 0.19316+00 0.43756-01 -0.023 0.015 3.374 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 3.17508+00 2.655 0.095 0.15732+00 0.1702E+JU u.1534E-01 0.000 29.000 -5.035 0.033 0.049 2.752 0.025 3.557 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.17745+00 0.073 0.024 0.15678+00 0.19598+00-0.41448-02 0.000 -5.010 23.000 3.067 2.633 -0.023 3.640 0.000 0.00001400 0.00001400 0.17741400 U-000 -3.775 20.010 0.031 0.021 0.16396+30 0.19452+30-3.17742-01 2.797 0.093 0.001 3.505 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 U.1500E+00 0.21236+30 0.21766+00-3.49706-01 0.000 -3.000 20.000 0.131 0.013 0.13: 3.153 0.065 4.625 0.000 0.000012121212 000006+00 0.21312+00 3.033 -4.913 50.003 0.020 0.21696+JU J.2076E+JU J.4835E-D2 0.141 0.140 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.21232+00 0.255 3.025 3.80? 0.000 0.2201E+^7 J.2014E+0J-J.1172E-01 0.0030E+00 0.0030E+30 J.2110E+03 0.000 -1.333 29.000 0.151 0.013 -0.001 0.359 2.527 3.767 C.000 0.000 U.015 20.000 0.140 0.20806+30 0.19846+00 0.45176-01 0.009 2.353 0.000 -3.075 3.753 0.00001+00 0.00001+00 0.20331+00 0.263 0.1802E+00 0.1965E+00 0.3883E-03 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1876E+00 0.000 3.975 23.000 0.111 0.001 2.364 3.151 -3.054 3.703 0.000 3.000 1.975 20.000 0.121 3.009 0.1928E+30 0.2335e+00 0.1076:-01 3.473 -3.346 0.000 5.721 0.163 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.21412+00 3.303 3.010 20.000 0.135 -9.014 0.17566+30 0.22626+00-0.35456-01 0.017 0.023 4.320 0.00056+30 0.00006+00 0.23256+03 2.736 0.030 0.0u0 3. 475 19.995 0.156 -3.021 0.1510E+00 0.204UE+0U-0.4251E-01 -6.050 2.023 0.055 4.331 0.000 0.00006+30 0.00006+30 0.13386+00 0.000 i.UJ> 50.000 0.111 -7.030 0.1695E+33 0.19a7a+00-0.31132-02 2.677 3.615 14 3.037 3.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+J0 0.15J69+03 3.773 0ند ن 50.000 3.21 € -0.029 0.15556+33 0.176:6+03-0.1772:-01 0.031 2.744 -3.927 4.075 0.000 0.0000£+00 0.0000£+00 0.1774£+00 5.975 0.000 19.775 -0.021 0.246 0.15968+90 0.19098+90-0.23378-01 2.951 -3.032 J. 124 3.633 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1760E+00 3.000 7.015 17.975 -0.020 0.287 0.15826+30 0.19725+00-0.40271-03 0.058 2.739 U. 042 4.645 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+30 0.1733E+00 0.000 20.060 10.975 0.305 -0-050 0.1547E+30 0.1870E+00-0.4326E-02 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.17165+0J 3.347 2.673 0.079 3.504 0.000 0.000 13.020 17.795 0.315 -0.016 0.1539E+00 0.1913E+00-0.1315E-01 -0.003 2.716 U. 067 3.488 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00005+00 0.17362+00 0.000 15.015 17.995 0.317 -0.021 0.1566E+00 0.1935E+00 0.4664E-02 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.170JE+00 0.046 2.792 0.023 3.697 0.000

FILE NAME: UXOTEELE • 0.035 9.15746+00 9.19766+30-3.67756-02 -3.035 -21.775 40.005 0.321 2.737 3.019 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17332+00 3.049 3.547 0.314 5+0.0 -0.005 -52・379 43.000 0.1543E+30 0.2046E+30-J.:776x-02 2.751 0.045 -).010 3.947 0.000 0.000UE+00 0.000UE+00 0.1312E+00 0.1570E+00 0.1975E+30 0.2443E-02 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+30 0.1773E+00 -0.005 -20.330 43.333 0.312 0.034 3.414 2.377 0.050 3.056 0.000 0.1540e+00 0.1+16e+00 0.1338E-02 -14.775 -0.335 40.000 0.303 0.034 2.745 -0.013 0.013 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1732E+00 3.086 -3.005 -13.005 40.000 0.236 0.044 0.1553E+00 0.1909E+00 0.2007E-01 9.041 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.000DE+00 J.1740E+00 3.004 2.653 3.356 -11.000 40.000 0.275 0.039 0.15488+00 0.19598+00 0.15258-01 -0.305 0.00008+00 0.0000E+00 0.1732e+00 0.1777E+00 0.2212E+00 0.1233E-01 -0.007 0.090 3.615 6.326 0.000 -0.003 -1.030 40.000 0.247 0.037 4.155 -0.035 -0.010 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00006+00 0.20056+00 3.147 -5.790 49.000 J.15678+30 D.20698+30 J.25714-01 -0.005 0.250 0.037 0.000 9.165 3.870 0.0008+00 0.00008+00 0.19355+00 3.054 2.653 0.15572+00 0.1946E+00 0.1570=-01 -3.005 49.000 J.211 0.035 -5.000 2.750 0,000 0.30008+30 0.00038+30 0.17718+03 **0.0**06 -0.033 3.827 3.192 0.16278+00 0.20146+00 0.1355-01 -5.01) 49.000 0.050 -0.005 3.374 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00000+00 0.15336+00 0.013 2. . 47 3.524 0.16598+00 0.20165+00-0.23458-01 -3.775 9.024 -1.1.5 43.003 J.135 3.605 1.377 3.344 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.18505+00 0.051 40.000 5.193 0.017 9.17986+30 0.20456+30-0.2693E-91 -0.305 -3.333 0.00008+30 0.000051+30 3.17278+30 0.376 2.522 J.015 3.844 0.000 0.157 . U.1782E+UU U.1795E+JU-J.115UE-01 -3.005 -2.010 40.000 9.007 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 0.13+2E+00 3.465 9.009 3.043 2.775 **0.35**0 -0.002 0.17026+00 0.19772+00 0.13215-01 -3.365 -1.035 40.000 3.135 0.30906+00 0.00308+03 0.1344±+00 3.677 -0.009 0.000 U.1U5 2.934 0.157 -0.005 -0.010 49.000 0.002 0.15226+33 0.21666+30 3.24735-31 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.2001:+00 0.1649E+00 0.2033E+00-0.2741:-01 0.340 4.541 0.197 0.000 3.146 -4.345 J.773 40.000 J.175 -0.033 2.743 0.00008+90 0.00008+90 0.12516+09 0.059 3.537 0.000 0.003 2.300 0.14336+00 0.19776+30 0.10736-02 -0.305 43.000 3.217 -0.001 2.350 0.000JE+30 0.0000E+30 0.1314E+03 0.1906E+00 0.1965E+00-0.1355E-01 3.556 9.393 0.045 0.000 -0.005 3.010 43.003 J.223 -3.038 U. U38 2.735 9.049 3.73. 0.000 0.00006+00 0.000006400 0.17752+00 -0.005 -0.009 10-30551.C-UL+3099.0 CC+3616C.C 3.775 -3.C-0 J.235 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1312E+00 0.1543E+00 0.1931E+00-0.1757E-01 0.017 2.773 J.125 3.692 0.000 -0.010 -0.005 4.775 43.000 3.247 9.0090E+00 0.00U0E+JJ J.1747:+00 -0.303 2.537 0.010 3.702 0.000 40.600 -0.305 0.335 3.265 -0.011 J.1563E+00 0.1751E+U0-U.4774E-01 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1757E+00 0.1576E+00 0.1576E+00 0.1576E+00 0.4749E-02 -3.343 2.317 0.022 3.800 0.000 -0.065 800.C-5.775 40.000 3.275 3.732 4.757 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00036+00 0.17372+00 0.037 0.167 40.000 3.289 0.1521E+JU 0.1673E+JU-J.5377E-02 -0.005 3.745 -0.007 0.017 2.771 0.002 3.414 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17066+00 13.775 40.000 0.277 -0.005 -0.003 U.1576E+3U U.1937E+30-U.2736E-31 -0.028 2.934 0.017 3.555 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.17495+00 -0.005 13.310 40.000 0.305 -0.006 0.1607E+00 0.2085E+J0-J.2052E-02 -0.059 2.975 0.055 3.986 0.000 0.00008+30 0.00008+30 0.13525+00 0.307 0.1706E+30 0.2222E+30-3.5137E-03 -0.005 14.770 49.050 -0.006 2.964 0.000

-0.027

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0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 0.17d1E+00

FILE MARE	: 3J9002/ 27	40				
-0.0us	-29.473	eu. 205	0.323	0.026	0.15008433	0.20006+30-0.51485-01
0.012	2.732	0.356	3.736	0.020		0.0000+30 3.12371+33
-0.005	-24.77)	e). 30J	0.317	0.031	•	0.20306+00-0.17176-01
3.347	2.571	2.072	4.244	0.000		0.00006+30 3.13406+00
-0.003	-17.975	a). J))	0.314	0.024		0.19536+00-0.69235-00
-0.034	3.144	3.130	3.941	0.000		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
-0.005	-14,775	20.000	0.300	0.026		0.1977:+00 0.1223:-01
-0.039	2.757	2.021	3.744	0.000		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
-0.0-3	-13.035	40.000	0.299	0.026		0.19374+00-0.69226-07
-u.036	2.727	-0.011	3.077	0.000		0.00008+30 3.17308+30
-0.005	-11.000	94.030	0.287	0.036		0.24266+00-0.52526-02
-0.041	3.254	2.077	4.481	2.030		0.00008+00 0.20058+00
-0.005	>>0	a3.0u3	0.266	0.019		J. 2354E+JU J. 4024E-UZ
0.332	3.157	0.113	4.767	0.000		0.00006+00 0.2131-400
-3.335	-6.570	60.000	0.250	0.016		0.21951+00-0.79146-03
0.095	3.275	3.173	3.075	2.000	0.00002+00	0.00008+00 0.20076+00
-0.005	-5.335	57.003	0.269	0.029	0.164UE+90	0.20536+30-0.12136-01
0.331	2.555	0.033	3.649	0.000	0.00006+00	0.00006+00 0.135%=+00
-0.305	-2.313	•u•000	0.241	0.050		U.1992E+OU J.2197E-J2
3.015	2.757	0.070	3.429	0.000		0.00006+30 0.15136+30
-ù.Qu5	-7.432	•0•0no	0.235	0.013		0.20498+00 0.53348-08
5.003	2.735	3.051	3.275	0.000		0.00006+00 0.13545+00
-0.005	-3.033	•) • 000	0.230	0.015		0.19446+00-3.15325-31
0.023		2.055	3.775	0.000		0.0000100 0.17731+00
-5.035	-2.010	<u> </u>	3.22,	0.018		U.1980E+UU-U.7201E-U2
0.016	4.650	0.075	3.364	3.000		0.000JE+00 J.13J7E+00
-0.005	-1.335	93.000	3.253	0.013		0.17626+00-0.12756-02
-3.335 -3.335	2.913	-0.025	3.274	0.000		0.0000E+UU 0.1sJ3c+JU
0.011	-3.010 2.345	2.055 €7.990	J.231 j.746	0.015		0.19768+30-3.7539:-02
-3.305	1.005	60.000	0.236	0.000		0.000(.+30 3.15236+00 0.19776+00 0.41445-02
-0.316	2.750	0.081	3.483	0.000	0.13726+03	0.000001400 0.17352400
-0.005	1.573	50.000	J.245	0.001		0.00002+00 0.17532+03
0.977	6.773	0.519	3,509	0.000		0.00006+30 3.17355+39
-6.335	2.490	a 0.000	2.252	0.005		0.20446+30-3.43344-01
3.313	2.521	0.017	3.603	0.000		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
-0.005	3.975	a).uuú	0.203	0.006		0.25132+00-0.20482-01
3.034	3.175	-0.132	5.537	0.000		0.00008+30 3.2272.+30
-3.005	4.775	a 3. 303	0.271	0.000		0.22176+00-0.45735-01
3.661	3.373	3.197	4.135	0.039		0.0330E+30 u.2312±+30
-6.005	2.005	00.000	0.273	2.075		0.20236+00-0.37503-11
0.005	4.354	0.112	4.052	0.030		0.00006900 0.13461+30
-0.035	J.975	50.000	0.276	-5.001		0.19346+00-01156-01
3.010	2.791	-0.051	3.365	0.000	0.00336+30	0.000006+33 0.17502+30
-0.035	5.775	6 J. ÚÚ J	3.237	-0.005	0.15736+00	0.19816+03-0.45275-02
0.341	c.530	9.069	3.674	0.000	0.3000€+00	0.00006+30 0.17375+00
-0.005	2.770		9.592			0.19876+30-3.33326-02
0.021	2.74:	9.116	3.075	0.000		0.00006+30 J.17336+30
-0.045	10.775	90.000	0.306	0.000		U.1961E+00-U.1717E-01
-0.016	2.576	3.016	4.142	0.000		0.0000E+J0 0.1332±+00
-0.035	13.005	50.000	0.311	0.008		0.1973E+J0-U.4133E-03
J.054	4.657	0.129	3.574	0.000	0.40036+00	0.00008+00 0.1794±+00
-0.005	14.770	33.03 0	0.314	0.004	0.15486+00	0.19646+00-0.64126-02
3.001	2.510	0.137	3.752	0.000	0. 2005 6+25	0.00006+01 0.17535+00
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FILE NAME: SJ7239XO 25 0.342 0.040 0.1475E+00 0.1376E+JU U.133Uz-01 -30.005 5.495 0.035 i.75-0.050 0.005 5.541 0.000 U. 0.00002+00 J.15372+00 0.347 0.044 -24.990 5.795 9.1518E+00 0.1914E+30 3.1010z-01 0.005 2.570 0.103 3.625 3.000 0.00008+00 0.00006+00 J.17275+UJ -0.033 0.055 U.1532E+00 0.1329c+00 J.1643c+02 0.005 -20.333 5.995 0.352 0.000 0.J000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.170e1+01 3.573 -0.03-2.737 J.064 0.15494+00 0.1:146+30 0.2373.-02 0.056 0.005 -14.775 3.775 0.345 3.357 J. 350 0.000 **0.00031+00 0.00001+00 0.16331+00** -0.33-2.334 9.057 0.14792400 0.15276460-0.17736-02 0.003 -13.310 5. + 95 J.317 0.023 3.000 0.30008+30 0.00306+30 3.16526+00 2.375 i.u.7 3.554 -11.010 3.995 0.255 0.045 0.14934+00 0.13312+00-0.17015-01 J.035 2.793 3.571 -0.012 J.310 9.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.16732+00 -3.973 0.15528+00 0.16016+00 0.16536-01 0.045 5.995 0.123 0.045 0.000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1s31E+00 3.464 -0.010 2.020 0.007 2.000 0.010 0.025 0.14896+00 0.18236+00 0.12596-01 0.005 -7.035 3.995 2.719 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.15548+00 -3.052 0.000 3.109 3.711 -5.023 0.15678+03 0.16546+03-0.13332-01 0.023 3.005 -5.775 5.975 0.00001400 0.00001400 0.17551400 -0.021 3.602 0.000 ~&.3∪3 2.030 -).)3> 0.15096+00 0.18756+00-0.23564-01 --.935 5.995 0.024 **0.035** 0.00008-00 0.00008+00 0.17028+00 0.337 ..537 3.337 3.512 3.000 5. 775 --. 335 -0.010 650.0 U.1568E+30 0.1546E+30 J.7073E-02 3.015 0.0000E+00 0.00000+00 0.1715E+00 2.733 U.105 3.621 0.000 0.034 5.975 3.074 0.15448+00 0.13478+00-0.2250:-01 -3.000 9.024 0.305 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17025+00 2.313 3.932 0.131 j. 53? 5.000 0.20coE+00 0.2473E+00 0.5555E-02 0.000GE+00 0.0000E+00 0.2277E+10 3.329 3.035 -2.013 5.495 0.032 3.357 ŭ.235 4.373 3.175 0.000 3.21386+30 0.2412E+JU-J.2152E-02 -1.335 5.775 3.453 0.056 4.003 5.313 0.00000+00 0.000000+00 0.22396+00 3.477 0.000 1:0.0 3.629 3.993 0.353 0.054 0.2049E+00 0.2512E+0L 0.5026E+02 3.305 J. 013 0.275 0.000 0.00000+00 0.000000+00 0.22425+00 3.672 ٤٠٥٠٤ 3.475 3.775 3.995 J.125 0.021 U.1520€+30 U.188+E+UJ U.+256∈-J2 0.335 U.153 0.000 2.755 2.352 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.1715=+00 3.356 2.005 5.775 -5.003 0.013 U.1574E+00 U.1341E+00 D.1374E-01 3.332 0.021 J.3030E+00 O.000CE+J0 J.1713E+J0 9.329 2.752 3.0.2 0.000 0.005 3.010 5.915 -J.03s 2.910 0.1557E+00 0.1843E+00 0.5733E+02 3.31 ū 0.14-3.400 0.000 0.3000E+33 0.0000E+30 3.1737E+33 U. U. 4 0.005 3.995 5.995 -).016 9.000 0.15008+00 0.18146+00 0.35458-02 -0.020 2.055 0.031 3.443 U.000 0.00001+00 0.00002+00 0.15652+00 J.035 0.1518E+30 0.1797E+00-0.2052E-31 -. ++5 3.975 3.035 -0.007 0.022 2.757 0.000 J.JUJUE+JO J.UQUUE+JO J.1553E+JJ 3.435 3.434 5. 475 0.104 -0.009 U.1536E+00 0.1641E+30 3.5275:-02 0.005 6.000 -3.357 J.013 3.000 0.00036400 0.00006400 0.15756400 2.634 3.645 3.775 5.945 3.173 5.035 -0.020 0.15738+00 0.18638+00-0.20778-01 -0.035 2.753 0.119 4.095 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17248+00 ÷.315 5.995 J.271 -0.025 0.15226+00 0.18406+00-0.21206-01 **5.u**35 U. 316 0.038 3.615 0.000 J.0000E+30 0.0000E+03 J.1711E+00 2.333 5. 495 0.025 0.332 11.000 -0.031 0.1539E+00 0.1881E+00-0.5035E-02 0.03. 2.737 0.046 3.470 0.000 ₩.0000€+00 0.000UE+00 0.1713E+00 12.735 3.035 5.995 0.342 -0.023 0.1515E+00 0.1872E+00 J.2358E-02 0.090 0.030 2.633 3.602 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17038+00 0.342 0.005 15.000 5.935 -0.020 0.1520E+00 0.1895E+30-3.1391E-01 0.002 0.031 3.433 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 J.1713E+00

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FILE NAME: SJ9315XU 4.115 -27.973 10.005 0.042 0.341 0.1466£+00 0.1862£+00 J.2213E-01 0.017 2.039 -0.037 3.357 **v.** 300 U.30UDE+UO U.00UJE+OU U.1676E+30 3.335 -23.033 10.005 J.344 0.045 0.1481E+00 0.1865E+00 0.9893E-02 2.777 0.015 0.343 3.635 0.000 9.0000E+09 0.0000E+00 J.16+5E+0J 2.015 -23.335 19.00: J.343 0.053 0.1464E+00 U.1633E+00-J.3132E-C3 2.675 0.007 -3.30. 0.000 U.3000€+00 U.0300£+0U U.1550€+0J 3.050 0.005 -13.035 10.005 0.337 3.066 SC-3E(55.t CO+30001.0 OC+36561.0 -0.027 4.754 -3.023 3.483 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1677E+00 0.035 -12.970 10.003 0.321 0.042 9.1466E+39 0.1490E+00-0.3177E-J2 750.0 2.663 0.022 3.714 0.000 -11.010 0.14288460 0.18428400 0.57518-02 0.035 10.003 2.264 0.070 0.004 2.757 0.013 3.334 0.000 0.00008+03 0.00006+00 0.15+98+00 9.005 -5.993 10.005 0.001 0.14984+00 0.13428+00-3.10326-31 J.161 -0.044 2.410 -0.038 3.442 0.030 0.30004+00 0.00006+00 3.15774+00 -7.010 0.033 3.445 10.635 0.034 0.14476+00 0.19036+00 0.55256-02 2.713 0.0-2 -0.113 4.057 0.000 0.00006+00 0.000006+00 0.170+2+00 -5.775 0.1011 E+33 0.1093E+00-J.>547E-02 0.00J3E+30 0.00U0E+30 J.1753E+39 0.035 10.005 -0.013 0.038 -0.610 3.037 0.015 3.556 0.000 3.335 -3.035 19.005 -0.03-0.025 0.15638+30 3.18956+30-3.33746-31 4.377 0.000 -3.027 0.045 3.713 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1737E+00 3.345 -4.135 10.005 6,004 0.019 0.15466400 0.19116400-0.73162-02 2.331 0.00001403 0.00001430 0.17331400 -0.039 -3.005 3.75-0.000 -3.010 2.005 13.003 3.123 9.021 0.15748+00 0.18976+00 0.23356-01 -0.017 2.713 3.067 3.703 0.010 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.17525000 -1.973 U. UJ2 10.005 7.5.4 0.028 0.2007E+J0 0.2265E+J0-J.25111-U2 3.140 3.335 -0.041 5.133 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+30 0.2151:+02 0.335 -1.333 0.044 13.305 3.427 J. 2207E+39 0.2473E+00 0.3255E-02 0.027 3.327 7.542 5.675 0.000 J.JUJJ&+00 J.UUUQk+Ju J.2344£+JJ 3.315 10.005 0.048 0.2003E+00 0.2334E+90 9.555JE-01 G. UUS 1.333 7.057 1.332 0.334 3.71s 0.000 0.9300E+30 0.0000E+30 J.2175E+33 3.775 J.1676E+00 0.1965E+30 U.3735E-01 U. UJ5 10.005 J.153 2.01. j.025 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.13,7.+00 ひっじょこ 0.013 4.034 0.000 0.005 2.005 10.005 J.J21 0.416 U.1630E+00 J.1916E+00 0.4233=-31 0.0.0 0.091 0.30002+03 0.00002+30 0.17792+30 3.347 4.053 0.000 2.975 19.005 0.16748+00 0.19916+00 0.1373=-01 0.305 -0.003 J.006 2.939 -0.040 0.075 3.623 0.000 0.00001+00 0.00001+00 0.18391+00 0.15818+00 0.19998+00-3.73728-02 **0.JU**5 i. Yài 10.005 J.017 -0.010 -3.309 0.034 2.312 3.000 4.237 3.1639E+30 0.1942E+30-3.1636E-01 3.0000E+30 9.0000E+33 J.1733E+00 0.035 4.935 10.003 3.077 -0.017 2.957 3.943 3.071 -0.015 2.020 0.005 5.030 10.005 3.145 -0.029 0.15686+30 0.19676+33-3.22146-31 2.875 0.135 3.804 -0.0.1 J.U0002+30 J.U000E+0J J.17452+39 0.000 0.065 7.000 13.335 J.205 -0.029 -0.317 2.775 3.117 3,542 0.000 7.013 0.005 10.005 3.233 -0.034 0.15473+00 0.16966+00 0.10/53-02 3.987 -0.657 2.653 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000c+00 0.1751E+00 3.341 0.1525E+00 0.1:75E+00-0.2900E-01 0.0000e+00 0.0000e+00 0.1709e+00 5.305 11.010 10.005 0.325 -0.036 3.036 2.075 0.024 i.034 3.000 0.005 12.770 13.005 3.334 -0.029 0.15652+33 0.1854:+00 3.1757:-01 0.005 2.756 0.013 3.707 0.000c+00 1.270uc+00 J.1715:+u0 0.000 0.005 14.935 10.005 0.335 -0.055 0.15178+00 0.19306+00 0.85048-02 -0.043 2.751 0.165 3.870 000ء J.0003E+00 9.0006E+00 0.1735E+39

CXTOEPLE FILE NAME: 5, -29.995 20.005 0.339 0.045 0.15576+33 3.15626+00 3.14133-52 2.035 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17155+00 3.731 0.0.3 2.334 0.130 7.033 4.067 J.14745400 0.1 rede+30 0.13233-31 0.005 -2-.773 2 14 3 2 5 0.000 J.00006+09 9.00096+00 J.17265+09 1.17 -0.047 . 7 1 -0.339 0.053 0.1533e+00 U.1v11e+00 J.1533e-01 -1 ٠.١.. J.9000e+30 0.00JUE+0J J.1731±+0J 3.000 -3.5.7 20397 - 1.2: 3.0.3 0.322 -1-. +7, 23.365 0.063 J.13626+JU J.19426+JJ-J...7515-D2 J. J. J 2.340 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17538+00 3.703 0.000 3.000 0.250 0.15316+00 0.18406+00 0.31345-03 5.0.C 3.3.5 -13.025 20.005 3.303 3.272 2.363 0,000 0.000UC+00 0.000UE+00 0.15>35+00 0.03: 9.005 7.094 0.14898+00 0.14706+00-3.17432-32 9.272 -10.775 20.005 0.003 2.733 0.000 0.0030E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1671E+00 2.334 3.550 9.000 0.055 0.13028-00 0.22636+00 0.18212-01 20.005 --. 435 3.292 3.305 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.20538+00 0.315 3.317 0.000 ودددن 3.256 3.137 0.1704E+00 0.2153E+00 U.7350E-02 --. VYJ 0.053 20.005 3.3.3 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1742E+00 2.165 0.043 4.790 0.000 D.1604E+30 0.2102E+UU-J.2935E-01 -5.470 20.000 0.135 0.045 よしひいン 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.13702+00 0.030 2.817 J.113 4.127 0.000 20.003 0.17546+00 0.21446+00-0.12596+00 0.021 -5.013 0.155 8.003 0.0000100 0.0000100 0.17592+60 2.878 3.370 3.483 0.000 5.360 -4.035 U.1810c+30 0.2265E+0J-J.13546+00 20.335 0.191 0.005 0.065 2.755 0.135 3.904 0.000 0.00002+00 0.000000+00 0.23526+00 3.044 -3.333 24.905 c15.0 -0.003 0.18076+00 0.21742+00-0.12356+00 0.005 0.0000 8+00 0.0000 8+00 0.2001 8+00 2.745 0.107 3.744 0.000 5.305 -2.035 J.213 0.16738+00 0.21558+00-0.35428-01 0.005 3.335 20.005 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.19406+00 -9.197 5.847 0.000 -3.025 3.233 0.1-33E+00 0.2151E+00 0.3+3+E-01 -1.313 3.221 0.025 53-303 3.005 0.9000E+30 0.0000E+30 J.1710E+00 -0.0.7 3.073 1.010 3.745 0.000 0.005 0.10/26+33 0.20976+03 3.37752-01 -3.310 23.343 1.231 3.035 3.43 2.641 3.202 4.457 3.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1+05E+00 4. 493 J.1825E+00 U.2135E+00 J.1331E+00 4.305 20.005 3.217 G.040 2.900 3.000 0.900001400 0.17775+00 U.U4U 9.111 3.705 ..000 23.003 0.16036+00 0.21296+00 0.15935+00 J.175 0.329 0.305 -. J1 -3.371 2.952 2.160 0.000 0.9000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1973=+00 3.010 23.005 3.151 0.011 U.10476+00 J.20U26+00 J.54176-01 0.035 0.003 3.4+7 0.000 0.00001400 0.00000400 0.15532+00 -0.024 2.313 3. 775 23.005 3.139 -0.008 0.15758+00 0.19262+00-0.57508-02 0.005 2.737 0.013 3.645 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.17>7E+00 -0.011 J.171 U.15236+00 0.19386+00-0.53246-01 0.005 5.010 20.005 -). 024 0.00004+00 0.00002+00 0.17435+00 2.634 0.000 -0.055 · . 05 1 0.000 U.1538E+00 0.1855E+00-0.1350E-01 5...65 9.211 -0.027 5.975 20.005 2.759 0.011 3.785 9.000 U.U000E+U0 U.0000E+UU U.1704E+00 -3.307 ŭ. UUS 7.015 20.005 3.243 -0.030 U.1524E+0J U.1659E+JU U.5U13E-U2 3.931 2.921 3.082 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.15/7.+00 0.011 0.0.5 3.995 20.005 3.273 -0.329 U.1513E+00 0.1365E+00 J.6133E-02 4.0JŠ 2.770 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.15?3E+00 3.05-3.054 0.335 11.010 20.005 £02.6 -3.026 0.1526E+30 0.1892E+00 0.1137E-01 3.707 0.000 2.837 0.053 0.057 12.990 20.005 0.317 -0.026 0.1490E+30 U.1876E+UU U.3779E-02 0.005 2.754 3.537 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.15745+00 0.020 0.022 14.775 20.005 J.320 -0.018 U.1524E+0J U.1911E+0U-J.3431E-U1 0.005

0.000

3.515

0.00008+00 0.00006+00 0.17298+00

2.732

0.024

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FILE MAME: SJ9367XO • 3.035 -33.510 40.303 0.337 0.032 J.1534E+JO 0.1831E+90-0.41372-02 0.050 2.737 -3.940 3.775 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.15755+00 0.005 - 25. JOO 49.000 0.332 0.035 0.15278+00 0.18618+30 0.27708-02 0.000UE+00 0.0000E+00 U.1732E+00 0.024 2.738 9.069 3.601 0.000 U.1500E+00 0.1914E+00 0.1125E-01 U. D33 -17.775 40.000 0.327 0.033 2.777 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.17176+00 0.675 0.006 3.745 0.000 U.1517E+30 0.1831a+UU-0.1203E-U1 0.033 0.035 -1-.575 40.000 U.315 -0.011 2.740 3.172 3.613 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1631E+00 U.1525E+UU O.1876E+OU U.2473E-U1 0.005 ~13.010 49.000 0.312 0.033 0.054 3.394 0.0000E+30 0.00002+30 3.1710E+00 2.352 -0.04 ż 0.000 -11.010 0.295 0.1507E+00 0.1667E+00 0.2767E-01 0.005 40.000 0.025 2.927 -0.017 0.032 3.522 0.000 -6.970 0.271 0.030 0.1591E+00 0.1847E+00 0.1793E-01 3.035 40.000 2.901 0.019 3.648 -J.ŭ10 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1745E+00 0.000 0.005 -7.000 40.000 3.254 0.031 U.1566E+UU 0.1941E+0U-U.2372E-01 3.344 2.790 4.064 0.3000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1763E+00 -0.043 0.000 0."597E+30 U.1949E+J0-U.1343E-01 0.005 -5.935 40.000 0.237 0.029 3.037 -0.341 3.027 0.000 0.J000E+J0 0.J000E+J0 0.1742E+J0 3.760 0.1558E+03 0.1776E+30 J.6334E-02 0.335 -5.010 40.000 J.217 0.027 -0.934 3.044 3.710 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17702+00 2.500 0.15676+00 0.20466+00 0.17406-01 3.305 -4.013 40.000 0.233 0.053 -3.0.4 4.935 -3.057 3.745 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1323:+00 0.1501E+30 0.2045E+00 0.1353a-01 0.305 -3.775 40.303 0.175 3.024 J. UUY 3.122 3.024 5.073 0.000 3.335 J.139 0.15752+00 0.20872+00-0.33556-01 -2.005 40.000 0.014 0.053 3.151 0.067 3.747 0.000 3.UUCGE+00 0.0UUCE+00 U.1347E+00 0.005 -1.010 40.000 0.200 0.023 10-32C55.0 00+36205.0 0C+31761.0 3.775 .0.005 3.050 0.359 0.000 0.005 J.1545E+00 G.1956E+J0-U.5773E-02 **49.00**0 0.203 U.010 -7.050 U. 033 L.776 0.075 3.642 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.17792+00 3.975 0.1588E+JJ 0.1784E+JU U.2772E-J1 **→り.00**0 J.:12 0.018 3.005 -3.041 . . 147 0.130 4.050 0.000 J.0000E+30 O.UUUUE+33 J.1777:+33 40.000 1.233 3.035 1.993 0.011 0.16386+00 0.20236+00 0.17606-01 0.633 2.,22 0.127 3.831 0.000 J.UUU0E+30 D.UUUUE+00 U.1841E+00 U. 045 2.735 40.000 0.15866+00 0.19476+00 0.22126-01 7.250 J.012 2.753 0.000 U.030 0.007 3.555 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1775E+00 1.973 C. 035 40.000 J.25) 9.015 U.1592E+03 0.1920E+00 0.8310E-02 J.011 2.030 0.023 3.497 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1754E+00 3.005 5.010 49.00V 3.257 0.010 0.1559E+00 0.1909E+00 U.1333E-01 2.472 -0.033 -3.069 4.245 0.000 9.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1743E+00 5.u00 0.005 +0.000 0.276 0.009 J.1587E+00 D.1915E+JU-J.2503E-01 ú. Vo 5 2.738 7.052 4.106 0.000 0.435450 0.43000E+30 0.1757E+00 0.283 0.003 0.005 5.775 40.000 0.1509E+00 0.1648E+00-0.3563E-02 3.026 2.730 -0.345 3.773 0.000 0.U000E+00 0.U000E+00 0.1537E+00 0.303 0.005 7.010 40.000 -0.003 0.15148+00 0.16278+00-0.10698-02 -0.016 2.738 -0.120 3.552 0.000 J.0000E+J0 0.0000E+J0 U.1573E+D0 0.005 11.013 40.000 0.1486E+00 0.1871E+00-0.6571E-02 0.312 0.001 3.008 2.740 -0.039 3.513 0.000 40.000 3.005 12.995 0.320 0.007 0.16002+00 0.17038+30-0.26326-01 0.003 2.793 0.037 3.039 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.17582+00 40.000 0.005 15.010 0.322 0.1572E+00 0.16a0E+30-0.9J37E-02 -0.001 0.012 2.849 -0.053 4.016 9.000 0.0000E+90 0.0000E+00 0.1733E+00

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FILE NAME: SJ9393XÚ 27 3 0.005 U.1478E+03 U.1519E+00-0.9321E-02 -50.015 59.995 0.338 0.023 0.051 2.772 0.373 3.490 0.000 0.3000E+30 0.0000E+90 J.1557E+00 57.995 9.332 0.029 -23.010 0.14996+30 0.18066+00 0.14126-01 3.035 0.057 2.742 J.033 3.459 0.000 0.JUUUE+JO 0.JJUUE+JJ 0.1559E+00 -19.9+5 59.795 U.1527E+00 0.1805E+00-U.1307E-01 3.334 0.025 0.005 0.025 2.628 0.930 3.827 0.000 **9.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17158+00** -14.990 60.000 0.321 0.1508E+03 0.1826E+00 J.1755E-01 0.023 0.005 0.001 2.790 3.652 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.16746+00 0.003 -13.010 60.000 0.1535E+00 0.1814E+00 J.4701E-03 J.005 3.320 0.020 0.002 3.437 0.00006+00 0.00005+00 0.15305+00 2.760 0.026 0.000 60.000 0.029 -11.035 3.310 0.15628+00 0.19278+00 0.63626-02 0.005 3.075 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17545+00 2.953 -3.022 3.691 0.000 -3.975 0.15916+00 0.17216+00 0.56565-02 0.005 60.000 0.286 0.024 0.003 0.000 0.U000E+00 0.U000E+00 U.1754E+00 3.338 2.308 4.034 J.1540e+30 0.1746E+00 J.5133E-32 0.005 -7.010 50.000 0.257 0.016 3.704 0.000 J.JUOUE+JU D.OOJUE+JU J.1755E+JO -0.032 0.017 2.783 0.305 -5.005 60.00U 0.244 0.022 0.1526E+00 0.1931E+00-0.3313E-02 3.717 -0.002 2.330 -9.949 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1741:+00 -5.005 09.003 3.233 0.019 U.154JE+DU 0.1917E+JU J.1563E-01 0.005 J.07s 3.679 5.000 2.375 **0.0000E+0J 0.0000E+00 J.17+9E+90** - Ü. Je 4 0.020 0.1579E+00 0.1981E+00 J.1555E-01 0.005 -4.333 50.000 0.223 3.394 3.765 0.000 0.00000000 0.00000 0.0000 0.1771 6+00 0.053 2.340 0.003 -2.995 60.000 3.223 0.013 0.1561E+00 0.1932E+00 0.1513=-01 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+00 0.1756E+30 -0.005 0.031 3.593 0.000 2.758 0.005 -2.015 60.000 0.225 0.017 0.15816+00 0.19376+00-0.32316-02 3.110 0.000000+00 0.000000+00 0.17635+00 -0.019 3.415 0.000 -0.033 0.1517E+00 0.1947E+00-0.7743E-03 0.035 -1.005 50.000 3.222 0.015 -0.020 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1746E+00 0.033 3.933 0.000 2.333 U.1556E+UJ U.1975E+UO J.2853E-OZ 0.000 0.009 60.000 3.234 0.005 2.650 U.0000E+J0 0.0000E+00 0.1779E+00 0.001 3.655 0.000 -0.Ú25 0.15346+00 0.20016+00-0.22356-01 3.995 5.005 60.000 0.233 0.013 2.314 0.000000-00 0.000000-00 0.17335+00 0.045 0.134 3.935 0.000 0.011 0.003 1.993 50.000 0.243 0.17416+00 0.21556+00-0.32556-01 3.175 0.00007+00 0.00008+00 0.19575+00 -0.055 0.075 4.026 0.000 0.1591E+00 0.1985E+00 0.2172E-01 0.005 2.020 60.000 J.249 0.013 0.053 2.533 J.002 3.873 0.000 9.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 %.17+9E+00 0.1582E+30 J.1911E+30-0.2935E-31 U.005 3.000 60.000 0.262 0.007 0.000 0.0000=+00 0.0000=+00 0.1734=+00 -0.037 2.923 0.057 3.317 0.15488+00 0.19968+00-0.33568-01 J.279 0.005 4.000 60.000 0.013 0.000 U.0000E+00 G.0000E+00 0.1735E+00 J.027 2.552 J.154 4.03J 4.990 0.004 0.1553E+00 0.1939E+00 J.1045E-01 3.005 50.000 0.215 2.748 J.153 0.000 C.U000E+00 0.U000E+00 0.1757E+00 0.007 3.580 0.15452+00 0.16502+00-0.14492-01 5.935 0.27) 50.0CO 0.005 0.005 0.020 2.611 0.051 5.413 0.000 0.009 0.15436+00 0.17326+00 0.40336+02 3.775 50.000 0.005 U.305 -0.002 2.617 0.182 4.009 0.000 0.00002+00 0.0000E+00 0.1747E+00 9.010 0.010 60.000 0.1547E+00 0.1876E+00 0.5339E-02 0.005 3.311 0.000 3ذ0.0 2.343 -0.034 3.540 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.17192+00 50.000 0.005 0.325 0.1466E+00 0.1833E+0J U.999JE-02 10.770 0.011 -0.033 2.748 0.140 3.487 0.000 0.0000E+U0 0.0000E+UU U.1657E+D0 12.995 50.000 0.009 0.1543E+00 0.1859E+00-0.4035E-02 0.005 0.324 0.098 2.731 3.756 0.000 U.000UE+00 U.UUUUE+00 U.17J8E+00 0.010 0.1535E+00 C.1862E+00 0.1974E-01 0.005 50.000 0.327 0.011 14.990 3.707 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1705±300 0.313 2.771 J.J35

FILE NAME: SJ9420XU 25 0.035 -21.730 5.995 0.347 0.051 0.1503E+00 U.1943E+00-0.67075-02 0.095 3.609 0.J000E+JU U.DUUUE+JU J.1737E+DJ 0.000 0.034 2.537 0.15436+00 0.19406+00 0.29336-01 5.795 0.343 0.043 3.335 -23.010 2.357 3.739 0.000 0.00005+00 0.00006+00 0.1755=+00 -3.316 0.006 0.14626+00 0.19246+00 0.11046-01 5.945 J.005 -15.775 J.355 0.054 2.742 -0.005 0.041 4.023 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1707E+00 0.1573E+00 0.1862E+00-0.1374E-01 5.995 0.055 0.005 -14.975 0.347 0.0JUUE+30 0.0UUDE+30 0.1726E+00 0.032 2.754 -0.001 3.642 0.000 0.1572E+00 0.1863E+00 0.3471E-01 5.975 0.329 5.305 -13.005 0.054 3.791 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+30 0.1727E+33 0.013 2.920 9.101 5. 795 3.005 0.262 0.051 0.1585E+00 0.1860E+00-0.6736E-02 -13.975 0.042 3.115 0.112 3.725 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1723E+00 3.995 0.034 0.1574E+00 0.1562E+00-0.2457E-01 0.005 -5.333 3.130 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.17242+00 3.654 -0.021 2.500 0.052 0.000 0.005 0.1574E+00 0.1962E+00 0.1334E-02 -7.013 5.995 0.017 0.021 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 9.1779E+00 0.065 2.734 -0.015 3.471 0.000 J.1542E+UO U.1837E+UO-U.7151E-UZ 0.005 -0.000 5.993 -0.029 0.021 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.15755+00 0.012 3.513 0.000 3.308 2.025 -4.935 -J.045 0.029 0.1539E+00 0.1880E+00 0.1617E-01 0.005 5.795 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1719E+00 2.933 0.004 3.837 0.000 0.004 0.005 -3.995 5.995 -0.016 0.031 U.1554E+00 U.1869E+JU U.2755E-U2 3.756 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00006+00 0.17196+30 -0.004 2.354 9.068 0.15498+00 0.18328+00-0.70328-03 -3.335 0.093 0.022 0.005 5.975 9.000 0.020 3.095 -0.021 2.327 -2.033 5.975 0.333 0.1355E+00 0.1977E+JU J.33:5E-J1 0.005 0.025 0.045 0.017 3.905 3.100 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.13233+00 0.035 -1.000 5.995 J.537 0.045 J.1699E+UJ 0.2047E+JD-J.1522E-J1 4.013 0.055 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1331E+00 -0.011 2.737 0.000 0.16536+00 0.19792+00 0.44336-02 4.300 5.775 U.3₹5 9.047 0.003 3.044 0.059 0.041 +.07+ 0.000 U.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1323E+00 U. JUS 1.335 5.975 J.132 0.018 0.15006+00 0.18106+00 0.20136-01 0.000 2.754 0.000002400 0.00002400 0.15522400 -3.012 -0.033 4.123 0.15276+33 0.15596+00-3.77736-02 5.995 0.003 2.030 -0.010 0.007 0.000 0.055 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.167C=+00 c.746 3.515 0.020 3.005 2.975 5.995 -3.042 0.010 9.1473E+03 0.1826E+30 0.2147=-02 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1559E+00 3.724 0.071 2.575 0.233 -3.915 0.004 0.1481E+0J 0.1545E+J0 J.7525e-02 0.005 4.035 5.995 U.UUJUE+UU O.0000E+OU O.1573=+00 0.000 0.002 2.591 0.000 3.536 0.038 0.15442+00 0.17672+00-0.22442-01 0.005 4.935 5.975 0.000 0.0000E+90 0.0000E+90 0.1670E+99 0.046 2.773 0.040 3.217 0.000 J. Jus 5.995 -0.008 0.14978+00 0.17818+00-0.2741=-01 5.973 J.106 0.044 0.0003E+00 0.0000±+00 0.1645E+00 J.000 u.U41 2.753 3.573 5.995 -C.023 0.15056+00 0.13306+00-0.30576+01 U. JJ5 7.935 J.183 0.000 0.00000100 0.00000100 0.16751+00 -0.062 2.742 0.019 3.432 5.935 -0.025 0.15148+00 0.15248+00 0.13748-01 0.005 3.775 0.291 2.673 3.421 0.00008+00 0.00006+00 0.15758+00 0.021 0.077 0.030 0.005 11.020 5.975 0.331 -0.024 0.1526E+33 0.1952E+J0 U.72256+02 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17528+00 3.917 2.737 -0.073 0.000 3.307 12.773 J.343 0.15206+00 0.19176+00-0.17146-01 0.005 5.995 -0.025 0.000 2.796 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17306+00 -0.006 0.005 3.650 5.995 0.343 -0.022 0.1526E+JO 0.1895E+J0-J.1840E-01 0.005 15.015 3.794 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1720E+00 -0.013 2.737 -0.002 0.000

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FILE NAME: 5J.8798YJ u io 0.305 -33.310 0.048 0.1569E+00 0.2056E+00 J.5733E-03 9.995 J.327 3.962 0.00002400 0.00008+00 0.15296+00 0.000 3.332 2.730 -9.045 -24.990 9.1535E+00 0.2115E+00 0.2554E-01 0.005 2.995 0.334 9.052 0.0000E+00 9.0000E+00 0.1343E+90 -0.032 2.773 2.069 3.952 0.000 0.1571E+00 0.2008E+00-0.7270E-03 -17.570 9.775 0.333 0.058 0.005 -0.038 2.775 0.077 3.906 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1503E+00 7.1548E+00 0.2056E+00 J.1313E-01 -14.970 9.975 0.062 0.005 0.327 0.019 2.750 -0.059 3.846 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.000UE+00 0.1217E+00 7.795 0.1614E+30 0.1947E+00 0.1197E-01 0.312 0.055 -12.993 3.305 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 U.1733E+00 -0.007 2.890 -0.044 3.924 0.000 7.715 0.070 0.1583E+00 0.2014E+00-0.1341E-01 -13.775 0.265 0.0ub U.U000E+00 0.00U0E+00 J.1812E+00 2.754 -0.043 3.709 0.000 0.039 7.995 -7.005 0.154 0.057 0.1579E+00 0.2047E+00-0.3284E-02 0.355 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1825E+00 -0.013 2.322 0.149 4.155 0.000 0.1522E+00 0.1907E+00 0.2752E+01 0.015 -6.975 7.775 0.035 9.037 U.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1727E+00 0.041 2.716 -J.10s 3.664 0.000 -5.995 0.15476+03 0.19416+00-0.50416-02 0.035 7.975 -0.01s 0.032 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1755E+00 0.002 2.793 0.132 3.411 0.000 0.1546E+00 0.1961E+00-3.2305E-02 -5.010 9.995 -0.043 0.031 ひょじょう 9.0000E+00 9.000UE+00 0.1756E+00 U.315 2.731 -3.007 3.603 0.000 0.15242+00 0.19568+00-0.22252-02 9.995 -0.004 0.023 -4.005 3.305 -0.001 2.926 0.077 3.834 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.17552+00 9.945 0.15578+03 0.16676+30-3.72338-02 0.019 0.005 -3.005 0.147 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.17201+00 2.725 0.057 3.549 0.000 0.014 9.795 0.374 0.17252+00 0.20222+00 3.62506-02 -2.010 0.031 0.005 -0.000 3.113 0.225 4.251 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1330E+00 -1.335 7.995 0.045 0.1904E+33 0.2253E+30-3.1351E-01 0.555 U.Ju5 3.172 0.00002+00 0.00006+00 0.20356+00 -0.002 0.224 4.173 0.000 7.975 J.421 -3.310 0.046 0.17603400 0.20365400 0.12535-01 3.305 J.J00062+J0 0.JJ006+J0 J.17036+J0 3.205 0.133 4.293 0.000 0.003 4.995 1.010 U.1587E+JJ 9.1877E+9U-J.1335E-01 1.154 0.523 دول و 3.023 J.2706E+30 0.0000E+30 J.173+_+00 2.750 5.715 J.000 7-11-1 7.1545E+JJ J.1725E+J0 J.3525E+U2 0.3030E+00 0.000JE+00 J.1747E+00 2.000 0.005 9.995 J.00: 0.014 -3.051 2.303 0.052 3.654 0.000 3.335 2.773 0.004 0.1531E+00 0.19212+00-0.1113E+01 0.035 -j.027 2.271 9.345 5.273 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17376+00 -0.001 J.024 0.1553E+30 0.195yE+30-3.5457E-02 3.775 7.745 -9.011 **U.UJ**5 2.751 -0.091 3.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+J0 0.1755E+00 3.002 4.044 -0.024 0.039 U.15782+00 0.1741E+JJ 0.2745E-01 J.0J5 5.005 9.773 J. 063 0.040 2.592 3.559 J.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1759E+00 0.000 9.995 -0.030 0.1555E+00 0.1956E+00-J.2973E-01 3.005 5.995 0.160 2.773 0.063 3.955 0.000 0.30902+33 0.30036+30 0.17712+30 -3.375 0.16072+00 0.19256+00 0.20392-01 3.335 7.005 7.995 3.213 -0.044 -0.031 3.537 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1773E+00 3.012 0.024 0.292 0.005 ₹.013 7.995 -0.035 **0.1599£+00 0.1943£+00-0.2177**£=02 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1777E+00 -0.01s 2.835 0.133 3.839 9.975 -0.035 0.1582E+00 0.1985E+00 0.5c15E-02 0.005 10.945 0.318 -U.017 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1775E+00 -0.016 2.745 3.492 0.005 12.970 -0.026 U.1596E+D0 0.1942E+UU U.4334E-02 7.495 3.329 9.J000E+00 J.OJ00E+30 J.1777E+00 3.003 2.775 -J.03s 3.933 0.000 0.005 -0.027 0.1557E+00 0.2005E+00 0.9343E-02 14.970 7.775 3.327 0.000 0.3000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1775E+00

-0.004

2.532

0.033

3.793

FILE NAME: - SJ8324XU 4 21 2.000 -29.995 20.000 0.335 0.048 U.1565E+00 0.2016E+U0 J.1520E-U1 -0.050 2.780 -0.013 3.853 0.000 0.000 -25.000 19.995 0.335 0.055 U.1539F+UU O.2008E+UU-J.2304E-OZ 2.574 0.007 0.000 3.775 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.17476+00 -20.000 0.000 19.995 0.332 0.062 0.1840E+00 0.2502E+00 U.775UE-02 0.00002+00 0.00001+00 0.21752+00 0.010 3.031 0.278 4.833 0.000 17.975 0.065 -13.000 0.325 0.066 0.15778+00 0.19605+00 0.24906-01 0.0000E+00 0.UUUUE+00 J.1777E+00 0.059 2.729 0.140 3.722 0.000 3.300 0.005 -12.970 19.995 0.050 0.1536E+00 0.1912E+00-0.3453E-04 0.000 2.724 -0.041 3.737 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1734E+00 0.1479E+00 0.1894E+30-0.1287E-01 -11.010 19.995 0.272 0.066 G. 305 0.00006+30 0.00006+00 0.15776+00 0.051 2.736 0.053 3.452 0.000 0.005 -9.020 17.995 0.207 0.063 0.1561E+00 0.2001E+0U 0.1920E-01 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1773E+0J -0.049 2.353 J.037 3.738 0.000 9.1601E+00 0.2012E+00-J.29552-U1 U.005 -6.985 19.995 0.123 0.055 0.300 2.344 -0.003 3.444 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1313E+00 0.005 -5.995 17.795 0.082 0.045 0.15996+00 0.20978+00-0.15266-01 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.15656+00 4.179 J.012 2.547 0.125 0.000 0.070 0.1606E+00 0.2001E+03 J.3143E-02 0.005 -5.013 19.995 0.033 3.595 -0.004 2.844 -0.020 0.000 0.000000+00 0.000000+00 0.18146+00 5.995 -0.007 0.005 -4.010 0.032 0.1835E+00 0.2266E+JJ 0.1577E-01 3.130 -0.032 4.273 0.000 0.30000000 0.00000000 0.2352500 0.003 20.005 0.109 -0.003 0.15698+00 0.19112+00 0.13538-01 0.005 2.035 0.000 0.0000E<00 0.0000E+00 0.1747E+00 2.903 0.050 3.333 3.312 0.005 2.990 20.005 0.105 -0.00% 0.1546E+00 0.1679E+00 0.6373E=02 3.945 -0.007 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1720:+0J 2.695 3.074 0.000 0.005 4.000 23.005 0.144 -0.015 0.1516E+00 0.1753E+30 0.1250E-01 2.728 0.082 3.375 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.17432+00 0.005 0.005 5.010 20.005 0.170 -0.021 0.15286+00 0.19806+00-0.40165-01 0. 114 2.620 0.161 4.205 0.000 0.3000:+30 0.0000:+30 3.1753:+03 0.15736+00 0.19296+30-0.23026-01 0.035 3.790 20.005 0.226 -9.026 Ú. Ú.1 2.725 0.134 3.619 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1750c+00 0.005 5.995 23.005 J.255 -0.033 0.1533E+00 0.1946E+00-3.>201E-02 -0.001 2.715 -0.043 3.035 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17525+00 3.935 0.1515E+00 0.1933E+JJ-J.1522E-01 0.005 20.005 J.291 -0.036 0.052 -0.026 2.677 3.645 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00000+00 0.17358+00 20.005 -0.033 0.005 11.013 0.312 0.1655£+00 0.2116£+00 0.2774£+01 -3.030 2.913 0.014 3.734 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.17JUE+00 12.975 0.005 20.005 J.312 **-0.0**28 0.15846+00 0.17666+00 0.33416-02 -0.305 2.334 -0.060 3.651 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1737E+00 0.005 15.035 20.305 0.322 -0.027 J.1614E+DD 0.2012E+UD U.2612e-D1 0.000 -0.002 2.930 0.354 3.509 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.182.E+00

FILE MARE: SJ5345XO 0.16766+00 0.21376+00 0.65506-03 40.305 0.326 0.032 3.363 -21.913 0.000 2.737 0.J000E+00 0.0JU0E+00 J.1727E+00 -0.013 0.037 3.754 0.1617E+00 0.2169E+00-0.7004E-02 3.323 0.043 -25.001 40.005 J.0u5 0.000 0.00002+00 0.000002+00 0.192+5+00 3.042 2.575 J.133 4.523 0.940 D.1564E+00 0.2005E+00 0.1456E-03 3.005 -19.595 40.005 0.324 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1773E+00 0.000 3.035 c.#J2 J.072 3.801 0.039 0.15422+00 0.19532+30 0.54565-02 40.005 0.315 -15.000 3.405 0.0030E+00 0.0000E+00 J.1752E+03 0.000 0.057 J. UQF 3.579 2.332 0.055 40.005 0.15396+00 0.19-46+00 0.15558-01 0.005 -13.G19 0.301 0.00012+30 0.00002+30 0.17562+00 -0.310 i.734 9.063 3.e41 0.000 J. 341 0.10142+30 0.21212+33 0.51452-32 -11.010 49.005 0.293 0.005 0.000 0.00002400 0.00002400 0.13345400 -0.063 2.345 J.)o 3 3.933 0.039 0.16008+30 0.17948+30-0.12726-31 -7.005 -0.005 0.271 3.013 0.00001+00 0.00001+00 5.13031+00 ひしじきだ 0.000 2.921 0.045 3.207 0.15686+00 0.20226+00 0.12376-01 -7.003 0.037 49.005 0.252 0.005 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.13076+00 0.000 2.757 3.828 0.337 -0.002 0.1625E+30 0.2062E+00-3.1736E-01 3.249 0.050 3.505 -5.000 40.005 0.00002+30 0.000000+00 3.10525+00 2.637 0.000 3.357 J. 003 3.554 0.16146+30 0.20796+30-3.17296-01 0.000 9.256 0.034 -5.303 40.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.13518+00 3.563 0.000 2.502 0.053 0.042 0.16016+00 0.21346+00-0.27106-01 3.300 -4.035 +0.005 J.265 0.023 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+Ju J.1850E+JJ 0.000 0.011 2.773 0.021 3.334 3.272 0.15802+00 0.21572+00 0.39042-02 5.335 -3.033 43.440 0.627 3.545 0.000 0.00J0E+J0 0.0000E+JJ 0.1972E+J0 3.029 2.713 3.346 0.15432+30 0.20755+30-0.21145-01 40.005 3.273 3.014 3.345 -2.010 3.470 2.757 3.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.15438+00 J. 363 -0.).7 40.005 0.011 0.1560E+00 0.2081E+00 0.1432E-01 J.275 ŭ. 005 -1.000 5.000 9.013 9.990 3.331 U. U57 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.13485+00 3.525 0.17616+00 0.23166+00 0.27106-01 3.3.5 -3.910 40.303 0.272 5.113 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.20676+00 -0.32: 3.031 0.304 1.010 U-270 0.014 0.1747E+J0 0.2165E+JC 0.3531E-U1 40.000 J. J.5 3.314 2. 453 -3.343 4.173 0.000 0.0000E+33 3.0030E+33 3.19756+30 0.16351+00 0.20256+00 0.5125=+01 0.035 1.995 40.000 J.20J -0.097 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.13402+00 -3.313 و و 7 و ع ٠**١**٠. (ز 3.55: 0.**0**00 3.000 3.252 0.10578+00 0.20658+00 J.2642==01 40.000 -0.001 ひっじっこ 0.00000400 0.00004400 0.18734400 2.721 0.033 3.344 3.934 0.000 2.254 4.000 •3•0a0 -0.003 3.16855+03 0.20,7:+33 3.79775-93 U-JU5 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.13328+00 -0.327 3.353 3.041 3.779 3.900 -0.003 9.10706+00 0.2002:+00 0.31:3::-01 J.252 5.305 1.015 40.000 2.911 4.375 0.00006+30 0.03306+33 3.13446+93 0.000 -0.36 J.172 -0.006 5.000 **-3.000** 3.247 J.1605E+00 0.1970E+30 J.9712E-02 3.035 0.000 0.00008+39 0.00006+00 0.17?7=+00 -3.0.0 2.999 - 3.303 3.955 -9.094 0.15918+03 3.19236+00 0.12436-01 0.005 5.445 40.000 0.263 2.857 9.0000E+30 0.0000c+00 J.1755E+60 -0.013 -0.057 3.947 0.000 0.15716+00 0.19766+00 0.35016-02 7.030 3.065 **•0.000** 0.234 -0.031 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17:15+00 0.300 3.715 -0.004 9.021 2.752 J.015 40.000 0.002 0.15335+00 0.17446+00-0.17336-01 0.005 0.394 0.00008+00 0.00038+00 3.17535+30 0.000 0.109 3.316 2.726 3.565 J. U. 5 13.773 40.000 0.305 -0.006 0.15298+00 0.19376+00-0.29135-02 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 J.17+5=+0J 4.833 0.017 3.727 U-U46 12.773 0.335 40.000 0.313 -0.009 J.1496E+90 0.1917E+JJ 0.70/32-J2 7.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17205+00 0.000 -0.0.2 2.74) -3.024 3.34. 0.1498E+00 0.1894E+00 J.1343E-01 40.000 -0.004 J.313 3.035 1-.990 0.00001+00 0.00005+00 0.17072+00 -0.359 2.775 0.031 3.770 9.000

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FILE HAME: SJESTZXO L 25 -24.943 34.445 3.000 3.325 0.034 0.16524400 0.20776+30 5.11344-31 3.003 ..: 33 3.115 3.00036+33 0.0000E+36 3.1 576+33 4.019 0.033 58.495 -23.333 U.327 0.032 U.15716+00 J.21116+30-3...75 -02 دىن . ن74 - 3.012 3.741 0.000 **0.00**005+00 0.00006+00 0.15915+50 5.0-0 -17.335 4.4.5 30.303 J.324 0.025 0.1052E+30 0.2041E+30 0.5:345-02 2.971 3.978 ージ・シュミ 3.053 0.030 n.nze ひゃひいさ -14.775 50.000 0.319 0.1595E+00 0.1996E+00 0.7332=+02 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.000JE+JU 0.13J7E+0J J. 010 i...)? 3.02. 3.773 0.031 U.1577E+30 0.1964E+00-3.3659E-32 **.**.... -1:.335 37.775 0.317 -3.017 3.935 0.00006+00 0.00001+00 0.17315+00 -0.02, 5.339 0.000 -11.003 59.995 0.1535E+00 U.173UE+UJ-U.4340E-02 1.015 0.313 0.030 3.0.3 0.130 9.0000E+30 9.0000E+00 J.1745E+33 2.750 0.000 5.333 3.005 -+.030 39.995 0.247 0.033 0.13586+00 0.22966+00 0.22406-02 3.391 0.215 -0.0.5 4.692 0.000 0.00002+00 0.J0G0E+00 0.2047E+00 0.005 -5.930 60.000 0.299 0.036 U.1863E+UD 0.2346c+DD 0.1456E-D1 0.051 3.333 4.275 0.143 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.21145+00 59.975 0.005 -5.975 0.287 0.028 0.1798E+30 0.2200E+00 0.1913E-01 4.134 -0.031 3.223 3.097 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.20398+00 57.793 -5.010 5.005 J.231 0.020 U.1660E+30 0.2174E+3U-3.1234E-01 3.317 5.0.0 3.077 3.902 0.000 0.00002+00 0.00002+00 0.173+2+00 -3.775 57.995 0.027 0.250 0.1602e+33 3.2077e+30-3.2035e-31 じょりひろ -3.001 2.711 0.025 3.361 0.000 0.30008+00 0.30003+93 3.13553+00 0.005 -3.000 59.993 0.235 0.015 0.16036+00 0.20556+00 0.94535-02 0.017 3.343 2.876 3.557 9.000 0.00000+00 0.000000+00 0.13450+00 3.305 -2.005 27.975 3.235 0.014 0.1613E+00 0.2055e+03-0.5038=-03 2.943 -0.003 -3.351 3.041 0.000 0.30035+00 0.00000+00 4.15555+33 0.005 -1.035 57.993 0.237 9.018 0.15666+00 0.20735+00 0.57466-02 0.077 -0.507 3.403 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+30 J.15416+00 4.500 -3.313 >7.995 3.0.5 7.533 0.011 0.1571:+00 0.1970E+00 0.1237E-01 0.010 2.375 0.014 3.313 0.000 **3.0300E+30 0.0000E+00 0.1732E+00** 1.010 57.995 じょりじき 3.291 U.011 0.1542E+DD 0.1763E+DD 0.2235=-31 2.927 -0.012 -0.033 3.482 0.033 0.0003E+30 0.0000E+03 0.1754E+33 57.975 2.000 3.274 0.012 0.15556+33 0.1940E+00-0.2355E-02 0.011 2.00: 2.544 3.345 0.000 0.00008+00 0.00008+00 0.17355+00 3.305 2.773 60.030 3.294 0.15536+00 0.19916+00-0.62356-02 0.011 0.052 2.771 0.079 3.477 0.000 J.0000E+00 0.0000E+J0 J.1735E+JJ 3.005 3.173 59.995 0.297 0.15746+00 0.19276+00-0.12566-01 0.003 2.774 -0.026 0.040 3.577 0.000 0.0000E+30 0.0000E+03 0.17532+33 0.005 4.775 >7.775 0.293 0.013 0.1537E+00 0.1892E+00-0.5131E-02 -0.017 2.054 U.15a 3.463 0.000 0.00006+00 0.00006+00 0.17246+39 0.005 **:.**005 53.003 0.301 0.001 0.1488E+00 0.1900E+03 0.1535E-01 -0.015 2.731 -0.023 3.554 0.000 0.00000+00 0.00000+00 0.17105+00 5.005 7.000 57.975 0.304 0.009 0.1523E+00 0.1855E+00-3.3737=-01 2.734 -0.3.6 -9.060 3.549 0.000 0.00308+00 0.00008+00 0.16772+30 57.995 0.005 3.975 3.314 0.009 0.15298+00 0.19158+00 0.45048-02 -0.027 -0.034 3.375 2.725 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.17332+00 0.005 13.975 00.000 0.314 0.006 U.1547E+00 0.19192+00-0.15482-01 2.773 0.037 3.027 3.633 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1743E+00 0.005 13.005 37.975 0.319 0.009 0.1539E+00 0.19U1E+00 0.9725E-02 -0.014 -0.310 0.000 2.725 3.256 0.0000E+00 0.0U00E+00 U.1730E+00 0.005 14.993 59.995 0.317 0.005 0.15346+00 0.19126+00-0.25076-02 -0.016 0.052 3.524 2.656 0.000 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1733E+00

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FILE NAME		XÜ				
ბ მ₀ მა5	25 +23.970	10.600	0.343	0.052	0.1530E+00	D 48648ADA B 34841-04
		-3.071	3.791	9.000		
0.016	2.638	7.795	3.341		0.00001+00	0.00006+00 0.17013+00
0.005	-25.010			0.051	0.15361+00	0.1903E+JU 0.2233E-U1
0.002	2.532	-0.062	3.925	0.000	0.00008+00	0.00006+30 0.17272+30
0.005	-14.995	9.995	3.347	0.056	0.14746+00	0.1892=+30 0.00322=02
-0.020	2.739	0.024	3.545	0.000	0.0000€+00	0.00008+00 0.15962+00
0.005	-14.990	7.975	3.343	6.063	G.1560E+30	0.1665E+00 0.4395E-33
0.013	2.923	0.070	3.615	0.000	0.00076+00	0.0000E+00 0.17173+03
6.003	-13.005	7.795	0.331	0.058	0.1510E+00	0.18232+00-0.47352-02
0.000	2.523	-0.041	3.466	0.000	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00 0.1574£+00
0.005	-11.005	7.975	0.277	0.057	9.1512E+U9	0.18476+00-0.12358-01
0.045	2.759	-0.001	3.509	0.003	0.00008+00	0.00000+00 0.14332+00
0.005	-3.000	9.995	0.173	0.060	9.14756+09	U.1367E+JO U.2374E-UZ
-0-034	2.356	0.849	3.931	0.000	0.0000E+00	0.0000100 0.1974100
0.035	-5.975	9,975	0.042	0.036	0.15236+00	J.1666E+33-U.3757E-02
0.055	2.935	-0.017	3.954	0.000	0.00006+00	0.0000£+00 J.1713£+00
0.005	-6.005	7.995	-0.020	0.033	0.1571E+33	0.16636+00-0.00436-03
0.065	2.953	-0.004	3.742	0.000	0.00002+30	0.0006+00 0.17232+00
3.345	-3.010	7.975	-3.055	0.025	J.1547E+0J	
0.003	2.930	2.316	3.522	0.000	0.00002+33	0.00008+00 0.15714+00
0.005	-4.005	9. 445	-0.023	0.026	0.14398+00	0.18408+00-0.18752-02
-0.043	2.335	-0.025	3.395	0.000	0.00005+00	0.00002+01 0.15742+10
0.005	-3.000	9.995	0.139	0.015	0.15276+00	3.18352+30 3.50432-32
Ç. 352	2.332	0.004	3.869	0.000	0.00006+00	0.00002+00 0.15376+00
0.115	-2.035	9.775	0.443	0.031	U.1624E+U0	0.20456+30-0.23126-31
-0.009	2.334	0.200	3.979	0.000	0.00002+00	2.00004+03 3.13452+09
0.035	-1.9+5	9.595	0.093	0.035	0.16902+03	0.20376+00-0.17536-01
-2.033	2.922	J. 135	3.584	0.000	0.00002+30	J.0000E+00 U.1:??E+03
0.005	-3.333	9.775	0.547	0.042	U.1669E+00	0.20.58+00 3.55956-33
-0.041	3.072	0.057	3.675	0.600	0.00002+00	0.00001+00 0.13571+00
0.015	3.970	3.995	0.210	0.022	0.14776+00	0.10052+03 3.71336-02
-0-004	2.710	0.044	3.791	0.000	J.J000E+JJ	0.00008+30 0.15518+00
0.005	2.935	9.995	0.001	2.010	0.15522+00	
-0.014	2.964	2.102	3.562	0.000	0.0000:+00	0.00006+00 0.15732+00
0.005	3.010	9.995	-3.035	-0.001	U. 15462+00	U.1797E+JU J.3047e-02
-0.011 3.005	2.711	0.011	3.500	0.000	0.0000E+00	
	3.995	¥. ¥¥5	0.016	-0.014	0.15232+00	0.16372+30-0.56305-02
-0.005 9.005	2.316 4.735	3.022	3.492	0.000	0.00002+00	0.00062+00 J.15372+00
0.035	2.974	9.995	0.037	-0.049	0.1556E+30	0.1860E+UU U.2133E-U1
2.015	2.7/4	9.915 9.995	4.173	0.000	0.0000E+00	
-0.017			0.161	-0.037		0.16302+30-3.4375E-02
	2.543	j.346	3.540	0.000		0.000000+30 3.15741+30
0.305 3.052	7.035 2.774	9.995	0.223	-0.047	0.15245+00	
		3.311	3.722	0.000	0.00006+00	
0.005	9.015	9.995	0.302	-0.041	0.15135+00	0.1e33e+30 0.4514E-02
-0.007	2.733	0.051	3.474	0.000	0.0000E+00	0.00006+00 0.10313+00
0.005 0.103	11.010	9.995	0.328	-0.044	0.15164+30	
	2.307	0.072	3.819	0.000	0.00002+30	
0.005	13.005	7.795	0.342	-0.036	9.1509E+00	U.1344E+JU U.6653E-02
0.035	2.310	0.025	3.879	0.000	0.30001+00	
0.035	14.995).995	0.337	-0.030		6-1517e+00 U.1515E-01
0.001	2.757	0.004	3.555	0.000	0.00006+00	0.0000E+00 0.1533E+00

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VITA

Captain Christopher A. Boedicker was born on 28 September 1961 in Saint Louis, Missouri. He graduated from DeSmet Jesuit High School in Saint Louis in 1979 and attended the United States Air Force Academy, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Science in Aeronautical Engineering in June 1983. Upon graduation, he also received a commission in the USAF. He worked as an Airframe Propulsion Integration Engineer in the Aeronautical Systems Division's Flight Dynamics Laboratory from July 1983 until May 1986. He entered the School of Engineering, Air Force Institute of Technology, in May 1986.

Permanent Address: 11053 Quebec Court
Saint Ann, Missouri 63074

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Box 19:

A particular in eraction of bluff body and jet flows was studied using a two-dimensional slot jet (aspect ratio = 50) surrounded by a two dimensional bluff body. The co flowing system used air in the annulus and nitrogen in the jet. Flow visualization identified flow patterns containing large vortex structures. With a fixed annulus velocity, drastic changes in thd flow's structure were observed as jet velocities changed. Laser Doppler Anenometry measurements of instantaneous velocities were examined to characterize the flowfield details, and high speed movies provided qualitative insight into flow dynamics. The concept of jet and annulus "fields" is introduced. The "jet field" is the region above the bluff body that extends six or seven slot widths downstream, and the "annulus field" is the region above the jet field. The annulus flow dictates the flowfield dynamics in the annulus field up to jet-to-annulus velocity ratios of 1.45. The jet is responsible for the formation of the large-scale structures and dominates the flow in the jet field. Jet domination of the entire flowfield is seen at velocity ratios of 1.45 and above. Mie scartering was used to determine shedding frequencies of the large structures; Strouhal number based on jet velocity and slot width was a constant 0.098. (The 54.3)